# Environmental Impact Assessment for Wan Chai Development Phase II and Central-Wan Chai Bypass

# **Updated Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual**

For

Central-Wan Chai Bypass including its Road Tunnel and Slip Roads

under Environmental Permit No. EP-364/2009/A

(December 2010)

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		Name	Signature
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# 1 INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Purpose of the Manual

- 1.1.1 The purpose of this Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Manual is to guide the set up of an EM&A programme to ensure compliance with the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) study recommendations, to assess the effectiveness of the recommended mitigation measures and to identify any further need for additional mitigation measures or remedial action. This Manual outlines the monitoring and audit programme for the construction and operation of the works under the proposed Central-Wan Chai Bypass (CWB) including its road tunnel and slip roads. It aims to provide systematic procedures for monitoring, auditing and minimising environmental impacts associated with construction works and operational activities.
- 1.1.2 Hong Kong environmental regulations and the Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines have served as environmental standards and guidelines in the preparation of this Manual. In addition, the EM&A Manual has been prepared in accordance with the requirements stipulated in Annex 21 of the Technical Memorandum on the EIA Process (EIAO-TM).
- 1.1.3 This Manual contains the following information:
  - responsibilities of the Contractor, the Engineer or Engineer's Representative (ER), Environmental Team (ET), and the Independent Environmental Checker (IEC) with respect to the environmental monitoring and audit requirements during the course of the project;
  - project organisation for the project;
  - the basis for, and description of the broad approach underlying the EM&A programme;
  - requirements with respect to the construction programme schedule and the necessary environmental monitoring and audit programme to track the varying environmental impact;
  - details of the methodologies to be adopted, including all field laboratories and analytical procedures, and details on quality assurance and quality control programme;
  - the rationale on which the environmental monitoring data will be evaluated and interpreted;
  - definition of Action and Limit levels;
  - establishment of Event and Action plans;
  - requirements for reviewing pollution sources and working procedures required in the event of non-compliance with the environmental criteria and complaints;
  - requirements for presentation of environmental monitoring and audit data and appropriate reporting procedures; and
  - requirements for review of EIA predictions and the effectiveness of the mitigation measures / environmental management systems and the EM&A programme.
- 1.1.4 For the purpose of this manual, the ET leader, who shall be responsible for and in charge of the ET, shall refer to the person delegated the role of executing the EM&A requirements.

# 1.2 **Project Description**

- 1.2.1 The Project "Central-Wan Chai Bypass" (CWB) involves the construction of a trunk road, mostly in tunnel, that connects the existing Rumsey Street Flyover in Central to the existing Island Eastern Corridor to the east of the existing Causeway Bay Typhoon Shelter (CBTS), to form an east-west strategic vehicular route along the north shore of Hong Kong Island as shown in **Figure 1.1**.
- 1.2.2 The scope of the Project comprises:
  - (i) a dual three-lane trunk road, approximately 4.5 km in length, with tunnel approximately 3.7 km in length defined from the connection with the existing Rumsey Street Flyover in

Central, through to a connection with the existing Island Eastern Corridor to the east of the existing Causeway Bay Typhoon Shelter;

- (ii) the Central Interchange near the Rumsey Street Flyover to provide road connections, to the Central Area;
- (iii) tunnel control buildings and ventilation buildings,
- (iv) slip roads to connect the CWB to the local road system in the Wan Chai North and Causeway Bay area;
- (v) associated road lighting, road signing, traffic control and surveillance system; and
- (vi) other associated works.
- 1.2.3 This EM&A Manual covers the monitoring and audit programme requirements for the construction of the CWB under the Environmental Permit (EP) No. EP-364/2009/A, issued on 4 August 2010.
- 1.2.4 This EM&A Manual does not cover the tunnel structure works of the CWB within the Central Reclamation Phase III (CRIII) area in the Central waterfront area. The tunnel structure works of the CWB within the CRIII area are separately covered by the EP No. EP-122/2002 and the further environmental permit No. FEP-01/122/2003, and their subsequently amended versions.
- 1.2.5 This EM&A Manual does not cover the permanent and temporary reclamation and associated dredging works related to the CWB construction either. These works are separately covered by the EP No. EP-356/2009.
- 1.2.6 This EM&A Manual also does not cover the Road P2 and other roads which are classified as primary / district distributor roads in Wan Chai waterfront near Hong Kong Convention and Exhibition Centre (referred to as "DP2" in the WDII&CWB EIA Report (Register No. AEIAR-125/2008)). These works are separately covered by EP No. EP-376/2009.
- 1.2.7 The following approved EIA Reports covered the works under EP No. EP-364/2009/A :
  - Central-Wan Chai Bypass and Island Eastern Corridor Link Environmental Impact Assessment Report (July 2001) (Register No. AEIAR-041/2001) (the CWB&IECL EIA Report); and
  - Wan Chai Development Phase II and Central-Wan Chai Bypass Environmental Impact Assessment Report (December 2007) (Register No. AEIAR-125/2008) (the WDII & CWB EIA Report).

### 1.3 Environmental Monitoring and Audit Requirements

1.3.1 The following sub-sections summarise the EM&A requirements recommended in the EIA Reports for the Project.

### Air Quality Impact

### **Construction Phase**

1.3.2 The construction work will inevitably lead to dust (Total Suspended Particulates, TSP) emissions, mainly from excavation, truck haulage and material handling. It is predicted that the dust generated will exceed the hourly and daily criteria of 500 μg m<sup>-3</sup> and 260 μg m<sup>-3</sup>, respectively, at ASRs from Wan Chai to Causeway Bay.

1.3.3 Mitigation measures, including vehicle speed limit and a watering programme within the site, have been proposed and presented in the EIA Reports. With implementation of the proposed dust suppression measures, good site practices and comprehensive dust monitoring and audit, the TSP levels at all ASRs will comply with the dust criteria. Dust monitoring requirements are recommended in Section 2 of this EM&A Manual to ensure the efficacy of the control measures.

# **Operational Phase**

1.3.4 As presented in Volume 1, Section 3.7 of the WDII & CWB EIA Report, the predicted air quality due to traffic emission in the study area complies with the AQO. No mitigation measures or environmental monitoring are considered necessary during the operational phase of the Project. Regarding the odour issue, this Project will not create any new odour source during operational phase.

# Noise Impact

# **Construction Phase**

- 1.3.5 Construction noise impacts from this Project, in addition to the concurrent construction tasks of other projects such as CRIII, are predicted at the NSRs identified in the EIA. Appropriate mitigation measures, including movable noise barriers and reducing the percentage of on-time operation of the powered mechanical equipment, are required in order to alleviate the impacts to meet the EIAO-TM criteria. Noise monitoring during construction phase will have to be carried out to ensure that such mitigation measures have been implemented properly. Details are provided in Section 3 of this EM&A Manual.
- 1.3.6 A real-time on-site monitoring system of the noise level around the works sites at North Point and Tin Hau areas shall be carried out during the construction phase. The methodology is also presented in Section 3 of this EM&A Manual.

# **Operational Phase**

- 1.3.7 Traffic noise monitoring shall be carried out at all designated traffic noise monitoring stations during the operation phase. The details are provided in Section 3.6 and 3.7 of this EM&A Manual.
- 1.3.8 Noise monitoring shall be carried out during the testing and commissioning stages of ventilation buildings to verify the maximum sound power levels as assumed in the noise assessments contained in the CWB&IECL EIA Report and the WDII&CWB EIA Report. The details are provided in Section 3.8 of this EM&A Manual.

### Water Quality Impact

# **Construction Phase**

- 1.3.9 The potential water quality impacts arising from the proposed construction works for the CWB have been assessed and are presented in the EIA Reports. As the water quality impacts arising from the reclamation for the construction of the CWB have been covered under the Environmental Permit No. EP-356/2009, the primary concern with regard to water quality for the construction of the CWB will be the control of runoff during construction. The EIA concluded that the identified water quality impacts could be controlled and reduced to within acceptable levels through effective mitigation. Monitoring of marine water quality during the construction phase is therefore not considered necessary.
- 1.3.10 Environmental audit specifications should be developed for all phases of the works, including procedures to ensure compliance with mitigation measures, environmental quality performance limits, and procedures for reviewing results and auditing compliance with specified performance limits.

# **Operational Phase**

- 1.3.11 A surface water drainage system shall be provided to collect road runoff. The following operation stage mitigation measures are recommended to ensure road runoff would comply with the Technical Memorandum, Standards for Effluents Discharged into Drainage and Sewerage Systems, Inland and Coastal Waters under the Water Pollution Control Ordinance (WPCO):
  - The drainage from tunnel sections should be directed through petrol interceptors to remove oil and grease before being discharged to the nearby foul water manholes.
  - Petrol interceptors should be regularly cleaned and maintained in good working condition.
  - Road drainage should be provided with adequately designed silt trap so as to minimise discharge of silt runoff.
  - Oily contents of the petrol interceptors should be collected and transferred to an appropriate disposal facility.
- 1.3.12 Sewage arising from ancillary facilities of CWB (for example, car park, control room, ventilation and administration buildings and tunnel portals) shall be connected to public sewerage system. Sufficient capacity in public sewerage shall be made available to the proposed facilities to avoid overflow.
- 1.3.13 The design of the operational stage mitigation measures should take into account the guidelines published in ProPECC PN 5/93 "Drainage Plans Subject to Comment by the EPD." All discharges into drainage or sewerage systems during the operation phase shall be licensed by the EPD under the WPCO.

# Waste Management

- 1.3.14 Waste management will be the contractor's responsibility to ensure that all wastes produced during the construction of the Project are handled, stored and disposed of in accordance with EPD's good waste management practices, and regulations and requirements. The mitigation measures recommended include special procedures in handling contaminated sediment during disposal and transportation, good site management and reuse and recycling of construction and demolition material, should form the basis of the site Waste Management Plan to be developed by the Contractor at the construction stage. These measures include special handling procedures in dredged marine sediment transportation and disposal, good site practices and waste reduction measures, reuse and recycling of construction and demolition materials.
- 1.3.15 It is recommended that the waste arisings generated during the construction activities should be audited periodically to determine if wastes are being managed in accordance with approved procedures and the site Waste Management Plan. The audits should look at all aspects of waste management including waste generation, storage, recycling, transport and disposal. An appropriate audit programme would be to undertake a first audit near the commencement of the construction works, and then to audit quarterly thereafter. Details are presented in Section 5 of this EM&A Manual.

# Land Contamination

# **Construction Phase**

1.3.16 As there will be no adverse land contamination impact arising from the construction of the CWB, construction phase land contamination monitoring and audit is considered not necessary and will not be covered in this EM&A Maunal.

# **Operational Phase**

1.3.17 As adverse land contamination impact is not anticipated from the operation of the Project, operational land contamination monitoring and audit is considered not necessary and will not be covered in this EM&A Manual.

# Marine Ecology

1.3.18 The construction and operation of the CWB will not give rise to impacts to marine ecology. Hence monitoring and audit for marine ecology is considered not necessary and will not be covered in this EM&A Manual.

# Landscape and Visual Impact

# **Construction Phase**

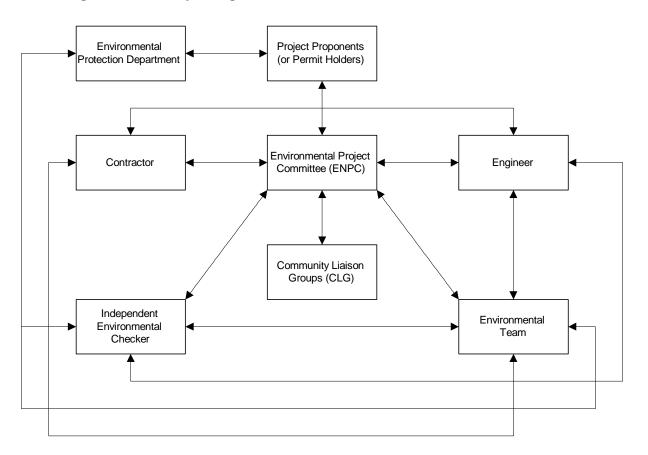
- 1.3.19 Construction activities would give rise to landscape and visual impacts varying from slight to substantial significance.
- 1.3.20 The landscape and visual mitigation measures for the construction phase are described in Volume 1, Section 10 of the WDII & CWB EIA Report. The measures are on-site management measures to be undertaken by the contractor. Monitoring of the contractor to ensure that the measures are carried out properly should be undertaken by resident site staff.

# **Operational Phase**

- 1.3.21 The operation of the CWB would give rise to landscape and visual impacts of varying from moderate negative to moderate beneficial. Overall, it is considered that the residual landscape and visual impacts of the proposed CWB are considered **acceptable with mitigation measures** during operation up to 10 years and **beneficial with mitigation** in the long run after 20 to 30 years.
- 1.3.22 The proposed landscape and visual mitigation measures are described in Volume 1, Section 10 of the EIA Report. The measures are design measures to be incorporated in the detailed planning and design of the reclamation, infrastructure and open space works.

# 1.4 Project Organisation

1.4.1 The construction of the Project will involve several construction Contracts and hence multiple contractors may be employed at the work site. In view of this, an ET should be employed (or an Environmental Project Office (ENPO) be established) by the Project Proponent to maintain impartially. The proposed project organisation and lines of communication with respect to environmental protection works are shown in Figure 1.2.



# Figure 1.2 Project Organisation

# The Contractor

- 1.4.2 The Contractor shall report to the Engineer. The duties and responsibilities of the Contractor are:
  - provide assistance to ET in carrying out monitoring;
  - submit proposals on mitigation measures in case of exceedances of Action and Limit levels in accordance with the Event and Action Plans;
  - implement measures to reduce impact where Action and Limit levels are exceeded; and
  - adhere to the procedures for carrying out complaint investigation in accordance with Section 9.3 of this EM&A Manual.

#### **Environmental Team**

- 1.4.3 The ET Leader and the ET shall be employed to conduct the EM&A programme and ensure the Contractor's compliance with the project's environmental performance requirements during construction. The ET Leader shall be an independent party from the Contractor and have relevant professional qualifications, or have sufficient relevant EM&A experience subject to approval of the Environmental Protection Department (EPD). The ET shall be led and managed by the ET leader. The ET leader shall possess at least 7 years experience in EM&A. The ET team shall include a landscape auditor to audit the mitigation measures implemented by the Contractor on a regular basis to ensure compliance with the intended aims of the measures. The duties and responsibilities of the ET are:
  - monitor various environmental parameters as required in the EM&A Manual;
  - analyse the environmental monitoring and audit data and review the success of EM&A
    programme to cost-effectively confirm the adequacy of mitigation measures implemented
    and the validity of the EIA predictions and to identify any adverse environmental impacts
    arising;
  - carry out site inspection to investigate and audit the Contractors' site practice, equipment and work methodologies with respect to pollution control and environmental mitigation, and effect proactive action to pre-empt problems;
  - audit and prepare audit reports on the environmental monitoring data and site environmental conditions;
  - report on the environmental monitoring and audit results to the IEC, Contractor, the ER and EPD or its delegated representative;
  - recommend suitable mitigation measures to the Contractor in the case of exceedance of Action and Limit levels in accordance with the Event and Action Plans; and
  - adhere to the procedures for carrying out complaint investigation in accordance with Section 9.3 of this EM&A Maunal.

#### Engineer or Engineer's Representative

- 1.4.4 The Engineer is responsible for overseeing the construction works and for ensuring that the works undertaken by the Contractor in accordance with the specification and contractual requirements. The duties and responsibilities of the Engineer with respect to EM&A may include:
  - supervise the Contractor's activities and ensure that the requirements in the EM&A Manual are fully complied with;
  - inform the Contractor when action is required to reduce impacts in accordance with the Event and Action Plans; and
  - adhere to the procedures for carrying out complaint investigation in accordance with Section 9.3 of this EM&A Manual.

### Independent Environmental Checker (IEC)

- 1.4.5 The IEC shall advise the Engineer's Representative on environmental issues related to the project. The IEC shall possess at least 7 years experience in EM&A. The duties and responsibilities of the IEC are:
  - review the EM&A works performed by the ET (at not less than monthly intervals);
  - audit the monitoring activities and results (at not less than monthly intervals);
  - report the audit results to the ER and EPD in parallel;

•

- review the EM&A reports (monthly and quarterly summary reports) submitted by the ET;
- review the proposal on mitigation measures submitted by the Contractor in accordance with the Event and Action Plans; and
- adhere to the procedures for carrying out complaint investigation in accordance with Section 9.3 of this EM&A Manual.
- 1.4.6 Sufficient and suitably qualified professional and technical staff shall be employed by the respective parties to ensure full compliance with their duties and responsibilities, as required under the EM&A programme for the duration of the Project.

# Environmental Project Committee (ENPC)

- 1.4.7 To oversee and facilitate effective control of the cumulative environmental impacts arising from potential multiple contracts for the construction of the entire Wan Chai Development Phase II (WDII) and Central-Wan Chai Bypass (CWB) (hereafter referred to as the whole Project), the Permit Holder shall set up an Environmental Project Committee (ENPC) before the commencement of construction of the earliest components of the whole Project. Regular members of the ENPC will include:
  - (a) the ET Leader;
  - (b) the IEC; and
  - (c) the permit holders of any environmental permit(s) and further environmental permit(s) for the whole Project.

The Community Liaison Group formed shall also work under the ENPC set-up to facilitate any necessary liaison works to address potential cumulative environmental impact issues arising from the whole Project. The ENPC shall make recommendation and update on how to enhance the monitoring and audit of the environmental performance of the whole Project on top of requirements as set out in Conditions 3.1 to 4.3 of the Environmental Permit No. EP-364/2009/A or corresponding requirements set out under subsequent Environmental Permits issued for the whole Project.

In order to enhance the monitoring and audit environmental performance of the project, ENPC will be required to set up regular meeting on monthly basis in association with environmental site inspection for the entire Wan Chai Development Phase II (WDII) and Central-Wan Chai Bypass (CWB) to undertake the latest cumulative environmental impacts. The frequency of the meeting will be reviewed subject to the environmental performance of the whole Project and ad-hoc meeting will be required if necessary.

The proposed terms of reference and details for the ENPC is presented in Appendix E.

# Community Liaison Group (CLG)

Community Liaison Group will comprise representatives from the relevant concerned and affected parties, including owners' corporation, management offices, local committee and schools of affected areas, including the North Point and Tin Hau areas, to facilitate communication, enquires and complaint handling on all environmental issues, including the follow up on the implementation of remedial mitigation measures. Regular meeting on monthly basis will be setup for the Community Liaison Group to update the latest cumulative environmental impacts due to the project. The frequency of the meeting will be reviewed subject to the environmental performance of the whole Project and ad-hoc meeting will be required if necessary.

1.4.8 The Permit Holder shall set up the CLG before the commencement of construction of the relevant component(s) of the WDII and CWB Project. The Permit Holder shall notify the Director the actual date of setting up the CLG, the membership, the terms of reference and the contact details. A designated complaint hotline shall also be set up for the Project to address such

concerns and complaints in an efficient manner. The detailed arrangements of the CLG shall be reported to the ENPC and its activities be reflected as update under Condition 2.5(a) of the Environmental Permit No. EP-364/2009/A.

The proposed terms of reference and details for the CLG is presented in Appendix E.

# 1.5 Latest Project Information

1.5.1 The CWB construction works covered by EP-364/2009/A have commenced in early 2010. The latest construction works programme covered by EP-364/2009/A is included in **Appendix G**. Updated works programmes of individual works contracts will be provided once available.

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# 2 AIR QUALITY

### 2.1 Introduction

- 2.1.1 In this section, the requirements, methodology, equipment, monitoring locations, criteria and protocols for the monitoring and audit of air quality impacts during the construction phase of the CWB are presented. As construction dust is the prime concern, levels of Total Suspended Particulates (TSP) shall be monitored to evaluate the dust impact during the construction phase.
- 2.1.2 There will be no exceedance of AQOs at the sensitive receivers and hence air quality monitoring is considered not necessary during the operation phase of the Project. Nevertheless, the operator for the proposed CWB Tunnel, HyD, will conduct air quality monitoring for the operation performance of the EVB ventilation shaft. Details of the air quality monitoring should be formulated in the detailed design stage subject to agreement between EPD and HyD.

# 2.2 Air Quality Parameters

### **Construction Phase**

- 2.2.1 Monitoring of the TSP levels shall be carried out by the ET to ensure that deteriorating air quality could be readily detected and timely action taken to rectify the situation.
- 2.2.2 One-hour and 24-hour TSP levels should be measured to indicate the impacts of construction dust on air quality. The 24-hour TSP levels shall be measured by following the standard high volume sampling method as set out in the Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Chapter 1 (Part 50), Appendix B. Upon approval of the ER, 1-hour TSP levels can be measured by direct reading methods which are capable of producing comparable results as that measured by the high volume sampling method, to indicate short event impacts.
- 2.2.3 All relevant data including temperature, pressure, weather conditions, elapsed-time meter reading for the start and stop of the sampler, identification and weight of the filter paper, and any other local atmospheric factors affecting or affected by site conditions etc. shall be recorded down in detail. A sample data sheet is shown in **Appendix B1**.

# **Operation Phase**

2.2.4 During the operation phase, the operator for the proposed CWB tunnel, HyD, will conduct air quality monitoring of NO<sub>2</sub> and RSP concentrations in a regular interval to indicate the operation performance of the EVB ventilation shaft. The methodology, equipment, monitoring locations, and criteria for the monitoring should be formulated in the detailed design stage subject to the agreement between EPD and HyD.

# 2.3 Monitoring Equipment

- 2.3.1 High volume samplers (HVSs) in compliance with the following specifications shall be used for carrying out the 1-hour and 24-hour TSP monitoring:
  - a) 0.6 1.7 m<sup>3</sup> per minute adjustable flow range;
  - b) equipped with a timing / control device with +/- 5 minutes accuracy for 24 hours operation;
  - c) installed with elapsed-time meter with +/- 2 minutes accuracy for 24 hours operation;
  - d) capable of providing a minimum exposed area of 406 cm<sup>2</sup>;
  - e) flow control accuracy: +/- 2.5% deviation over 24-hour sampling period;
  - f) equipped with a shelter to protect the filter and sampler;
  - g) incorporated with an electronic mass flow rate controller or other equivalent devices;
  - h) equipped with a flow recorder for continuous monitoring;
  - i) provided with a peaked roof inlet;
  - j) incorporated with a manometer;

- k) able to hold and seal the filter paper to the sampler housing at horizontal position;
- I) easily changable the filter; and
- m) capable of operating continuously for 24-hour period.
- 2.3.2 The ET is responsible for provision of the monitoring equipment. They shall ensure that sufficient number of HVS's with appropriate calibration kit are available for carrying out the baseline monitoring, regular impact monitoring and ad hoc monitoring. The HVSs shall be equipped with an electronic mass flow controller and be calibrated against a traceable standard at regular intervals. All the equipment, calibration kit, filter papers, etc. shall be clearly labelled.
- 2.3.3 Initial calibration of dust monitoring equipment shall be conducted upon installation and thereafter at bi-monthly intervals. The transfer standard shall be traceable to the internationally recognised primary standard and be calibrated annually. The concerned parties such as ER shall properly document the calibration data for future reference. All the data should be converted into standard temperature and pressure condition.
- 2.3.4 The flow-rate of the sampler before and after the sampling exercise with the filter in position shall be verified to be constant and be recorded in the data sheet as mentioned in **Appendix B1**.
- 2.3.5 If the ET proposes to use a direct reading dust meter to measure 1-hour TSP levels, he shall submit sufficient information to the ER to prove that the instrument is capable of achieving a comparable result to the HVS. The instrument should also be calibrated regularly, and the 1-hour sampling shall be determined periodically by the HVS to check the validity and accuracy of the results measured by direct reading method.
- 2.3.6 Wind data monitoring equipment shall also be provided and set up for logging wind speed and wind direction near the dust monitoring locations. The equipment installation location shall be proposed by the ET and agreed with the ER. For installation and operation of wind data monitoring equipment, the following points shall be observed:
  - a) The wind sensors should be installed 10 m above ground so that they are clear of obstructions or turbulence caused by buildings.
  - b) The wind data should be captured by a data logger. The data shall be downloaded for analysis at least once a month.
  - c) The wind data monitoring equipment shall be re-calibrated at least once every six months.
  - d) Wind direction should be divided into 16 sectors of 22.5 degrees each.
- 2.3.7 In exceptional situations, the ET may propose alternative methods to obtain representative wind data upon approval from the ER and agreement from the EPD.

# 2.4 Laboratory Measurement / Analysis

- 2.4.1 A clean laboratory with constant temperature and humidity control, and equipped with necessary measuring and conditioning instruments to handle the dust samples collected, shall be available for sample analysis, and equipment calibration and maintenance. The laboratory should be HOKLAS accredited.
- 2.4.2 If a site laboratory is set up or a non-HOKLAS accredited laboratory is hired for carrying out the laboratory analysis, the laboratory equipment shall be approved by the ER and the measurement procedures shall be witnessed by the ER. Any measurement performed by the laboratory shall be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the IE(C) who shall regularly audit to the measurement performed by the laboratory to ensure the accuracy of measurement results. The ET Leader shall provide the ER with one copy of the Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Chapter 1 (Part 50), Appendix B for his reference.
- 2.4.3 Filter paper of size 8" x 10" shall be labelled before sampling. It shall be a clean filter paper with no pinholes, and shall be conditioned in a humidity-controlled chamber for over 24-hours and be pre-weighed before use for sampling.

- 2.4.4 After sampling, the filter paper loaded with dust shall be kept in a clean and tightly sealed plastic bag. The filter paper shall then be returned to the laboratory for reconditioning in the humidity-controlled chamber followed by accurate weighing by an electronic balance with readout down to 0.1 mg. The balance shall be regularly calibrated against a traceable standard.
- 2.4.5 All the collected samples shall be kept in a good condition for 6 months before disposal.

# 2.5 Monitoring Locations

2.5.1 Based on the findings of the EIA report, 6 representative locations which would be the worst affected locations in different area are designated for construction dust monitoring. As per the consent obtained from appropriate sensitive receiver for provision of location for monitoring, the latest status revealed a total of 7 dust monitoring stations for construction phase will be required and are presented in **Table 2.1** and shown in **Figure 2.2** proposed after seeking approval from ER and agreement from the IEC. The status and locations of dust sensitive receivers may change after issuing this manual. If such cases exist, the ET Leader shall propose updated monitoring locations and seek approval from ER and agreement from the IEC on the proposal.

Identification No.	Monitoring Location	Level (in terms
		of no. of floor)
MA1e	Central – International Finance Centre Mall (Eastern End of Podium)	3/F
MA1w	Central – International Finance Centre Mall (Western End of Podium)	3/F
CMA1b	North Point – Oil Street Community Liaison Centre	G/F
CMA2a	Causeway Bay – Causeway Bay Community Centre	4/F (lower roof-top)
СМАЗа	Causeway Bay – CWB site Office at Wanchai Waterfront Promenade	3/F
CMA4a	Wanchai – Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals	6/F (roof-top)
CMA5a	Wanchai – Children Playgrounds opposite to Pedestrian Plaza	G/F

#### Table 2.1 Locations of Dust Monitoring Locations

- 2.5.2 When alternative monitoring locations are proposed, the monitoring should, as far as practicable:
  - a) be at the site boundary or such locations close to the major dust emission source;
  - b) be close to the sensitive receptors; and
  - c) take into account the prevailing meteorological conditions.
- 2.5.3 The ET shall agree with the ER on the position of the HVS for the installation of the monitoring equipment. When positioning the samplers, the following points shall be noted:
  - a) a horizontal platform with appropriate support to secure the samplers against gusty wind should be provided;
  - b) no two samplers should be placed less than 2 meters apart;
  - c) the distance between the sampler and an obstacle, such as buildings, must be at least twice the height that the obstacle protrudes above the sampler;
  - d) a minimum of 2 meters of separation from walls, parapets and penthouses is required for rooftop samplers;
  - e) a minimum of 2 meters separation from any supporting structure, measured horizontally is required;
  - f) no furnace or incinerator flue is nearby;
  - g) airflow around the sampler is unrestricted;
  - h) the sampler is more than 20 meters from the dripline;

- i) any wire fence and gate, to protect the sampler, should not cause any obstruction during monitoring;
- j) permission must be obtained to set up the samplers and to obtain access to the monitoring stations; and
- k) a secured supply of electricity is needed to operate the samplers.

Commencement of Dust Monitoring Programme in Stages

- 2.5.4 As per the condition 2.5(c) under EP-364/2009/A, environmental monitoring and the execution of Event & Action Plan (EAP) are considered based on taken into account of the latest works schedules, division of responsibilities among different contracts in the Project, and latest project information. Division of work areas under different contracts will be managed under separate FEPs applied by individual contractors.
- 2.5.5 In terms of division of work areas, the proposed division of dust monitoring stations and its commencement in stages are summarized in **Table 2.2**.

 Table 2.2
 Division of Dust Monitoring Stations for contracts with construction work commenced/to be commenced in 2010

Contract No.	Associated DP(s)	Relevant Dust Monitoring Stations <sup>1</sup>	Commencement of monitoring w.r.t construction commencement
04/HY/2006 (bus terminus), HY/2009/18	DP1	MA1e, MA1w	Sep 2010
HY/2009/17 (piling work)	DP1	CMA2a	Oct 2010
HY/2009/19	DP1	CMA1b, CMA2a	DP1 construction work <sup>1</sup>
HY/2009/15	DP1	СМАЗа	DP1 construction work on reclaimed land area <sup>1</sup>
HK/2009/02	DP1	CMA4a	DP1 construction work on reclaimed land area <sup>1</sup>
HK/2009/01	DP1	CMA5a	DP1 construction work on reclaimed land area1

Note 1: Subject to actual commencement date to be confirmed.

# 2.6 Baseline Monitoring

### **Construction Phase**

- 2.6.1 Baseline monitoring shall be carried out at all of the designated monitoring locations for at least 14 consecutive days prior to the commissioning of the construction works to obtain daily 24-hour TSP samples. The selected baseline monitoring stations should reflect baseline conditions at the impact stations. One-hour sampling should also be done at least 3 times per day while the highest dust impact is expected.
- 2.6.2 During the baseline monitoring, there should not be any construction or dust generation activities in the vicinity of the monitoring stations. Before commencing baseline monitoring the ET shall inform the ER of the baseline monitoring programme such that the ER can conduct on-site audit to ensure accuracy of the baseline monitoring results.
- 2.6.3 In case the baseline monitoring cannot be carried out at the designated monitoring locations during the baseline monitoring period, the ET Leader shall carry out the monitoring at alternative locations

which can effectively represent the baseline conditions at the impact monitoring locations. The alternative baseline monitoring locations shall be approved by the ER and IEC and agreed with EPD.

- 2.6.4 In exceptional cases, when insufficient baseline monitoring data or questionable results are obtained, the ET shall liaise with the ER to agree on an appropriate set of data to be used as a baseline reference and submit to ER for approval.
- 2.6.5 Ambient conditions may vary seasonally and shall be reviewed once every three months. When the ambient conditions have changed, a repeat of the baseline monitoring is required to be carried out for obtaining the updated baseline levels. The monitoring should be at times when the Contractor's activities are not generating dust, at least in the proximity of the monitoring stations. Should change in ambient conditions be determined, the baseline levels and, in turn, the air quality criteria, should be revised. The revised baseline levels and air quality criteria shall be agreed with EPD.

### 2.7 Impact Monitoring of Construction Air Quality Impact

- 2.7.1 The ET shall carry out impact monitoring during the course of the Works. For regular impact monitoring, the sampling frequency of at least once in every six-days, shall be strictly observed at all the monitoring stations for 24-hour TSP monitoring. For 1-hour TSP monitoring, the sampling frequency of at least three times in every six-days should be undertaken when the highest dust impact occurs. Before commencing baseline monitoring, the ET shall inform the ER of the impact monitoring programme.
- 2.7.2 The specific time to start and stop the 24-hour TSP monitoring shall be clearly defined for each location and be strictly followed by the operator.
- 2.7.3 In case of non-compliance with the air quality criteria, more frequent monitoring, as specified in the Action Plan in the following section, shall be conducted within 24 hours after the result is obtained. This additional monitoring shall be continued until the excessive dust emission or the deterioration in air quality is rectified.

### 2.8 Environmental Quality Performance Limits

2.8.1 The baseline monitoring results form the basis for determining the air quality criteria for the impact monitoring. The ET shall compare the impact monitoring results with air quality criteria set up for 24-hour TSP and 1-hour TSP. **Table 2.3** shows the air quality criteria, namely Action and Limit levels to be used.

Parameters	Action	Limit
24-hour TSP Level in mg m <sup>-3</sup>	For baseline level $\leq$ 200 mg m <sup>-3</sup> , Action level = (baseline level * 1.3 + Limit level)/2; For baseline level > 200 mg m <sup>-3</sup> Action level = Limit level	260
1-hour TSP Level in mg m <sup>-3</sup>	For baseline level $\leq$ 384 mg m <sup>-3</sup> , Action level = (baseline level * 1.3 + Limit level)/2; For baseline level > 384 mg m <sup>-3</sup> , Action level = Limit level	500

 Table 2.3
 Action / Limit Levels for Air Quality

# 2.9 Event and Action Plan for Construction Air Quality

2.9.1 Should non-compliance of the air quality criteria occur, actions in accordance with the Action Plan in **Table 2.4** shall be carried out.

# Table 2.4Event / Action Plan for Air Quality

EVENT		ACTIC	ON	
EVENI	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR
ACTION LEVEL				
1.Exceedance for one sample	<ol> <li>Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures;</li> <li>Inform IEC and ER;</li> <li>Repeat measurement to confirm finding;</li> <li>Increase monitoring frequency to daily.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check monitoring data submitted by ET;</li> <li>Check Contractor's working method.</li> <li>(The above actions should be taken within 2 working days after the exceedance is identified)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Notify Contractor. (The above actions should be taken within 2 working days after the exceedance is identified)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Rectify any unacceptable practice;</li> <li>Amend working methods if appropriate.</li> <li>(The above actions should be taken within 2 working days after the exceedance is identified)</li> </ol>
	within 2 working days after the exceedance is identified)			
2. Exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	<ol> <li>Identify source;</li> <li>Inform IEC and ER;</li> <li>Advise the ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures;</li> <li>Repeat measurements to confirm findings;</li> <li>Increase monitoring frequency to daily;</li> <li>Discuss with IEC and Contractor on remedial actions required;</li> <li>If exceedance continues, arrange meeting with IEC and ER;</li> <li>If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.</li> <li>(The above actions should be taken within 2 working days after the exceedance is identified)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check monitoring data submitted by ET;</li> <li>Check Contractor's working method;</li> <li>Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures;</li> <li>Advise the ET on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures;</li> <li>Supervise Implementation of remedial measures.</li> <li>(The above actions should be taken within 2 working days after the exceedance is identified)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing;</li> <li>Notify Contractor;</li> <li>Ensure remedial measures properly implemented.</li> <li>(The above actions should be taken within 2 working days after the exceedance is identified)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Submit proposals for remedial to ER within 3 working days of notification;</li> <li>Implement the agreed proposals;</li> <li>Amend proposal if appropriate.</li> <li>(The above actions should be taken within 2 working days after the exceedance is identified)</li> </ol>
LIMIT LEVEL				
1.Exceedance for one sample	<ol> <li>Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures;</li> <li>Inform ER, Contractor and EPD;</li> <li>Repeat measurement to confirm finding;</li> <li>Increase monitoring frequency to daily;</li> <li>Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results.</li> <li>(The above actions should be taken within 2 working days after the exceedance is identified)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check monitoring data submitted by ET;</li> <li>Check Contractor's working method;</li> <li>Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures;</li> <li>Advise the ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures;</li> <li>Supervise implementation of remedial measures.</li> <li>(The above actions should be taken within 2 working days after the exceedance is identified)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing;</li> <li>Notify Contractor;</li> <li>Ensure remedial measures properly implemented.</li> <li>(The above actions should be taken within 2 working days after the exceedance is identified)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance;</li> <li>Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification;</li> <li>Implement the agreed proposals;</li> <li>Amend proposal if appropriate.</li> <li>(The above actions should be taken within 2 working days after the exceedance is identified)</li> </ol>
2. Exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	<ol> <li>Notify IEC, ER, Contractor and EPD;</li> <li>Identify source;</li> <li>Repeat measurement to confirm findings;</li> <li>Increase monitoring frequency to daily;</li> <li>Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented;</li> <li>Arrange meeting with IEC and ER to discuss the remedial actions to be taken;</li> <li>Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results;</li> <li>If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring. (The above actions should be taken within 2 working days after the exceedance is identified)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Discuss amongst ER, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions;</li> <li>Review Contractor's remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the ER accordingly;</li> <li>Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing;</li> <li>Notify Contractor;</li> <li>In consolidation with the IEC, agree with the Contractor on the remedial measures to be implemented;</li> <li>Ensure remedial measures properly implemented;</li> <li>If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated.</li> <li>(The above actions should be taken within 2 working days after the exceedance is identified)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance;</li> <li>Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification;</li> <li>Implement the agreed proposals;</li> <li>Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control;</li> <li>Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the ER until the exceedance is abated.</li> <li>(The above actions should be taken within 2 working days after the exceedance is identified)</li> </ol>

# 2.10 Construction Dust Mitigation Measures

- 2.10.1 The following mitigation measures are recommended:
  - strictly limit the truck speed on site to below 10 km per hour and use water spraying to keep the haul roads in wet condition;
  - Four times a day watering of the work site with active operations when the weather and the work site are dry;
  - watering during excavation and material handling;
  - provision of vehicle wheel and body washing facilities at the exit points of the site, combined with cleaning of public roads where necessary; and
  - tarpaulin covering of all dusty vehicle loads transported to, from and between site locations.
- 2.10.2 If the above measures are not sufficient to restore the air quality to acceptable levels upon the advice of ET Leader, the Contractor shall liaise with the ET Leader on some other mitigation measures, propose to ER for approval, and implement the mitigation measures.
- 2.10.3 The implementation schedule for the mitigation measures is presented in Appendix A.

# 2.11 Tunnel Emission

2.11.1 The tunnel air quality monitoring requirements for the control of air pollution in vehicle tunnels are presented in the following:

Air Quality Parameters and Standards

2.11.2 Table 2.5 shows the air quality guidelines that should be attained and maintained inside a vehicle tunnel. In addition, the visibility in the tunnel should be controlled to a level equivalent to an extinction coefficient of 0.005 per metre or less during any 5-minute interval.

Air	Averaging	Maximum Concentration		
Pollutants	Time	Mircrograms Per Cubic Metre (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Parts Per Million (ppm)	
CO	5 minutes	115,000	100	
NO <sub>2</sub>	5 minutes	1,800	1	
SO <sub>2</sub>	5 minutes	1,000	0.4	

Table 2.5Tunnel Air Quality Guidelines

# Monitoring Requirement

- 2.11.3 Concentrations of carbon monoxide, nitrogen dioxide and visibility should be continuously monitored inside the underpass (tunnel section of the CWB). The tunnel management should install and operate at least one analyser for each pollutant at each kilometre section of the tunnel.
- 2.11.4 Air quality impacts associated with road traffic are caused mostly by NO<sub>2</sub> and RSP with reference to Wan Chai Development Phase II and Central-Wan Chai Bypass EIA Report (Volume 1). In addition, under the Air Pollution Control (Motor Vehicle Fuel) (Amendment) Regulation 2010, any motor vehicle diesel and unleaded petrol must contain not more than 10.0 mg/kg of sulphur, as

determined in accordance with EN ISO 20884:2004. In view of the low emission rates relative to the statutory limit,  $SO_2$  would comply the tunnel air quality limit.

2.11.5 The monitoring of nitrogen dioxide may be replaced by nitric oxide through the application of the following equation or any correlation relationship between these two parameters demonstrated to have a regression coefficient of not less than 0.85:

Nitrogen dioxide concentration ( $\mu g/m^3$ ) = 320 + 0.1056 x Nitric oxide concentration ( $\mu g/m^3$ )

- 2.11.6 Direct measurement of NO<sub>2</sub> should be conducted when more suitable NO<sub>2</sub> sensors become available in market. In case NO<sub>2</sub> sensors are installed, they would have to be replaced over reasonable period of time when more suitable NO<sub>2</sub> sensors become available in market.
- 2.11.7 Tunnel management should forward the results of monitoring once per month on a floppy disk in such a format agreeable to the EPD.
- 2.11.8 All monitoring instruments should be checked for zero and span once a week and calibrated and certified by an independent environmental laboratory in accordance with the criteria.
- 2.11.9 The analysers should activate an audible alarm at the main control room of the tunnel whenever the measured carbon monoxide and nitrogen dioxide concentrations exceed 60,000  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> and 1,000  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>, respectively. Prompt action including restriction of the traffic flow and other means acceptable to the EPD should be taken by the tunnel operator based on a suitable action level agreed with EPD or other regulatory authority.

# 2.12 Operation Phase Air Quality Monitoring

2.12.1 During the operation phase, the operator for the proposed CWB tunnel, HyD, will conduct air quality monitoring of NO<sub>2</sub> and RSP concentrations in a regular interval to indicate the operation performance of the EVB ventilation shaft. The methodology, equipment, monitoring locations, and criteria for the monitoring should be formulated in the detailed design stage subject to the agreement between EPD and HyD.

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# 3 NOISE

# 3.1 Introduction

3.1.1 Representative noise sensitive receivers (NSRs) along the proposed alignment have been identified and assessed in the EIA Report. It is predicted that some NSRs will be subjected to daytime and restricted hour construction noise. The monitoring programme shall be carried out by the ET to ensure that the noise level of construction works complies with the criteria of the Noise Control Ordinance (NCO) and noise criteria laid down by the contract.

# 3.2 Noise Parameters

### **Construction Phase**

- 3.2.1 The construction noise level shall be measured in terms of the A-weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level (L<sub>eq</sub>). L<sub>eq (30 minutes)</sub> shall be used as the monitoring parameter for the time period between 0700 and 1900 hours on normal weekdays. For all other time periods, L<sub>eq (5 minutes)</sub> shall be employed for comparison with the Noise Control Ordinance (NCO) criteria.
- 3.2.2 As supplementary information for data auditing, statistical results such as L<sub>10</sub> and L<sub>90</sub> shall also be obtained for reference. A sample data record sheet is shown in Appendix B2 for reference.

# **Operation Phase**

- 3.2.3 The traffic noise level shall be measured twice within the first year of the road opening. Measurement shall be made in terms of A-weighted L<sub>10</sub> over three half-hour periods during the peak traffic hour. Other metrics like L<sub>eq</sub> may be added as seen fit. A sample data record sheet is shown in **Appendix B** for reference.
- 3.2.4 Fixed plant noise monitoring shall be carried out for the ventilation buildings. Measurements shall be made in accordance with the procedures outlined in the 'Technical Memorandum for the Assessment of Noise from Places other than Domestic Premises, Public Places and Construction Sites' (IND-TM).

# 3.3 Monitoring Equipment

- 3.3.1 As referred in the Technical Memorandum (TM) issued under the NCO, sound level meters in compliance with the International Electrotechnical Commission Publications 651: 1979 (Type 1) and 804: 1985 (Type 1) specifications shall be used for carrying out the noise monitoring. Immediately prior to and following each noise measurement the accuracy of the sound level meter shall be checked using an acoustic calibrator generating a known sound pressure level at a known frequency. Measurements may be accepted as valid only if the calibration level from before and after the noise measurement agree to within 1.0 dB.
- 3.3.2 Noise measurements should not be made in the presence of fog, rain, and wind with a steady speed exceeding 5 m s<sup>-1</sup> or wind with gusts exceeding 10 ms<sup>-1</sup>. The wind speed shall be checked with a portable wind speed meter capable of measuring the wind speed in meter per second.
- 3.3.3 The ET is responsible for provision of the monitoring equipment. He shall ensure that sufficient noise measuring equipment and associated instrumentation are available for carrying out the baseline monitoring, regular impact monitoring and ad hoc monitoring. All the equipment and associated instrumentation shall be clearly labelled.

# 3.4 Baseline Monitoring

- 3.4.1 The ET shall carry out baseline noise monitoring prior to the commencement of the construction works. The baseline monitoring shall be carried out daily for a period of at least two weeks. A schedule of baseline monitoring shall be submitted to the ER for approval before the monitoring starts.
- 3.4.2 There shall not be any construction activities in the vicinity of the monitoring stations during the baseline monitoring.
- 3.4.3 In exceptional cases, when insufficient baseline monitoring data or questionable results are obtained, the ET shall liaise with the IEC and EPD to agree on an appropriate set of data to be used as a baseline reference and submit to the ER for approval.

# 3.5 Impact Monitoring of Construction Noise Impact

- 3.5.1 Noise monitoring shall be carried out at all the designated monitoring stations. The monitoring frequency shall depend on the scale of the construction activities. The following is an initial guide on the regular monitoring frequency for each station on a per week basis when noise generating activities are underway:
  - (a) one set of measurements between 0700 and 1900 hours on normal weekdays.
- 3.5.2 A real-time on-site monitoring system of the noise level around the works sites at North Point and Tin Hau areas should be carried out during the construction phase. The detailed monitoring system is presented as follows and **Appendix F**:
  - (a) Instrumentation
    - Sound level meter in compliance with the International Electrotechnical Commission Publications 651: 1979 (Type 1) and 804: 1985 (Type 1) specifications shall be used for carrying out the noise monitoring.
    - Capable of giving continuous readout of the noise level readings including equivalent continuous sound pressure level  $(L_{eq})$  and  $10^{th}$  and  $90^{th}$  percentile of sound level pressure level  $(L_{10} \& L_{90})$ .
  - (b) Methodology
    - A weatherproof enclosure shall be installed to protect the sound level meter and the communications hardware from sunlight and rain. This enclosure shall be mounted against the handrail and bolted on the wall if necessary.
    - Noise monitoring shall be automatically conducted for 24 hours a day. Data will be instantaneously transmitted to a central office though the use of communication hardware and software.
    - Power supply shall be provided for the real-time noise monitoring system.
  - (c) Calibration of equipment
    - The sound level meter shall be checked using an acoustic calibrator generating a known sound pressure level at a known frequency before deployment to the site and during each site visit. Measurements may be accepted as valid only if the calibration level from before and after the noise measurement agree to within 1.0 dB.
  - (d) Data Reporting
    - An electronic system shall be set-up to track, manage and data reporting, as well as automatic compliance assessment.
    - The electronic system shall also report the instantaneous monitoring results on a dedicated website.
    - The current practice on the noise screening is via adjustment by ET and IEC. This will be the additional measures to avoid erroneous noise data.

3.5.3 The locations of construction noise monitoring stations are summarised in **Table 3.1a** and **Table 3.1b** and shown in **Figure 3.1**.

Identification No.	Noise Monitoring Location	Level (in terms of no. of floor)
M1a	Harbour Road Sports Centre	3/F
M2b	Noon Gun Area	G/F
МЗа	Tung Lo Wan Fire Station	3/F (roof-top)
M4b	Victoria Centre	2/F
M5b	City Garden	G/F
M6	Hong Kong Baptist Church Henrietta Secondary School	6/F (rooftop)
M7e	International Finance Centre Mall (Eastern End of Podium)	3/F
M7w	International Finance Centre Mall (Western End of Podium)	3/F

 Table 3.1a
 Noise Monitoring Stations during Construction Phase

Table 3.1b	Real-time Noise Monitoring Stations during Construction Phase
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Real-time Noise Monitoring Station	Noise Monitoring Location (District)	Level (in terms of no. of floor)	Commencement of Monitoring
RTN1	FEHD Whitfield	1/F	IECL Pilling works
	Depot (Tin Hau)	(podium)	
RTN1a	Tung Lo Wan	3/F	IECL Pilling works
	Fireboat Station (Tin Hau)	(roof-top)	and Demolition
RTN1b	Causeway Bay	5/F	IECL Bridge
	Community Centre (Tin Hau)	(roof-top)	Demolition
RTN2	Oil Street	1/F	IECL Bridge
	Community Liaison Centre (North Point)	(roof-top)	Demolition
RTN3	Hong Kong Baptist	6/F	IECL Bridge
	Church Henrietta	(rooftop)	Demolition
	Secondary School		
	(North Point)		

- 3.5.4 In case of non-compliance with the construction noise criteria, more frequent monitoring, as specified in the Event and Action Plan in **Table 3.3**, shall be carried out. This additional monitoring shall be continued until the recorded noise levels are rectified or proved to be irrelevant to the construction activities.
- 3.5.5 A schedule on the compliance monitoring shall be submitted to the ER and IEC for approval before the monitoring starts.
- 3.5.6 Owing to the nature of the works under the project, construction activities will shift from one location to another from time to time, and the status and locations of the noise sensitive receivers may change after issuing this manual. If such cases exist, the ET Leader shall propose updated monitoring locations and seek approval from ER and agreement from the IEC. The monitoring locations should be chosen based on the following criteria:
  - at locations close to the major site activities which are likely to have noise impacts;
  - close to the most affected existing noise sensitive receivers; and

- for monitoring locations located in the vicinity of the sensitive receivers, care should be taken to cause minimal disturbance to the occupants during monitoring.
- 3.5.7 The monitoring station shall normally be at a point 1 m from the exterior of the sensitive receiver building facade and be at a position 1.2 m above the ground. If there is problem with access to the normal monitoring position, an alternative position may be chosen, and a correction to the measurements shall be made. For reference, a correction of +3 dB(A) shall be made to the free field measurements. The ET shall agree with the IEC on the monitoring position and the corrections adopted. Once the positions for the monitoring stations are chosen, the baseline monitoring and the impact monitoring shall be carried out at the same positions.

Commencement of Noise Monitoring Programme in Stages

- 3.5.8 As per the condition 2.5(c) under EP-364/2009/A, environmental monitoring and the execution of Event & Action Plan (EAP) are considered based on taken into account of the latest works schedules, division of responsibilities among different contracts in the Project, and latest project information. Division of work areas under different contracts will be managed under separate FEPs applied by individual contractors.
- 3.5.9 In terms of division of work areas, the proposed division of noise monitoring stations and its commencement in stages are summarized in **Table 3.2**.

Contract No.	Associated DP(s)	Relevant Dust Monitoring Stations <sup>1</sup>	Commencement of monitoring w.r.t construction commencement
04/HY/2006 (bus terminus), HY/2009/18	DP1	M7e, M7w	Sep 2010
HY/2009/17 (piling work)	DP1	M4b, RTN1, RTN2	Oct 2010
HY/2009/15	DP1	M2b	Oct 2010
HY/2009/19	DP1	M3a, M4b, M5b, M6	Nov 2010
HK/2009/01, HK/2009/02	DP1	M1a	Pier demolition work & PTI reconstruciton <sup>1</sup>

 Table 3.2
 Division of Noise Monitoring Stations for contracts with construction work commenced/to be commenced in 2010

Note 1: Subject to actual commencement date to be confirmed.

### 3.6 Event And Action Plan For Construction Noise

periods.

3.6.1 The Action and Limit levels for construction noise are defined in **Table 3.3**. Should noncompliance of the criteria occur, action in accordance with the Action Plan in **Table 3.4**, shall be carried out.

# Table 3.3 Action and Limit Levels for Construction Noise

Time Period	Action Level	Limit Level
0700 - 1900 hours on normal weekdays	When one documented complaint is received	75 dB(A) *
Note : If works are to be carried out during restricted hours, the conditions stipulated in the construction noise permit issued by the Noise Control Authority have to be followed. * Reduce to 70 dB(A) for schools and 65 dB(A) during school examination		

Table 3.4 Event / Actio	n Plan for Construction Noise
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EVENT	ACTION			
	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR
Action Level	<ol> <li>Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures;</li> <li>Notify IEC and Contractor;</li> <li>Report the results of investigation to the ER and Contractor;</li> <li>Discuss with the Contractor and formulate remedial measures;</li> <li>Increase monitoring frequency to check mitigation effectiveness.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Review the analysed results submitted by the ET;</li> <li>Review the proposed remedial measures by the Contractor and advise the ER accordingly;</li> <li>Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing;</li> <li>Notify Contractor;</li> <li>Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem;</li> <li>Ensure remedial measures are properly implemented.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Submit noise mitigation proposals to IEC;</li> <li>Implement noise mitigation proposals.</li> </ol>
Limit Level	<ol> <li>Identify source;</li> <li>Inform IEC, ER, EPD and Contractor;</li> <li>Repeat measurements to confirm findings;</li> <li>Increase monitoring frequency;</li> <li>Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented;</li> <li>Inform IEC, ER and EPD the causes and actions taken for the exceedances;</li> <li>Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results;</li> <li>If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Discuss amongst ER, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions;</li> <li>Review Contractors remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the ER accordingly;</li> <li>Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing;</li> <li>Notify Contractor;</li> <li>Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem;</li> <li>Ensure remedial measures properly implemented;</li> <li>If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance;</li> <li>Submit proposals for remedial to IEC within 3 working days of notification;</li> <li>Implement the agreed proposals;</li> <li>Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control;</li> <li>Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the ER until the exceedance is abated.</li> </ol>

# 3.7 Noise Mitigation Measures

3.7.1 The EIA Report has recommended the following construction noise control and mitigation measures during construction.

# **Construction Phase**

- 3.7.2 The Contractor shall be responsible for the design and implementation of the following measures. The key measures are:
  - use of quieter and silenced equipment for road construction and site development;
  - use of movable noise barriers for particular plant;
  - reduction of on-time operation of the powered mechanical equipment during the construction of Bridge M, demolition of the existing Island Eastern Corridor and CWB tunnel near the Hong Kong Convention and Exhibition Centre.
- 3.7.3 Temporary noise barriers (5m in height) with cantilevered upper portion (3.5m in length) are proposed in NPR2W, NPR1, NPR2E work sites along the diaphragm wall of the tunnel section and retaining walls of the tunnel approach ramp for alleviation of construction noise during construction of diaphragm walls and substructures of the tunnel approach ramp. Temporary noise barriers with height up to the soffit of the bridge deck area are proposed along the existing IEC structure for alleviation of construction noise during the demolition and construction of substructures for the IEC and construction of adjacent tunnel approach ramp structures. A 10 dB(A) noise reduction can be achieved by eliminating the line of sight from the receivers along the construction areas. The barrier material shall have a surface mass of not less than 14 kg/m<sup>2</sup> on skid footing with 25mm thick internal sound absorptive lining to achieve the maximum screening effect.
- 3.7.4 Additionally, apart from the temporary noise barrier, temporary noise barriers to be mounted on the existing piers of IEC are also proposed for the demolition works of existing piers and crossheads of the marine section of the existing IEC.
- 3.7.5 PMEs grouping for IECL substructure construction works and slip Road 8 at-grade road works, either Group 1 or 2 can be operated at any one time under the construction schedule, are also proposed in order to further minimize noise impact to the receivers.
- 3.7.6 In addition, there are also many good site practices recommended as follows:
  - only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be serviced regularly during the construction program;
  - silencers or mufflers on construction equipment should be utilised and should be properly maintained during the construction program;
  - mobile plant, if any, should be sited as far away from NSRs as possible;
  - machinery and plant (such as trucks) that may be in intermittent use should be shut down between work periods or should be throttled down to a minimum;
  - plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction should, where possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from nearby NSRs; and
  - material stockpiles and other structures should be effectively utilised, where practicable, in screening noise from on-site construction activities.

- 3.7.7 If the above measures are not sufficient to restore the construction noise quality to an acceptable level upon the advice of ET Leader, the contractor shall liaise with the ET Leader to identify further mitigation measures. They shall be proposed to ER for approval, and the contractor shall then implement these additional mitigation measures.
- 3.7.8 Appropriate mitigation measures shall be adopted for the use of pneumatic breakers, if required to demolish the existing Island Eastern Corridor, to be confined to the period from 0900 to 1700 hours on weekdays (Monday to Friday), and the pneumatic breakers shall not be used any time on Saturdays, Sundays and general holidays, and during examination hours of the schools affected by the works site, including:
  - (i) Hong Kong Baptist Church Henrietta Secondary School; and
  - (ii) Po Leung Kuk Yu Lee Mo Fan Memorial School;

### 3.8 Operational Phase Noise Monitoring

3.8.1 As the noise sensitive receivers close to the proposed road will be exposed to traffic noise during the operational phase, a noise monitoring programme shall be developed to include noise measurements at noise sensitive receivers during the peak traffic hour. The programme shall be carried out by the Environmental Team (ET) to ensure that the traffic noise levels are comparable to those predicted in the EIA under the full provision of the mitigation measures recommended. Operational noise monitoring will also be required during commissioning stage of ventilation buildings to ensure that the compliance with the noise limits specified in the EIA Report has been achieved. HyD will be responsible for the operational phase monitoring.

# Traffic Noise

### Noise Parameters

3.8.2 The traffic noise level shall be measured twice within the first year of the road opening. Measurement shall be made in terms of the A-weighted  $L_{10}$  over three half-hour periods during the peak traffic hour. Other metrics like  $L_{eq}$  may be added as seen fit. A sample data record sheet is shown in the Appendix D. More details could be referred to Section 3.8.3.

# Monitoring Equipment

- 3.8.3 Sound level meters to be used shall be in compliance with the International Electrotechnical Commission Publications 651: 1979 (Type 1) and 804: 1985 (Type 1) specifications for carrying out the noise monitoring. Immediately prior to and following each noise measurement the accuracy of the sound level meter shall be checked using an acoustic calibrator generating a known sound pressure level at a known frequency. Measurements may be accepted as valid only if the calibration level from before and after the noise measurement agree to within 1.0 dB(A).
- 3.8.4 Noise measurement should be made in accordance with standard acoustical principles and practices in relation to weather conditions.
- 3.8.5 The ET Leader is responsible for the provision and maintenance of the monitoring equipment. He shall ensure that sufficient noise measuring equipment and associated instrumentation are available for carrying out the baseline monitoring, regular impact monitoring and ad hoc monitoring. All the equipment and associated instrumentation shall be clearly labelled.

Monitoring Locations

- 3.8.6 The operational noise monitoring locations are summarised in **Table 3.5**. The status and locations of noise sensitive receivers may change after issuing the Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual. In such cases, the ET Leader shall propose updated monitoring locations and seek approval from the Engineer's Representative, and agreement from the IEC and EPD to the proposal. The monitoring locations are based on the following criteria for selection:
  - (a) They should be at NSRs in the vicinity of recommended direct technical remedies;
  - (b) One high floor and one medium floor monitoring points should be chosen at each location as far as possible; and

(c) Selected monitoring locations should enable monitoring to be done twice within one after implementation of the mitigation measures during operation of the proposed road.

### Table 3.5 Noise Monitoring Stations during Operational Phase

Noise Monitoring Station	Noise Monitoring Location
M1	Block 1, Victoria Centre
M2	Block 11, City Garden

- 3.8.7 When alternative monitoring locations are proposed, the monitoring locations shall be chosen based on the following criteria:
  - (a) they shall be similarly exposed to potential noise impacts;
  - (b) they shall be close to the noise sensitive receivers; and
  - (c) they shall be located so as to cause minimal disturbance to the occupants.
- 3.8.8 The operational noise monitoring shall be carried out a distance of 1 m from the openable window and 1.2 m above the floor level of the noise sensitive receivers identified. The ET Leader shall agree with the IEC on any necessary corrections adopted.

### **Baseline Monitoring**

3.8.9 No baseline operational noise monitoring is required.

### Impact Monitoring

- 3.8.10 Traffic noise monitoring shall be carried out at all the designated traffic noise monitoring stations. The following is an initial guide on the traffic noise monitoring requirements during the operational phase :
  - (a) one set of measurements at the morning traffic peak hour on normal weekdays;
  - (b) one set of measurements at the evening traffic peak hour on normal weekdays;
  - a concurrent census of traffic flow and percentage heavy vehicle shall be obtained for far-side and near-side of the road and the existing road network in the vicinity of each measuring point;
  - (d) average vehicle speed estimated for far-side and near-side of the road and the existing road network in the vicinity of each measuring point; and
  - (e) the two sets of monitoring data should be obtained within the first year of operation.
- 3.8.11 Measured noise levels should be compared with predicted noise levels by applying appropriate conversion corrections to allow for the traffic conditions at the time of measurement. Appendix D shows a sample data record sheet for operational noise monitoring.
- 3.8.12 In case discrepancies are observed, explanation should be given to justify the discrepancies.

#### Noise Mitigation Measures

- 3.8.13 In the EIA Report, a series of mitigation measures have been considered for the proposed road to reduce the noise impacts at the NSRs. The mitigation measures for existing NSRs include:
  - about 235m length of noise semi-enclosure covering the westbound slip road from the IEC
  - about 230m length of noise semi-enclosure covering the main carriageways (eastbound and westbound) of the CWB and IEC
  - about 135m length of 5.5m high cantilevered noise barrier with 4.5m cantilever inclined at 45° on the eastbound slip road to the IEC (amended under EP – 364/2009/A)
  - about 95m length of 5.5m high cantilevered noise barrier with 1m cantilever inclined at 45° on the eastbound slip road to the IEC
  - about 350m length of 3.5m high vertical noise barrier on the eastbound slip road to the IEC
  - low noise road surfacing for the trunk road (except tunnel section and beneath the landscaped deck at the eastern portal area) with speed limit of 70 km/hour
- 3.8.14 The mitigation measures for future/planned NSRs include:
  - about 265m length of noise semi-enclosure covering the westbound slip road from the Island Eastern Corridor shall be installed before the occupation of planned noise sensitive receivers (NSRs) in the Comprehensive Development Areas (CDA) near Oil Street, North Point
  - The openable windows of the temple, if any, should be orientated so as to avoid direct line of sight to the existing Victoria Park Road as far as practicable.

### **Fixed Plant Noise**

- 3.8.15 It is recommended that noise monitoring is carried out for the ventilation buildings on three occasions: Day one of commissioning, Day 60 of operation, and when the ventilation buildings are operating at maximum capacity.
- 3.8.16 Noise measurements shall be made in accordance with the procedures outlined in the 'Technical Memorandum for the Assessment of Noise from Places other than Domestic Premises, Public Places and Construction Sites' (IND-TM).
- 3.8.17 The monitoring location shall be outside the ventilation buildings at a distance of 1 m from the centre of the louvre. Two types of measurement shall be carried out:
  - Broadband measurement of L<sub>eq (30 minutes)</sub> dB(A). Shorter measurement period may be used if it can be demonstrated that the noise level is constant.
  - Frequency analysis between 31.5 Hz and 16 kHz measured at 1/3 octave intervals. If the noise emanating from the louvre is found to be tonal (as defined in IND-TM) then an appropriate tonal correction should be applied to the measured noise level to achieve the corrected noise level (CNL). The CNL shall be compared with the noise specifications.

3.8.18 This monitoring and audit program on noise during the testing and commissioning stages of ventilation buildings is to verify the maximum sound power levels as assumed in the noise assessments contained in the approved CWB&IECL EIA Report (Register No. AEIAR-041/2001) and the WDII&CWB EIA Report (Register No. AEIAR-125/2008). In case the maximum sound power levels under this audit programme exceed those assumed in the EIA Reports, the Permit Holder shall investigate with a view to recommend remedial actions; shall deposit the investigation report with the Director, and implement the recommended remedial actions where appropriate.

### Noise Mitigation Measures

3.8.19 Silencers shall be provided at all exhaust fans installed in East Ventilation Building, Central Ventilation Building and Western Ventilation Building.

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# 4 WATER QUALITY

### 4.1 Introduction

- 4.1.1 The potential water quality impacts arising from the proposed construction works for the CWB have been assessed and are presented in the EIA Report. As the water quality impacts arising from the reclamation for the construction of the CWB have been covered under the DP3 under the Environmental Permit No. EP-356/2009, the primary concern with regard to water quality under DP1 will be the control of runoff during construction. The EIA concluded that the identified water quality impacts could be controlled and reduced to within acceptable levels through effective mitigation. Monitoring of marine water quality during the construction phase is therefore not considered necessary.
- 4.1.2 During the site inspections, the ET Leader shall pay special attention to the issues relating to water quality, and check whether the Contractor has followed the relevant contract specifications and the procedures specified under the laws of Hong Kong. Stringent control and audit will be necessary to ensure that effective water pollution control measures are being implemented. Site inspection should include regular checking of the proposed measures and records of maintenance services to ensure their proper functioning.
- 4.1.3 The following is a summary of the recommended water quality mitigation measures. The implementation schedule for water pollution control is given in Appendix A.

### 4.2 Water Quality Impacts Mitigation Measures during Construction Phase

### Site Runoff

- 4.2.1 All site construction runoff should be controlled and treated to prevent high levels of SS entering nearby water bodies. The site practices outlined in ProPECC PN 1/94 "Construction Site Drainage" should be followed as far as practicable in order to minimise surface runoff and the chance of erosion, and also to retain and reduce any SS prior to discharge. In particular:
  - temporary ditches should be provided to facilitate runoff discharge into the appropriate watercourses, via sedimentation traps / silt retention ponds;
  - permanent drainage channels should also incorporate sediment basins or traps, and baffles to enhance deposition rates;
  - sand / silt removal facilities such as sand traps, silt traps and sediment basins should be
    provided to remove sand / silt particles from run-off. These facilities should be regularly
    cleaned and maintained by the Contractor. The design of silt removal facilities shall be
    based on the guidelines in Appendix A1 of ProPECC PN 1/94;
  - collection of spent bentonite / other grouts in a separate slurry collection system for either cleaning and reuse or disposal to landfill should be implemented;
  - maintenance and plant areas should be bunded and constructed on a hard standing with the provision of sediment traps and petrol interceptors;
  - all drainage facilities must be adequate for the controlled release of storm flows;
  - careful programming of the works to minimise surface excavation works during the rainy season;
  - exposed soil areas should be minimised to reduce the potential for increased siltation and contamination of runoff;

- all fuel tanks and storage areas shall be contained (bunded) such that spills are not allowed to gain access to water bodies;
- open drainage channels and culverts adjacent to the site shall be kept safe and free from any debris and excavated materials arising from the works;
- open stockpiles of construction materials (for examples, aggregates, sand and fill material) of more than 50 m<sup>3</sup> should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms; and
- as and when necessary, installation and regular maintenance of silt screen at seawater intakes in the vicinity of the site.
- 4.2.2 Precautions to be taken at any time of year when rainstorms are likely, actions to be taken when a rainstorm is imminent or forecast, and actions to be taken during or after rainstorms are summarised in Appendix A2 of ProPECC PN 1/94.

#### **Debris and Litter**

4.2.3 In order to maintain water quality of an aesthetically acceptable condition, contractors should be required, under conditions of contract, to ensure that site management is optimised and that disposal of any solid materials, litter or wastes to marine waters does not occur. Entrapment boom should be installed to avoid loss of floating refuse from construction site. Regular scavenging shall be provided to collect both the trapped and escaped refuse.

#### Oils and Solvents

4.2.4 All fuel tanks and storage areas shall be provided with locks and be sited on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity. All maintenance and plant areas together with chemical and chemical waste storage areas shall be provided with cover to avoid ingress of rainwater. Waste chemical should be handled, treated and disposed of in accordance with the legislative requirements.

#### Sewage Effluent

4.2.5 Temporary sanitary facilities, such as portable chemical toilets, shall be provided on-site by a licensed contractor. A licensed contractor shall be responsible for appropriate disposal and maintenance of these facilities. There will be no new sewage outfall during construction and operation of the CWB & IECL.

#### 4.3 Water Quality Impacts Mitigation Measures during Operational Phase

- 4.3.1 A surface water drainage system shall be provided to collect road runoff. The following operation stage mitigation measures are recommended to ensure road runoff would comply with the Technical Memorandum, Standards for Effluents Discharged into Drainage and Sewerage Systems, Inland and Coastal Waters under the Water Pollution Control Ordinance (WPCO):
  - The drainage from tunnel sections should be directed through petrol interceptors to remove oil and grease before being discharged to the nearby foul water manholes.
  - Petrol interceptors should be regularly cleaned and maintained in good working condition.
  - Road drainage should be provided with adequately designed silt trap so as to minimise discharge of silt runoff.
  - Oily contents of the petrol interceptors should be collected and transferred to an appropriate disposal facility.

- 4.3.2 Sewage arising from ancillary facilities of CWB (for example, car park, control room, ventilation and administration buildings and tunnel portals) shall be connected to public sewerage system. Sufficient capacity in public sewerage shall be made available to the proposed facilities to avoid overflow.
- 4.3.3 The design of the operational stage mitigation measures should take into account the guidelines published in ProPECC PN 5/93 "Drainage Plans Subject to Comment by the EPD." All discharges into drainage or sewerage systems during the operation phase shall be licensed by the EPD under the WPCO.

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# 5 WASTE MANAGEMENT

#### 5.1 Introduction

- 5.1.1 Waste management will be the contractor's responsibility to ensure that all wastes generated during construction of the CWB are handled, stored and disposed of in accordance with good waste management practices and EPD's regulations and requirements.
- 5.1.2 Waste materials generated during construction activities, such as construction and demolition (C&D) materials, chemical wastes and general refuse from the workforce, are recommended to be audited periodically to determine if wastes are being managed in accordance with approved procedures and the site Waste Management Plan. The audits should look at all aspects of waste management including waste generation, storage, recycling, transport and disposal. An appropriate audit programme would be to undertake a first audit at the commencement of the construction works, and then to audit quarterly thereafter. The Contractor will be responsible for the implementation of any mitigation measures to minimise waste arisings or to redress problems arising from the waste materials.

#### 5.2 Waste Control and Mitigation Measures

5.2.1 Mitigation measures for waste management of the DP1 are summarised below. The Implementation Schedule of the recommended mitigation measures for DP1 is presented in **Appendix A**. In order to ensure that the mitigation measures are properly implemented by the Contractor, regular site inspections by the ET shall be carried out at least once per week. Details of the audit requirements are set out in Section 9 of this EM&A Manual.

#### Good Site Practices

- 5.2.2 Adverse impacts related to waste management are not expected to arise, provided that good site practices are strictly followed. Recommendations for good site practices during the construction activities include:
  - Nomination of an approved person, such as a site manager, to be responsible for good site practices, arrangements for collection and effective disposal to an appropriate facility, of all wastes generated at the site.
  - Training of site personnel in proper waste management and chemical waste handling procedures.
  - Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection for disposal.
  - Appropriate measures to minimise windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste by either covering trucks or by transporting wastes in enclosed containers.
  - Regular cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors.
  - A recording system for the amount of wastes generated, recycled and disposed of (including the disposal sites).

#### Waste Reduction Measures

- 5.2.3 Good management and control can prevent the generation of a significant amount of waste. Waste reduction is best achieved at the planning and design stage, as well as by ensuring the implementation of good site practices. Recommendations to achieve waste reduction include:
  - Sort C&D waste from demolition of the existing waterfront structures to recover recyclable portions such as metals.

- Segregation and storage of different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal.
- Encourage collection of aluminium cans, PET bottles and paper by providing separate labelled bins to enable these wastes to be segregated from other general refuse generated by the work force.
- Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity shall be recycled.
- Use of reusable non-timber formwork, such as in casting the tunnel box sections, to reduce the amount of C&D material.
- Proper storage and site practices to minimise the potential for damage or contamination of construction materials.
- Plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimise amount of waste generated and avoid unnecessary generation of waste.
- 5.2.4 In addition to the above measures, specific mitigation measures are recommended below for the identified waste arisings to minimise environmental impacts during handling, transportation and disposal of these wastes.

#### **General Refuse**

5.2.5 General refuse should be stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separate from C&D material. A licensed waste collector should be employed by the contractor to remove general refuse from the site, separately from C&D material. Preferably an enclosed and covered area should be provided to reduce the occurrence of 'wind-blown' light material.

#### **Chemical Wastes**

5.2.6 After use, chemical wastes (for example, cleaning fluids, solvents, lubrication oil and fuel) should be handled according to the *Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes.* Spent chemicals should be collected by a licensed collector for disposal at the CWTF or other licensed facility, in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.

#### **Construction and Demolition Material**

- 5.2.7 The C&D material should be sorted on-site into inert C&D material (that is, public fill) and C&D waste. Considering that a large quantity of C&D material will be generated from the demolition works and excavation for the tunnel construction and in order to minimise the impact resulting from collection and transportation of material for off-site disposal, it is recommended that the inert C&D material should be re-used on-site in the reclamation works as far as practicable. All the suitable (inert) material should be broken down to 250 mm in size for reuse as public fill and surcharge in the WDII reclamation. C&D waste, such as wood, glass, plastic, steel and other metals should be reused or recycled and, as a last resort, disposed of to landfill. It is recommended that a suitable area be designated to facilitate the sorting process and a temporary stockpiling area will be required for the separated materials.
- 5.2.8 In order to monitor the disposal of public fill and C&D waste at public fill reception facilities and landfills, respectively, and to control fly tipping, a trip-ticket system should be included as one of the contractual requirements and implemented by an Environmental Team undertaking the Environmental Monitoring and Audit work. An Independent Environmental Checker should be responsible for auditing the results of the system.
- 5.2.9 Bentonite slurries used in diaphragm wall and bore-pile construction should be reconditioned and reused wherever practicable. The disposal of residual used bentonite slurry should follow the good practice guidelines stated in ProPECC PN 1/94 "Construction Site Drainage" and listed as follows:

- If the disposal of a certain residual quantity cannot be avoided, the used slurry may be disposed of at the marine spoil grounds subject to obtaining a marine dumping licence from EPD on a case-by-case basis.
- If the used bentonite slurry is intended to be disposed of through the public drainage system, it should be treated to the respective effluent standards applicable to foul sewers, storm drains or the receiving waters as set out in the Technical Memorandum of Standards for Effluents Discharged into Drainage and Sewerage Systems, Inland and Coastal Waters.
- If the used bentonite slurry is intended to be disposed to public fill reception facilities, it will be mixed with dry soil on site before disposal.

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# 6 LANDSCPAE AND VISUAL

# 6.1 Introduction

- 6.1.1 The EIA has recommended landscape and visual mitigation measures to be undertaken during both the construction and operational phases of the project. This section outlines the monitoring and audit of these measures.
- 6.1.2 The key landscape resources, landscape character areas and visual sensitive receivers are shown in **Figures 6.1a, 6.1b, 6.2a, 6.2b, 6.3a, 6.3b, 6.3c**.

# 6.2 Monitoring Details

6.2.1 The design, implementation and maintenance of landscape mitigation measures should be checked to ensure that they are fully realised and that potential conflicts between the proposed landscape measures and any other project works and operational requirements are resolved at the earliest possible date and without compromise to the intention of the mitigation measures.

Stage	Monitoring Task	Monitoring Report	Form of Approval	Frequency
Design	Monitoring of design works against the recommendations of the landscape and visual impact assessments within the EIA should be undertaken during detailed design and tender stages, to ensure that they fulfil the intentions of the mitigation measures. Any changes to the design, including design changes on site should also be checked.	Report by ER confirming that the design conforms to requirements of EP	Approved by Client	At Completion of Design Stage
Construction	Monitoring of the contractor's operations during the construction period.	Report on Contractor's compliance, by ET	Counter- signature of report by IEC	Weekly
Establishment Works	Monitoring of the planting works during the 24-month Establishment period after completion of the construction works.	Report on Contractor's compliance, by ET	Counter- signature of report by IEC	3 months
Long Term Operation (5 years)	Monitoring of the long-term management of the planting works in the period up to 5 years after completion of the construction works.	Report on compliance by ET or Maintenance Agency	Counter- signature of report by Management Agency	12 months

Table 6.1	Monitoring Programme
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<u>Design</u>

- 6.2.2 The mitigation measures proposed within the EIA to mitigate the landscape and visual impacts of the scheme should be embodied into the detailed engineering design and landscape design drawings and contract documents. Designs should be checked to ensure that the measures are fully incorporated and that potential conflicts with civil engineering, geo-technical, structural, lighting, signage, drainage, underground utility and operational requirements are resolved prior to construction.
- 6.2.3 The Client should prepare a detailed 5-Year Management Programme for the long-term management and maintenance of the planting works following the Establishment periods. The Programme should include evaluation and objectives for management, details of the operations to be undertaken to achieve these objectives, and outline of work programmes.

#### **Construction & Establishment Period**

- 6.2.4 The implementation of landscape construction works and subsequent maintenance operations during the 12-month establishment period must be supervised by fully qualified Landscape Resident Site Staff (Registered Landscape Architect or Professional Member of the Hong Kong Institute of landscape Architects).
- 6.2.5 Measures to mitigate landscape and visual impacts during construction should be checked to ensure compliance with the intended aims of the measures.
- 6.2.6 The progress of the engineering works shall be regularly reviewed on site to identify the earliest practical opportunities for the landscape works to be undertaken.

## Long Term Management

6.2.7 The success or otherwise of all planting works intended to mitigate the visual and landscape impact of the roads, the noise barriers/screening/semi-enclosures and street lighting shall be monitored during the first ten years of the operational phase of the project. Any areas of vegetation which have failed to establish, should be corrected by the appropriate maintenance authorities at the earliest opportunity. Monitoring should include the long-term maintenance of the planting works under the detailed 5-Year Management Programme.

# 6.3 Baseline Monitoring

6.3.1 A photographic record of the site at the time of the contractor's possession of the site shall be prepared by the Contractor and approved by the ER. The approved photographic Record shall be submitted to the Project proponent, ET, IEC and EPD for record.

# 6.4 Event/Action Plan for Landscape and Visual Works

6.4.1 Should non-compliance of the landscape and visual impacts occur, actions in accordance with the action plan stated in **Table 6.2** and **6.3** should be carried out.

# Table 6.2 Construction & Establishment Periods

Event Action	Action			
level	ET	IEC	ER	Contractor
Design Check	Check final design conforms to the requirements of EP and prepare report.	<ul> <li>Check report.</li> <li>Recommend remedial design if necessary</li> </ul>	Undertake remedial design if necessary	
Non- conformity on one occasion	<ul> <li>Identify Source</li> <li>Inform IEC and ER</li> <li>Discuss remedial actions with IEC, ER and Contractor</li> <li>Monitor remedial actions until rectification has been completed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check report</li> <li>Check Contractor's working method</li> <li>Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures</li> <li>Advise ER on effectiveness of proposed remedial measures.</li> <li>Check implementation of remedial measures.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Notify Contractor</li> <li>Ensure remedial measures are properly implemented</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Amend working methods</li> <li>Rectify damage and undertake any necessary replacement</li> </ul>
Repeated Non- conformity	<ul> <li>Identify Source</li> <li>Inform IEC and ER</li> <li>Increase monitoring frequency</li> <li>Discuss remedial actions with IEC, ER and Contractor</li> <li>Monitor remedial actions until rectification has been completed</li> <li>If non- conformity stops, cease additional monitoring</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check monitoring report</li> <li>Check Contractor's working method</li> <li>Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures</li> <li>Advise ER on effectiveness of proposed remedial measures</li> <li>Supervise implementation of remedial measures.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Notify Contractor</li> <li>Ensure remedial measures are properly implemented</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Amend working methods</li> <li>Rectify damage and undertake any necessary replacement</li> </ul>

Event		n	
Action Level	Maintenance Agency	Management Agency	
Non- conformity	<ul> <li>Identify Source</li> <li>Discuss remedial actions with Management Agency</li> <li>Monitor remedial actions until rectification has been completed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check report</li> <li>Discuss with Maintenance Agency possible remedial measures</li> <li>Supervise implementation of remedial measures.</li> </ul>	

#### Table 6.3 Long Term Management

# 6.5 Mitigation Measures

6.5.1 The landscape and visual impact assessment of the EIA recommends a series on mitigation measures, as noted below:

### Landscape and Visual Mitigation Measures during Construction Phase

- Topsoil, where identified, should be stripped and stored for re-use in the construction of the soft landscape works, where practical (CM1);
- Existing trees to be retained on site should be carefully protected during construction (CM2);
- Trees unavoidably affected by the works should be transplanted where practical (CM3);
- Compensatory tree planting should be provided to compensate for felled trees (CM4);
- Control of night-time lighting (CM5);
- Erection of decorative screen hoarding compatible with the surrounding setting (CM6).

# Landscape and Visual Mitigation Measures during Operation Phase

- Aesthetic design of buildings and road-related structures, including viaducts, vent buildings, subways, footbridges and noise barriers and enclosure (OM1);
- Shrub and Climbing Plants to soften proposed structures (OM2);
- Buffer Tree and Shrub Planting to screen proposed roads and associated structures (OM3);
- Aesthetic streetscape design (OM5);
- Aesthetic design of roadside amenity areas (OM6).

# CONSTENTS

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# 9 SITE ENVIRONMENTAL AUDIT

#### 9.1 Site Inspections

- 9.1.1 Site inspections provide a direct means to initiate and enforce specified environmental protection and pollution control measures. These shall be undertaken routinely to inspect construction activities in order to ensure that appropriate environmental protection and pollution control mitigation measures are properly implemented. The site inspection is one of the most effective tools to enforce the environmental protection requirements at the works area.
- 9.1.2 The ET Leader shall be responsible for formulating the environmental site inspection, the deficiency and action reporting system, and for carrying out the site inspection works. Within 21 days of the construction contract commencement, he shall submit a proposal for site inspection and deficiency and action reporting procedures to the Contractor for agreement, and to the ER for approval. The ET's proposal for rectification would be made known to the IEC.
- 9.1.3 Regular site inspections shall be carried out at least once per week. The inspection shall not be limited to the environmental situation, pollution control and mitigation measures within the site; it should also review the environmental situation outside the works area which is likely to be affected, directly or indirectly, by the site activities. The ET Leader shall make reference to the following information in conducting the inspection:
  - (i) EIA recommendations on environmental protection and pollution control mitigation measures;
  - (ii) works progress and programme;
  - (iii) individual works methodology proposals (which shall include proposal on associated pollution control measures);
  - (iv) contract specifications on environmental protection;
  - (v) relevant environmental protection and pollution control laws; and
  - (vi) previous site inspection results.
- 9.1.4 The Contractor shall keep the ET Leader updated with all relevant information on the construction contract necessary for him to carry out site inspections. Inspection results and associated recommendations for improvements to the environmental protection and pollution control works shall be submitted to the IEC and the Contractor within 24 hours. The Contractor shall follow the procedures and time-frame as stipulated in the environmental site inspection, and the deficiency and action reporting system formulated by the ET Leader, to report on any remedial measures subsequent to the site inspections.
- 9.1.5 Ad hoc site inspections shall also be carried out if significant environmental problems are identified. Inspections may also be required subsequent to receipt of an environmental complaint, or as part of the investigation work, as specified in the Action Plan for environmental monitoring and audit.

# 9.2 Compliance with Legal and Contractual Requirements

- 9.2.1 There are contractual environmental protection and pollution control requirements as well as environmental protection and pollution control laws in Hong Kong with which construction activities must comply.
- 9.2.2 In order that the works are in compliance with the contractual requirements, all works method statements submitted by the Contractor to the ER for approval shall be sent to the ET Leader for

vetting to see whether sufficient environmental protection and pollution control measures have been included. The implementation schedule of mitigation measures is summarised in Appendix A.

- 9.2.3 The ET Leader shall also review the progress and programme of the works to check that relevant environmental laws have not been violated, and that any foreseeable potential for violating laws can be prevented.
- 9.2.4 The Contractor shall regularly copy relevant documents to the ET Leader so that works checking can be carried out. The document shall at least include the updated Works Progress Reports, updated Works Programme, any application letters for different licence / permits under the environmental protection laws, and copies of all valid licences / permits. The site diary shall also be available for the ET Leader's inspection upon his request.
- 9.2.5 After reviewing the document, the ET Leader shall advise the IEC and Contractor of any noncompliance with contractual and legislative requirements on environmental protection and pollution control for them to take follow-up actions. If the ET Leader's review concludes that the current status on licence / permit application and any environmental protection and pollution control preparation works may result in potential violation of environmental protection and pollution control requirements, he shall also advise the Contractor and the ER accordingly.
- 9.2.6 Upon receipt of the advice, the Contractor shall undertake immediate action to correct the situation. The ER shall follow up to ensure that appropriate action has been taken in order to satisfy contractual and legal requirements.

# 9.3 Environmental Complaints

- 9.3.1 Complaints shall be referred to the ET Leader for action. The ET Leader shall undertake the following procedures upon receipt of any complaint:
  - (i) log complaint and date of receipt onto the complaint database and inform the IEC and ER immediately;
  - (ii) investigate the complaint to determine its validity, and assess whether the source of the problem is due to works activities;
  - (iii) identify mitigation measures in consultation with the IEC if a complaint is valid and due to works;
  - (iv) advise the Contractor if mitigation measures are required;
  - (v) review the Contractor's response to identified mitigation measures, and the updated situation;
  - (vi) if the complaint is transferred from the EPD, submit interim report to the EPD on status of the complaint investigation and follow-up action within the time frame assigned by the EPD;
  - (vii) undertake additional monitoring and audit to verify the situation if necessary, and review the circumstances leading to the complaint (to ensure that any short comings) do not recur;
  - (viii) report investigation results and subsequent actions to complainant (if the source of complaint is EPD, the results should be reported within the timeframe assigned by the EPD); and
  - (ix) record the complaint, investigation, the subsequent actions and the results in the monthly EM&A reports.
- 9.3.2 During any complaint investigation work, the Contractor and ER shall co-operate with the ET Leader in providing all necessary information and assistance for completion of the investigation. If

mitigation measures are identified as being required in the investigation, the Contractor shall promptly carry out the mitigation. The ER shall ensure that all necessary measures have been carried out by the Contractor.

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10	REPO	RTING	10-1
-		General	
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		•	

# 10 REPORTING

# 10.1 General

- 10.1.1 Reports can be provided in an electronic medium upon agreeing the format with the ER and EPD. This would enable a transition from a paper / historic and reactive approach to an electronic / real time proactive approach. All the monitoring data (baseline and impact) shall also be submitted in diskettes. The format for air quality and noise monitoring data to be submitted in diskette is shown in Appendices B1 and B2.
- 10.1.2 Types of reports that the ET Leader shall prepare and submit include baseline monitoring report, monthly EM&A report, quarterly EM&A summary report and final EM&A review report. In accordance with Annex 21 of the EIAO-TM, a copy of the monthly, quarterly summary and final review EM&A reports shall be made available to the Director of Environmental Protection.

# **10.2 Baseline Monitoring Report**

- 10.2.1 The ET Leader shall prepare and submit a Baseline Environmental Monitoring Report within 10 working days of completion of the baseline monitoring. Copies of the Baseline Environmental Monitoring Report shall be submitted to the Contractor, the IEC, the ER and the EPD. The ET Leader shall liaise with the relevant parties on the exact number of copies they require. The report format and baseline monitoring data format shall be agreed with the EPD prior to submission.
- 10.2.2 The baseline monitoring report shall include at least the following:
  - (i) up to half a page executive summary;
  - (ii) brief project background information;
  - (iii) drawings showing locations of the baseline monitoring stations;
  - (iv) monitoring results (in both hard and diskette copies) together with the following information:
    - monitoring methodology;
    - name of laboratory and types of equipment used and calibration details;
    - parameters monitored;
    - monitoring locations;
    - monitoring date, time, frequency and duration; and
    - quality assurance (QA) / quality control (QC) results and detection limits.

(v) details of influencing factors, including:

major activities, if any, being carried out on the site during the period;

weather conditions during the period; and

other factors which might affect results;

- (vi) determination of the Action and Limit Levels for each monitoring parameter and statistical analysis of the baseline data, the analysis shall conclude if there is any significant difference between control and impact stations for the parameters monitored;
- (vii) revisions for inclusion in the EM&A Manual; and
- (viii) comments, recommendations and conclusions.

#### 10.3 Monthly EM&A Reports

- 10.3.1 The results and findings of all EM&A work required in the Manual shall be recorded in the monthly EM&A reports prepared by the ET Leader. The EM&A report shall be prepared and submitted within 10 working days of the end of each reporting month, with the first report due the month after construction commences. Each monthly EM&A report shall be submitted to the following parties: the Contractor, the IEC, the ER and the EPD. Before submission of the first EM&A report, the ET Leader shall liaise with the parties on the required number of copies and format of the monthly reports in both hard copy and electronic medium.
- 10.3.2 The ET leader shall review the number and location of monitoring stations and parameters every six months, or on as needed basis, in order to cater for any changes in the surrounding environment and the nature of works in progress.

First Monthly EM&A Report

- 10.3.3 The first monthly EM&A report shall include at least the following :
  - (i) executive summary (1 2 pages):
    - · breaches of Action and Limit levels;
    - complaint log;
    - notifications of any summons and successful prosecutions;
    - reporting changes; and
    - future key issues.
  - (ii) basic project information:
    - project organisation including key personnel contact names and telephone numbers;
    - programme;
    - management structure, and
    - work undertaken during the month;
  - (iii) environmental status:

- works undertaken during the month with illustrations (such as location of works, daily excavation rate, etc); and
- drawing showing the project area, any environmental sensitive receivers and the locations of the monitoring and control stations (with co-ordinates of the monitoring locations);
- (iv) a brief summary of EM&A requirements including:
  - all monitoring parameters;
  - environmental quality performance limits (Action and Limit levels);
  - Event-Action Plans;
  - environmental mitigation measures, as recommended in the project EIA report; and
  - environmental requirements in contract documents;
- (v) implementation status:
  - advice on the implementation status of environmental protection and pollution control / mitigation measures, as recommended in the project EIA;
- (vi) monitoring results (in both hard and diskette copies) together with the following information:
  - monitoring methodology;
  - name of laboratory and types of equipment used and calibration details;
  - parameters monitored;
  - monitoring locations;
  - monitoring date, time, frequency, and duration;
  - weather conditions during the period;
  - any other factors which might affect the monitoring results; and
  - QA/QC results and detection limits;
- (vii) report on non-compliance, complaints, and notifications of summons and successful prosecutions:
  - record of all non-compliance (exceedances) of the environmental quality performance limits (Action and Limit levels);
  - record of all complaints received (written or verbal) for each media, including locations and nature of complaints investigation, liaison and consultation undertaken, actions and followup procedures taken, results and summary;
  - record of all notification of summons and successful prosecutions for breaches of current environmental protection / pollution control legislation, including locations and nature of the breaches, investigation, follow-up actions taken, results and summary;
  - review of the reasons for and the implications of non-compliance, complaints, summons and prosecutions including review of pollution sources and working procedures; and

- description of the actions taken in the event of non-compliance and deficiency reporting and any follow-up procedures related to earlier non-compliance;
- (viii) others
  - an account of the future key issues as reviewed from the works programme and work method statements;
  - advice on the solid and liquid waste management status; and
  - comments (for example, effectiveness and efficiency of the mitigation measures), recommendations (for example, any improvement in the EM&A programme) and conclusions.

#### Subsequent EM&A Reports

- 10.3.4 Subsequent monthly EM&A reports shall include the following:
  - (i) executive summary (1 2 pages):
    - breaches of Action and Limit levels;
    - · complaints log;
    - notifications of any summons and successful prosecutions;
    - · reporting changes; and
    - future key issues.
  - (ii) basic project information:
    - project organisation including key personnel contact names and telephone numbers;
    - programme;
    - management structure; and
    - work undertaken during the month.
  - (iii) environmental status:
    - works undertaken during the month with illustrations (such as location of works, daily excavation rate, etc.); and
    - drawing showing the project area, any environmental sensitive receivers and the locations of the monitoring and control stations.
  - (iv) implementation status:
    - advice on the implementation status of environmental protection and pollution control / mitigation measures, as recommended in the project EIA.
  - (v) monitoring results (in both hard and diskette copies) together with the following information:
    - monitoring methodology;

- name of laboratory and types of equipment used and calibration details;
- · parameters monitored;
- monitoring locations;
- monitoring date, time, frequency, and duration;
- weather conditions during the period;
- any other factors which might affect the monitoring results; and
- QA/QC results and detection limits.
- (vi) report on non-compliance, complaints, and notifications of summons and successful prosecutions:
  - record of all non-compliance (exceedances) of the environmental quality performance limits (Action and Limit levels);
  - record of all complaints received (written or verbal) for each media, including locations and nature of complaints investigation, liaison and consultation undertaken, actions and followup procedures taken, results and summary;
  - record of all notification of summons and successful prosecutions for breaches of current environmental protection / pollution control legislation, including locations and nature of the breaches, investigation, follow-up actions taken, results and summary;
  - review of the reasons for and the implications of non-compliance, complaints, summons and prosecutions including review of pollution sources and working procedures; and
  - description of the actions taken in the event of non-compliance and deficiency reporting and any follow-up procedures related to earlier non-compliance.
- (vii) others
  - an account of the future key issues as reviewed from the works programme and work method statements;
  - advice on the solid and liquid waste management status; and
  - comments (for example, effectiveness and efficiency of the mitigation measures), recommendations (for example, any improvement in the EM&A programme) and conclusions.
- (viii) appendix
  - Action and Limit levels;
  - graphical plots of trends of monitored parameters at key stations over the past four reporting periods for representative monitoring stations annotated against the following:
    - a) major activities being carried out on site during the period;
    - b) weather conditions during the period; and
    - c) any other factors that might affect the monitoring results.

- monitoring schedule for the present and next reporting period;
- cumulative statistics on complaints, notifications of summons and successful prosecutions; and
- outstanding issues and deficiencies.

#### 10.4 Quarterly EM&A Summary Reports

- 10.4.1 A quarterly EM&A summary report of around 5 pages shall be produced and shall contain at least the following information:
  - (i) executive summary (1 2 pages);
  - (ii) basic project information including a synopsis of the project organisation, programme, contacts of key management, and a synopsis of work undertaken during the quarter;
  - (iii) a brief summary of EM&A requirements including:
    - monitoring parameters;
    - environmental quality performance limits (Action and Limit levels); and
    - environmental mitigation measures, as recommended in the project EIA Final Report;
  - (iv) advice on the implementation status of environmental protection and pollution control / mitigation measures, as recommended in the project EIA Report, summarised in the updated implementation schedule;
  - drawings showing the project area, any environmental sensitive receivers and the locations of the monitoring and control stations;
  - (vi) graphical plots of any trends in monitored parameters over the past four months (the last month of the previous quarter and the present quarter) for representative monitoring stations annotated against:
    - the major activities being carried out on site during the period;
    - weather conditions during the period; and
    - any other factors which might affect the monitoring results;
  - (vii) advice on the solid and liquid waste management status;
  - (viii) a summary of non-compliance (exceedance) of the environmental quality performance limits (Action and Limit levels);
  - (ix) a brief review of the reasons for and the implications of any non-compliance, including a review of pollution sources and working procedures;
  - (x) a summary description of actions taken in the event of non-compliance and any follow-up procedures related to any earlier non-compliance;
  - (xi) a summarised record of all complaints received (written or verbal) for each media, liaison and consultation undertaken, actions and follow-up procedures taken;

- (xii) comments (for example, a review of the effectiveness and efficiency of the mitigation measures and the performance of the environmental management system, that is, of the overall EM&A programme); recommendations (for example, any improvement in the EM&A programme) and conclusions for the quarter; and
- (xiii) proponents' contacts and any hotline telephone number for the public to make enquiries.

# 10.5 Final EM&A Review Reports

- 10.5.1 The final EM&A report should contain at least the following information:
  - (i) executive summary (1 2 pages);
  - (ii) drawings showing the project area, any environmental sensitive receivers and the locations of the monitoring and control stations;
  - basic project information including a synopsis of the project organisation, contacts of key management, and a synopsis of work undertaken during the course of the project or past twelve months;
  - (iv) a brief summary of EM&A requirements including:
    - environmental mitigation measures, as recommended in the project EIA Report;
    - · environmental impact hypotheses tested;
    - environmental quality performance limits (Action and Limit levels);
    - all monitoring parameters;
    - Event-Action Plans.
  - (v) a summary of the implementation status of environmental protection and pollution control / mitigation measures, as recommended in the project EIA Report, summarised in the updated implementation schedule;
  - (vi) graphical plots and the statistical analysis of the trends of monitored parameters over the course of the project, including the post-project monitoring (or the past twelve months for annual reports) for all monitoring stations annotated against:
    - the major activities being carried out on site during the period;
    - weather conditions during the period; and
    - any other factors which might affect the monitoring results;
  - (vii) a summary of non-compliance (exceedances) of the environmental quality performance limits (Action and Limit levels);
  - (viii) a review of the reasons for and the implications of non-compliance including review of pollution sources and working procedures as appropriate;
  - (ix) a description of the actions taken in the event of non-compliance;
  - (x) a summary record of all complaints received (written or verbal) for each media, liaison and consultation undertaken, actions and follow-up procedures taken;

- (xi) a summary record of notifications of summons and successful prosecutions for breaches of the current environmental protection / pollution control legislation, locations and nature of the breaches, investigation follow-up actions taken and results;
- (xii) a review of the validity of EIA predictions and identification of shortcomings in EIA recommendations; and
- (xiii) comments (for example, a review of the effectiveness and efficiency of the mitigation measures and of the performance of the environmental management system, that is, of the overall EM&A programme);
- (xix) recommendations and conclusions (for example, a review of success of the overall EM&A programme to cost-effectively identify deterioration and to initiate prompt effective mitigatory action when necessary).

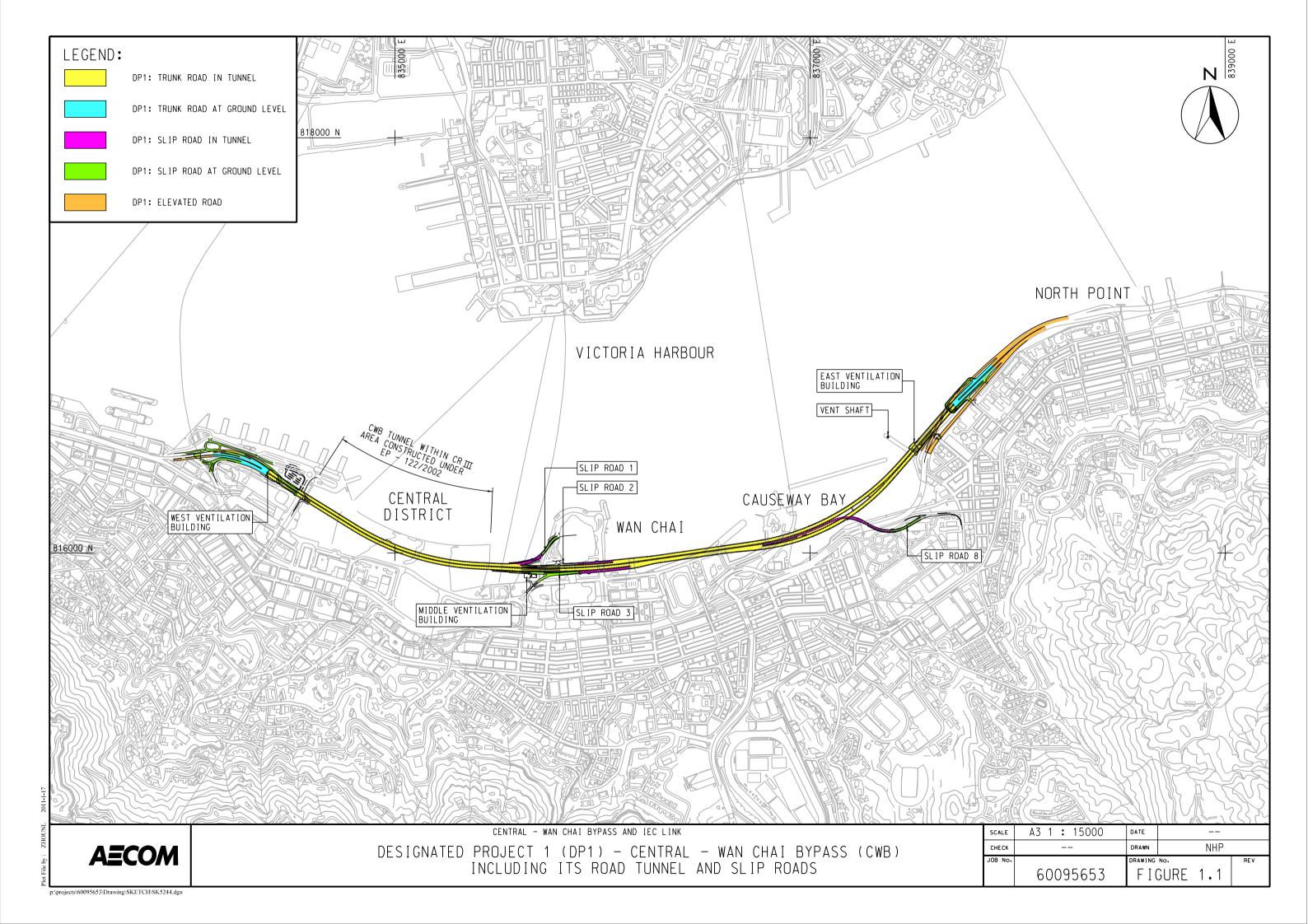
# 10.6 Data Keeping

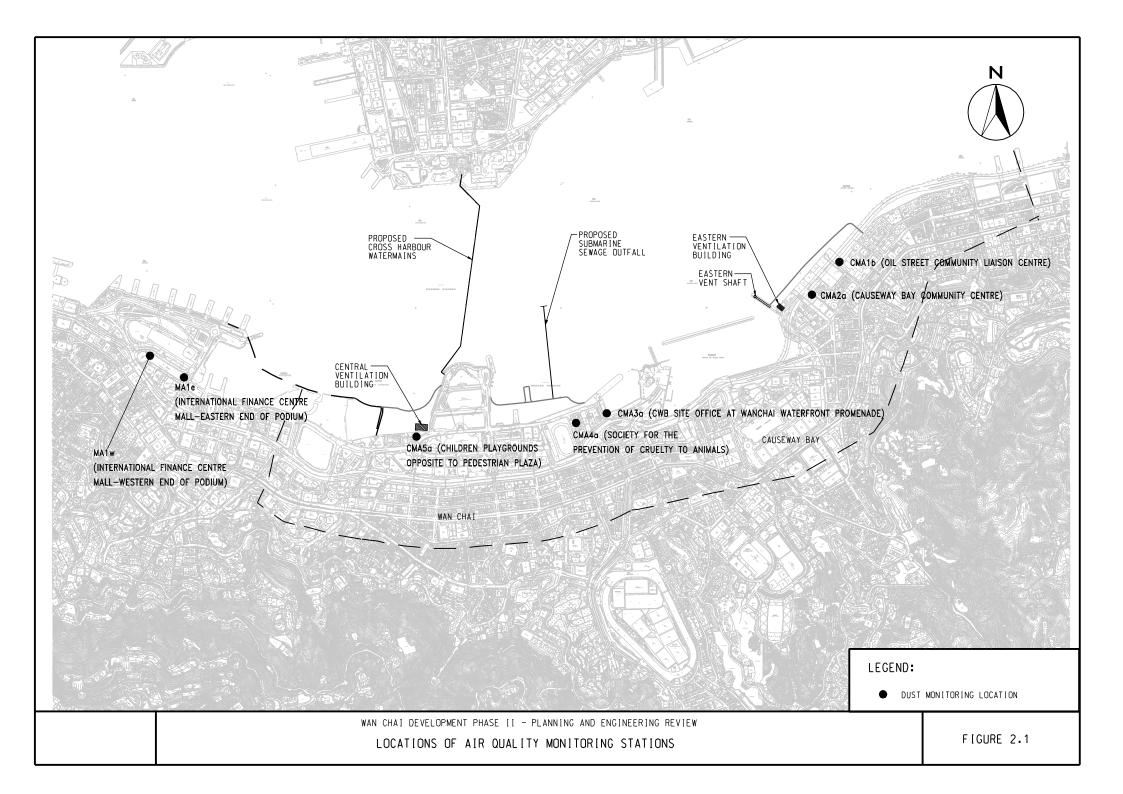
10.6.1 No site-based documents (such as monitoring field records, laboratory analysis records, site inspection forms, etc.) are required to be included in the monthly EM&A reports. However, any such document shall be well kept by the ET Leader and be ready for inspection upon request. All relevant information shall be clearly and systematically recorded in the document. Monitoring data shall also be recorded in magnetic media form, and the software copy must be available upon request. Data format shall be agreed with the EPD. All documents and data shall be kept for at least one year following completion of the construction contract.

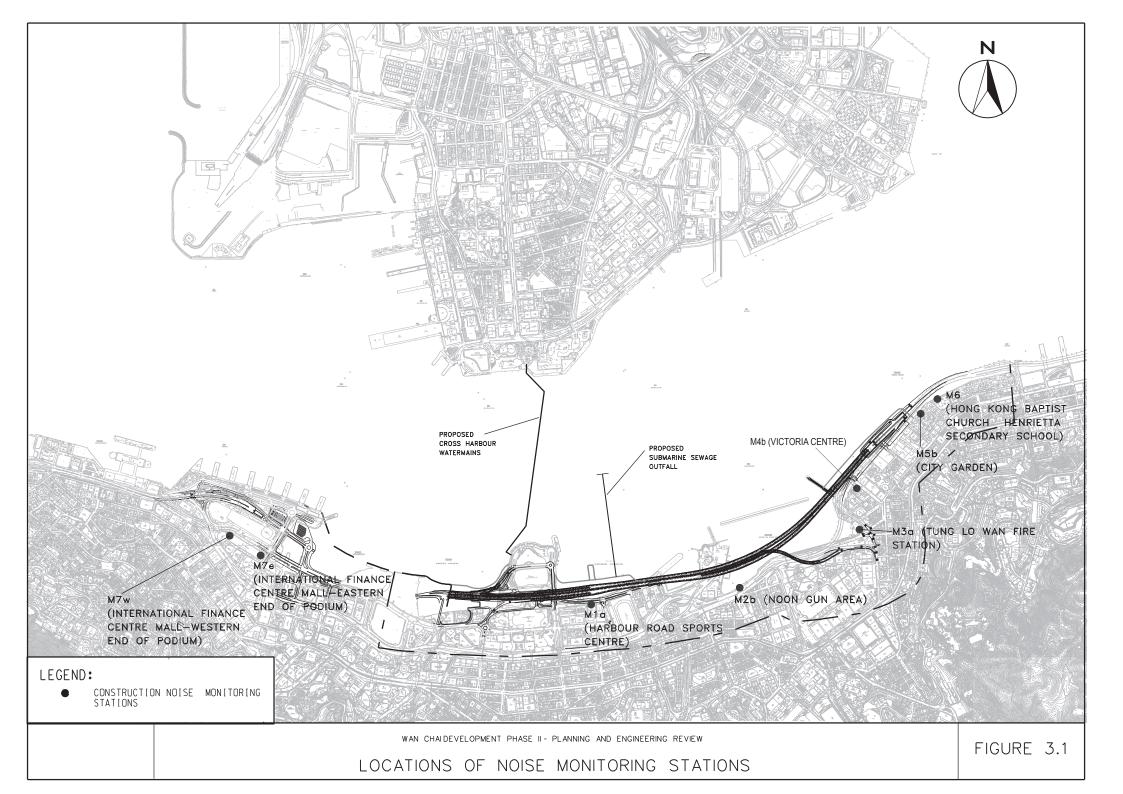
#### **10.7** Interim Notifications of Environmental Quality Limit Exceedances

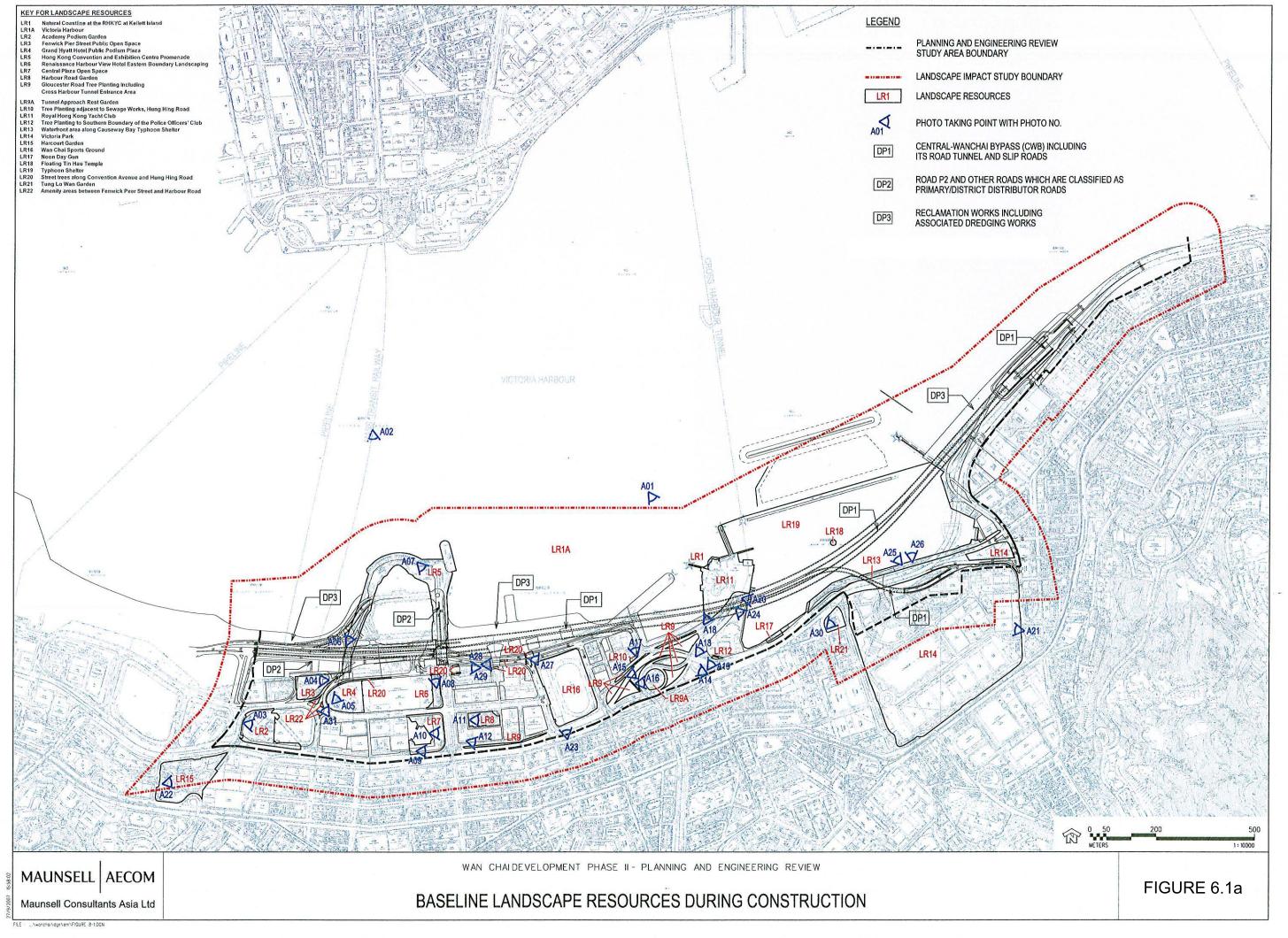
10.7.1 With reference to the Event and Action Plan, when the environmental quality performance limits are exceeded, the ET Leader shall immediately notify the IEC and EPD, as appropriate. The notification shall be followed up with advice to IEC and EPD on the results of the investigation, proposed actions and success of the actions taken, with any necessary follow-up proposals. A sample template for the interim notifications is presented in Appendix C.

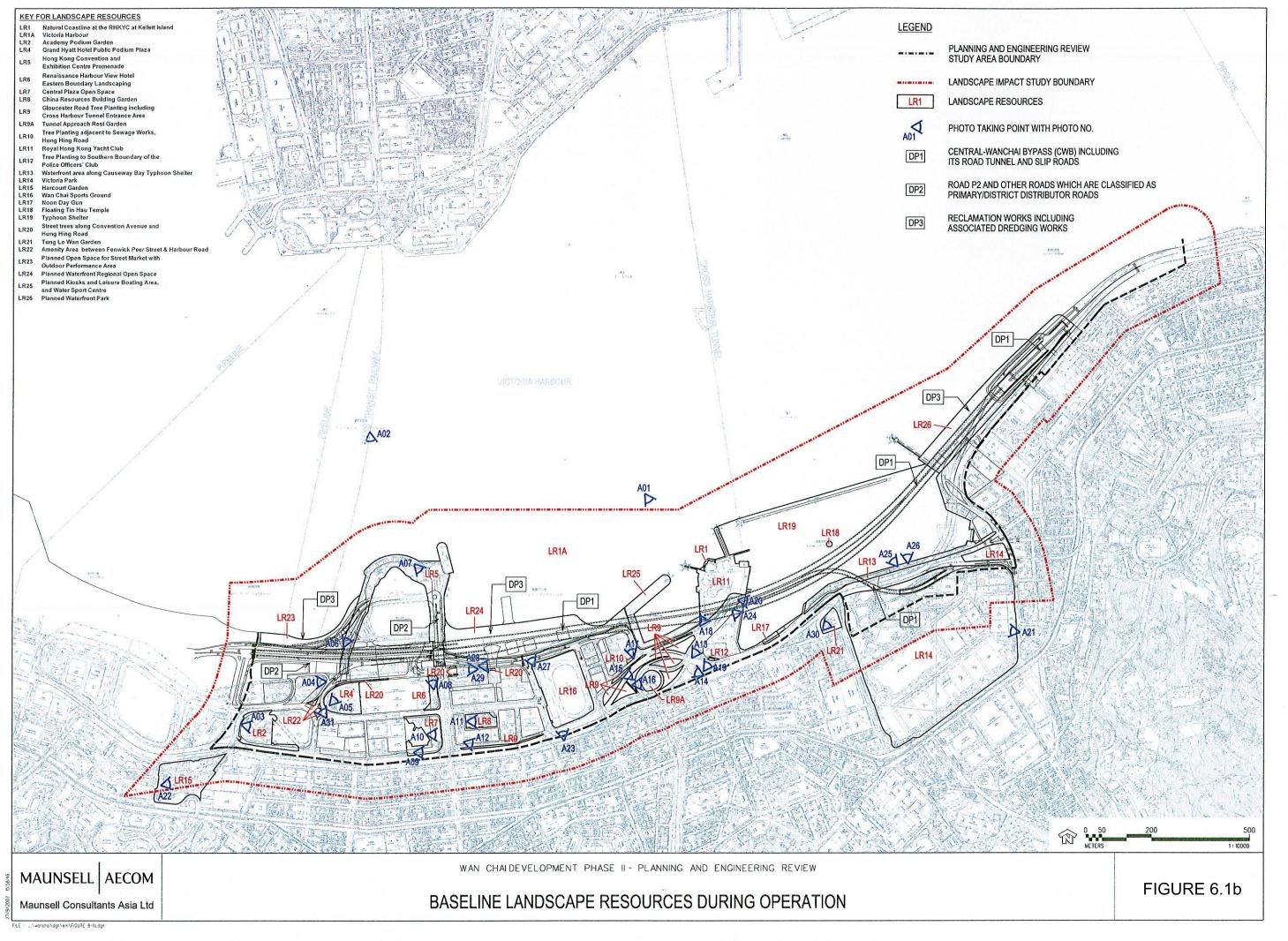
**Figures** 

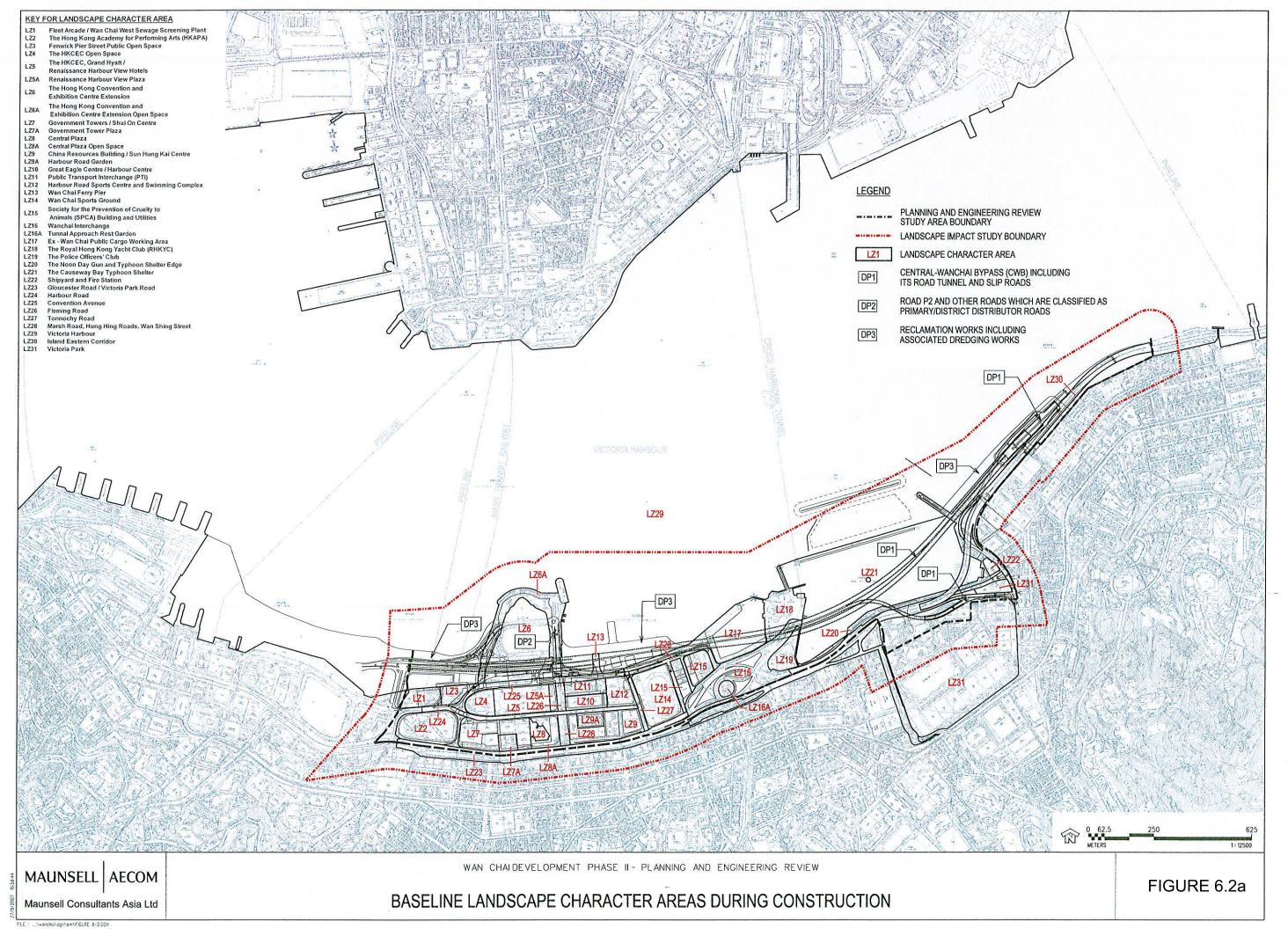


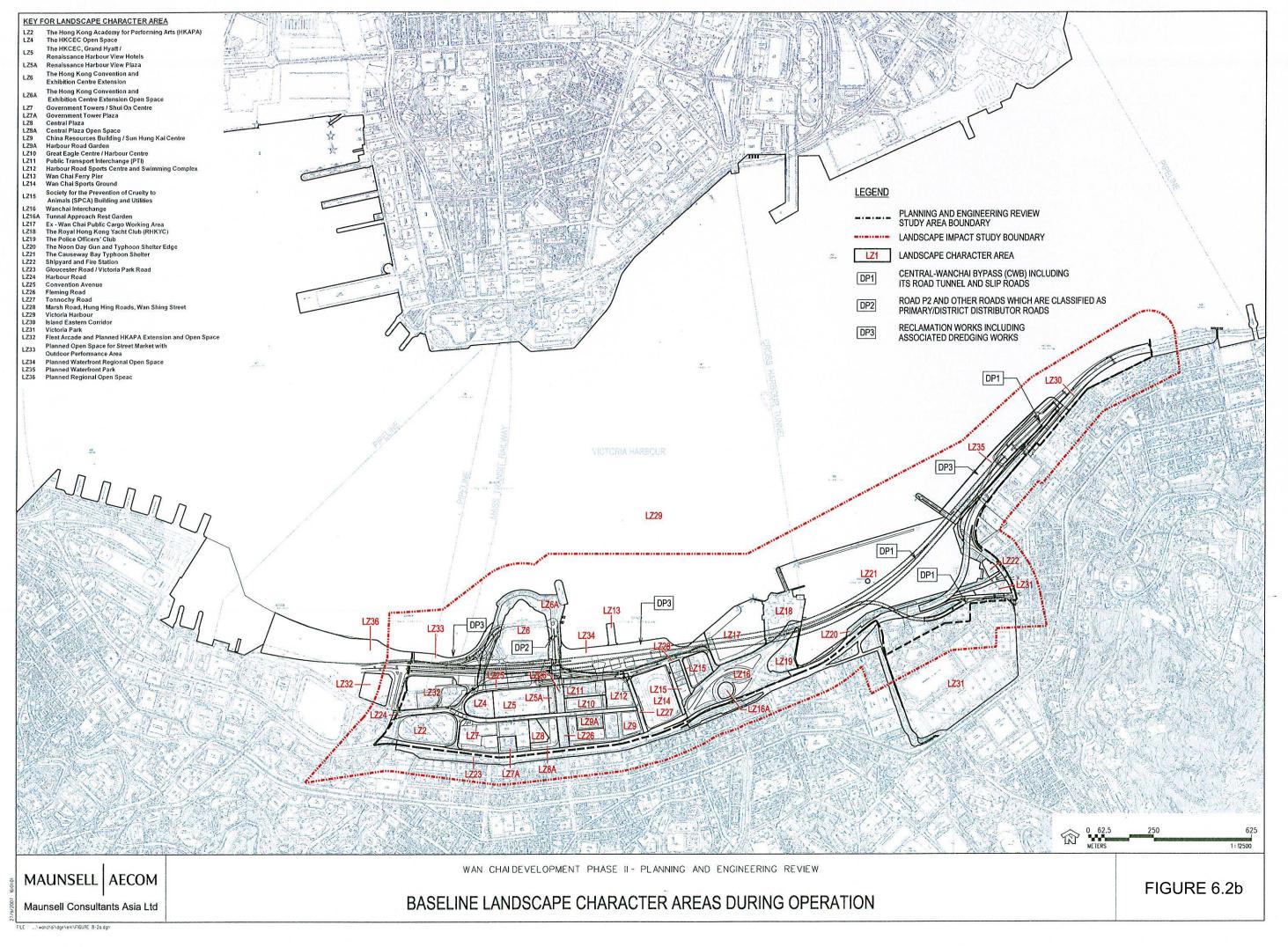


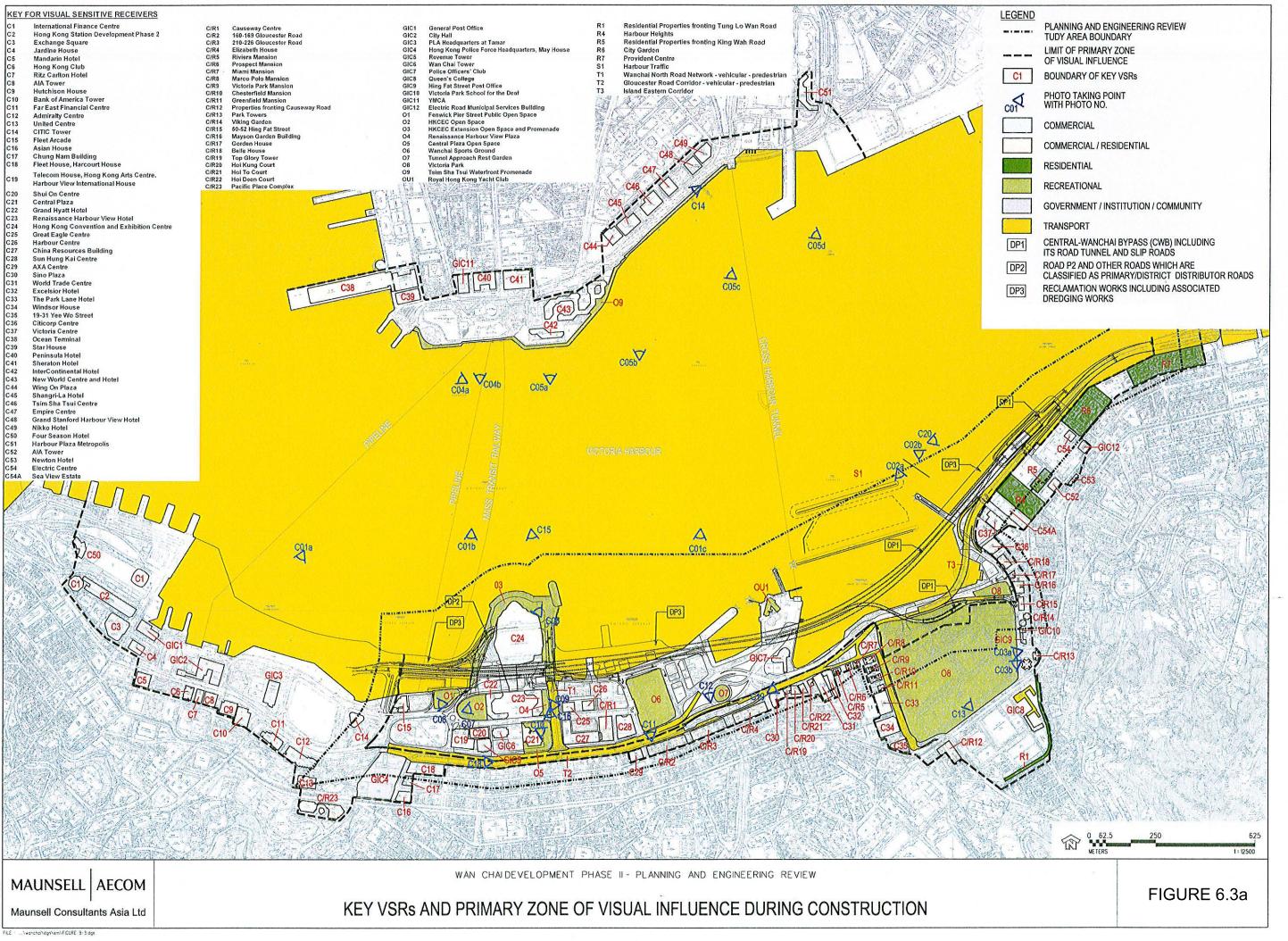


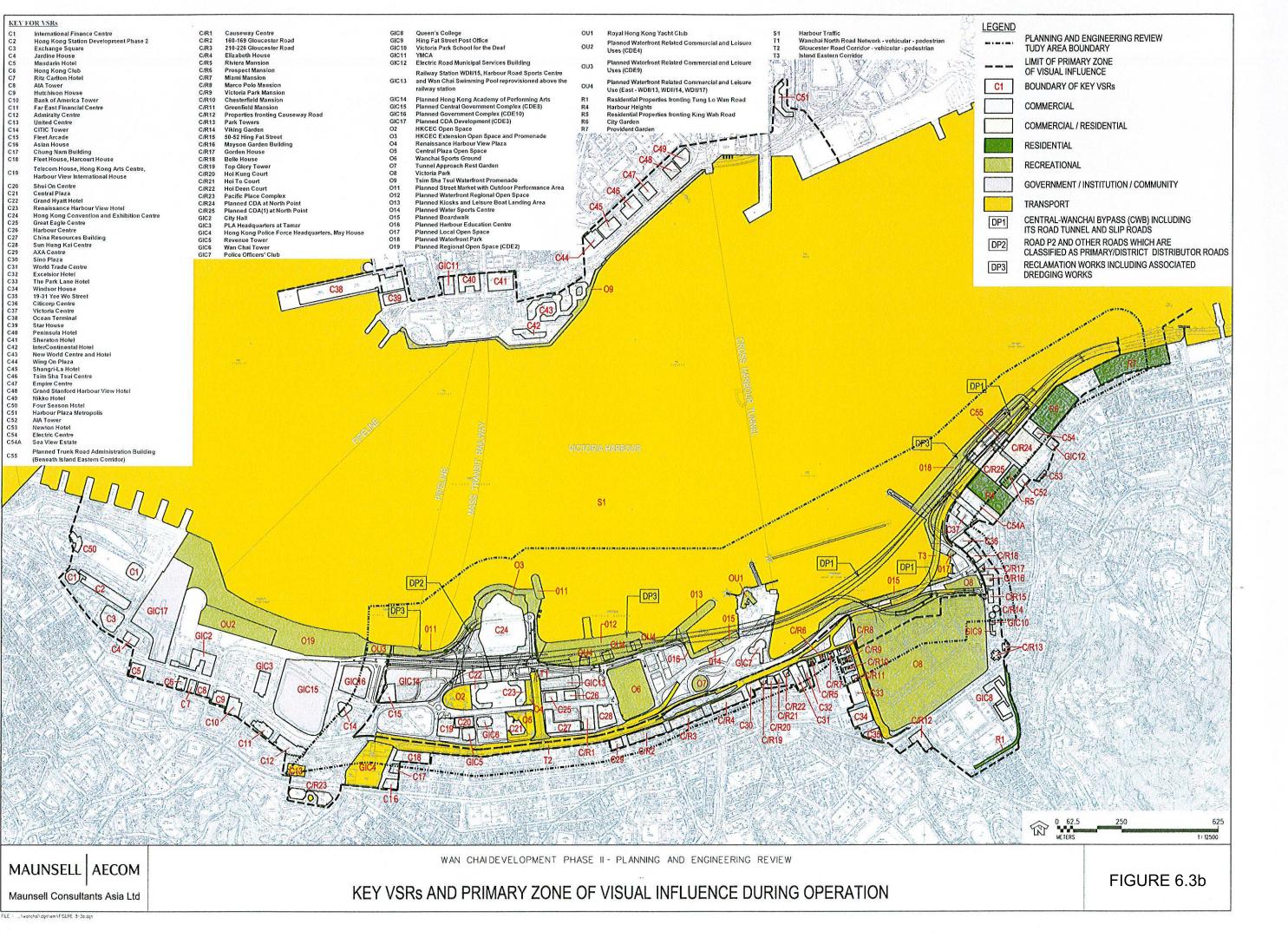


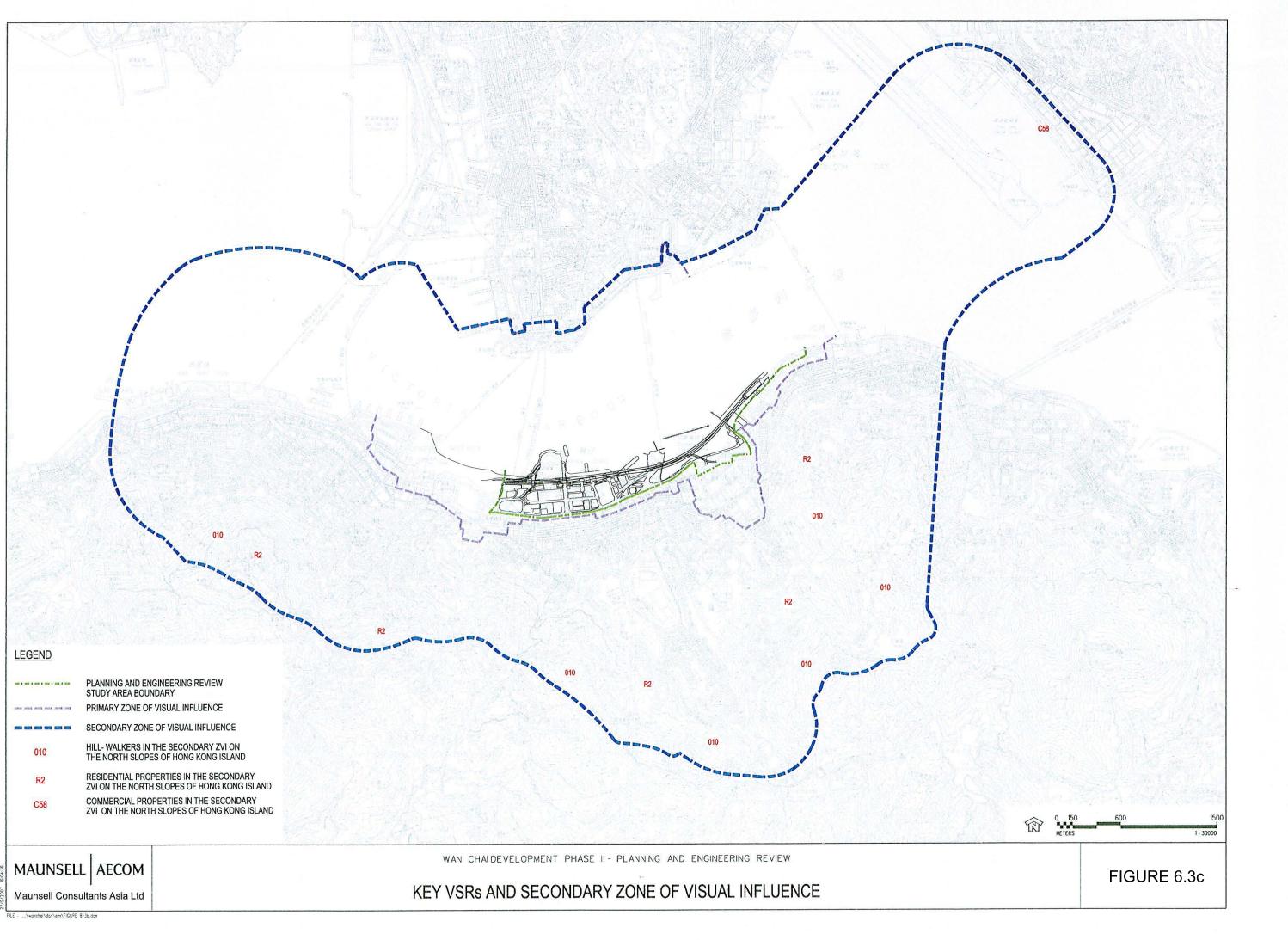












# Appendix A Implementation Schedule

### IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE OF THE PROPOSED MITIGATION MEASURES

#### Table A.1Implementation Schedule for Air Quality Control

WDII & CWB EIA	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation	In	-	nentat nges*	ion	Relevant Legislation
Report Ref	Environmental Frotection weasures / whitgation weasures		Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	and Guidelines
Constructio	n Phase							
\$3.6.5	Four times a day watering of the work site with active operations.	Work site / during construction	Contractor		$\checkmark$			EIAO-TM
S3.8.1	<ul> <li>Implementation of dust suppression measures stipulated in Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation. The following mitigation measures, good site practices and a comprehensive dust monitoring and audit programme are recommended to minimise cumulative dust impacts.</li> <li>Strictly limit the truck speed on site to below 10 km per hour and water spraying to keep the haul roads in wet condition;</li> <li>Watering during excavation and material handling;</li> <li>Provision of vehicle wheel and body washing facilities at the exit points of the site, combined with cleaning of public roads where necessary; and</li> <li>Tarpaulin covering of all dusty vehicle loads transported to, from and between site locations.</li> </ul>	Work site / during construction	Contractor					
Operational	Phase							L
\$3.6.53 – \$3.6.54	The design parameters of the East and Central Ventilation Buildings as set in Tables 3.10 and 3.11 of Volume 1 of the WDII & CWB EIA Report.	East and Central Ventilation Buildings / During operation of the Trunk Road	HyD			$\checkmark$		
\$3.10.2	Air quality monitoring for the operation performance of the East Ventilation Building and associated East Vent Shaft will be conducted.	East Vent Shaft / During operation of the East Ventilation Building and associated East Vent Shaft	HyD			V		EIAO-TM

\* Des - Design, C - Construction, O - Operation, and Dec - Decommissioning

#### EP-364/2009/A Table A.2

## Table A.2Implementation Schedule for Noise Control

WDII & CWB EIA	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation	In		nentat 1ges*	ion	Relevant Legislation
Report Ref	Environmental r lotection weasures / whitgation weasures	Location / Timing	Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	and Guidelines
Constructio	n Phase							
S4.9.3	<ul> <li>Good Site Practice:</li> <li>Only well-maintained plant shall be operated on-site and plant shall be serviced regularly during the construction program.</li> <li>Silencers or mufflers on construction equipment shall be utilized and shall be properly maintained during the construction program.</li> <li>Mobile plant, if any, shall be sited as far away from NSRs as possible.</li> <li>Machines and plant (such as trucks) that may be in intermittent use shall be shut down between works periods or shall be throttled down to a minimum.</li> <li>Plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction shall, wherever possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from the nearby NSRs.</li> <li>Material stockpiles and other structures shall be effectively</li> </ul>	Work Sites / During Construction	Contractor		V			EIAO-TM, NCO
S4.8.1 – S4.8.11	<ul> <li>utilized, wherever practicable, in screening noise from on- site construction activities.</li> <li>Use of quiet powered mechanical equipment, movable noise barrier and temporary noise barrier for the following tasks: <ul> <li>Slip road 8 tunnel</li> <li>Construction of diaphragm wall and substructures of the tunnel approach ramp</li> <li>Excavation</li> <li>Construction of slabs</li> <li>Backfill</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Work Sites / During Construction	Contractor		V			EIAO-TM, NCO

EP-364/2009//	A							1&A Manual – Appendix A
WDII & CWB EIA		I and the ATT and a	Implementation	Im		nentat 1ges*	ion	<b>Relevant Legislation</b>
Report Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	and Guidelines
	<ul> <li>Demolition and construction of substructures for the IEC</li> <li>Demolition works of existing piers and crossheads of the marine section of the existing IEC</li> </ul>							
	<ul><li>Use of PME grouping for the following tasks:</li><li>At-grade road construction</li><li>Substructure for IECL connection</li></ul>							
Operation 1	Phase							
S4.8.12 – S4.8.23	For Existing NSRs	Near North Point / Before commencement of	HyD	$\checkmark$				EIAO-TM
	• about 235m length of noise semi-enclosure with transparent panel covering the westbound slip road from the IEC	operation of road project						
	• about 230m length of noise semi-enclosure with transparent panel covering the main carriageways (eastbound and westbound) of the CWB and IEC							
	• about 135m length of 5.5m high cantilevered noise barrier with 4.5m cantilever inclined at 45° with transparent panel on the eastbound slip road to the IEC (amended under EP-364/2009/A)							
	• about 95m length of 5.5m high cantilevered noise barrier with 1m cantilever inclined at 45° with transparent panel on the eastbound slip road to the IEC							
	• about 350m length of 3.5m high vertical noise barrier with transparent panel on the eastbound slip road to the IEC							
	• low noise road surfacing for the trunk road (except tunnel section and beneath the landscaped deck at the eastern portal area) with speed limit of 70 km/hour							

EP-364/2009/A	Ν					Up	dated El	M&A Manual – Appendix A
WDII & CWB EIA	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation	In	Implementation Stages*		ion	Relevant Legislation
Report Ref	Environmental i l'otection vicasul es / virugation vicasul es		Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	and Guidelines
	<ul> <li>For Future/Planned NSRs</li> <li>about 265m length of noise semi-enclosure with transparent panel covering the westbound slip road from the IEC</li> </ul>	In between the Electric Centre (next to City Garden) and CDA(1) site / Before occupation of Planned NSRs in CDA and CDA(1) sites.	HyD	V	√ #			
	• The openable windows of the temple, if any, should be orientated so as to avoid direct line of sight to the existing Victoria Park Road as far as practicable.	Near Causeway Bay Fire Station / During detailed design of the re- provisioned Tin Hau Temple	Project Proponent for the re-provisioned Tin Hau Temple	V				

\* Des - Design, C - Construction, O – Operation, and Dec - Decommissioning
# Only the steel frame for this section of noise semi-enclosure would be erected in advance during the construction of the westbound slip road.

Table A.3	Implementation Schedule for Water Quality Control															
WDII & CWB EIA		Location /	Implementation	In		entati ges*	on	Relevant Legislation								
Report Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Timing	Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	and Guidelines								
Constructio	on Phase															
S5.8	Construction Runoff and Drainage	Work site /	Contractor		$\checkmark$			ProPECC PN 1/94;								
	Exposed soil areas should be minimised to reduce the potential for increased siltation, contamination of runoff, and erosion. Construction runoff related impacts associated with the above ground construction activities can be readily controlled through the use of sediment traps and adequate maintenance of drainage systems to prevent flooding and overflow.	During the construction period						WPCO (TM-DSS)								
	Construction site should be provided with adequately designed perimeter channel and pre-treatment facilities and proper maintenance. The boundaries of critical areas of earthworks should be marked and surrounded by dykes or embankments for flood protection. Temporary ditches should be provided to facilitate runoff discharge into the appropriate watercourses, via a silt retention pond. Permanent drainage channels should incorporate sediment basins or traps and baffles to enhance deposition rates. The design of efficient silt removal facilities should be based on the guidelines in Appendix A1 of ProPECC PN 1/94.															
	Ideally, construction works should be programmed to minimise surface excavation works during the rainy season (April to September). All exposed earth areas should be completed as soon as possible after earthworks have been completed, or alternatively, within 14 days of the cessation of earthworks where practicable. If excavation of soil cannot be avoided during the rainy season, or at any time of year when rainstorms are likely, exposed slope surfaces should be covered by tarpaulin or other means.															
	A sediment tank constructed from pre-formed individual cells of approximately 6 - 8 m3 capacity can be used for settling ground water prior to disposal;															
	Open stockpiles of construction materials (for examples, aggregates, sand and fill material) of more than 50 $\text{m}^3$ should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms. Measures should be taken to prevent the washing away of construction materials, soil, silt or debris into any drainage system.															

EP-364/2009// WDII & CWB EIA		Location /	Implementation	Implementation Stages*				A Manual – Appendix A Relevant Legislation
Report Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Timing	Agent	Des	C	0	Dec	and Guidelines
S5.8	Manholes (including newly constructed ones) should always be adequately covered and temporarily sealed so as to prevent silt, construction materials or debris being washed into the drainage system and storm runoff being directed into foul sewers.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		V			ProPECC PN 1/94; WPCO (TM-DSS)
	Precautions to be taken at any time of year when rainstorms are likely, actions to be taken when a rainstorm is imminent or forecast, and actions to be taken during or after rainstorms are summarised in Appendix A2 of ProPECC PN 1/94. Particular attention should be paid to the control of silty surface runoff during storm events.							WPCO (TM-DSS)
	Oil interceptors should be provided in the drainage system and regularly cleaned to prevent the release of oils and grease into the storm water drainage system after accidental spillages. The interceptor should have a bypass to prevent flushing during periods of heavy rain.							
	All vehicles and plant should be cleaned before leaving a construction site to ensure no earth, mud, debris and the like is deposited by them on roads. An adequately designed and located wheel washing bay should be provided at every site exit, and wash-water should have sand and silt settled out and removed at least on a weekly basis to ensure the continued efficiency of the process. The section of access road leading to, and exiting from, the wheel- wash bay to the public road should be paved with sufficient backfall toward the wheel-wash bay to prevent vehicle tracking of soil and silty water to public roads and drains.							
S5.8	It is recommended that on-site drainage system should be installed prior to the commencement of other construction activities. Sediment traps should be installed in order to minimise the sediment loading of the effluent prior to discharge into foul sewers. There shall be no direct discharge of effluent from the site into the sea.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		V			ProPECC PN 1/94; WPCO (TM-DSS)
	All temporary and permanent drainage pipes and culverts provided to facilitate runoff discharge shall be adequately designed for the controlled release of storm flows. All sediment control measures shall be regularly inspected and maintained to ensure proper and efficient operation at all times and particularly following rain storms. The temporarily diverted drainage shall be reinstated to its original condition when the construction work is finished or the temporary diversion is no longer required.							

WDII & CWB EIA	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location /	Implementation	In	Implementation Stages*			Relevant Legislation
Report Ref	Environmental i rotection measures / mitigation measures	Timing	Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	and Guidelines
	All fuel tanks and store areas shall be provided with locks and be sited on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity.							
S5.8	Sewage from Construction Work Force Construction work force sewage discharges on site shall be connected to the existing trunk sewer or sewage treatment facilities. The construction sewage shall be handled by portable chemical toilets prior to the commission of the on-site sewer system. Appropriate numbers of portable toilets shall be provided by a licensed contractor to serve the large number of construction workers over the construction site. The Contractor shall also be responsible for waste disposal and maintenance practices.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		$\checkmark$			ProPECC PN 1/94; WPCO (TM-DSS)
S5.8	<i>Floating Debris and Refuse</i> Collection and removal of floating refuse shall be performed at regular intervals on a daily basis. The contractor shall be responsible for keeping the water within the site boundary and the neighbouring water free from rubbish.	Work site and adjacent water / During the construction period.	Contractor		$\checkmark$			WPCO
S5.8	Storm Water Discharges Minimum distances of 100 m shall be maintained between the existing or planned stormwater discharges and the existing or planned WSD flushing water intakes.	Work site and adjacent water / During the design and construction period.	Contractor	V	$\checkmark$			WPCO
<b>Operation</b>	Phase	-			-			
S5.8	For the operation of CWB, a surface water drainage system would be provided to collect road runoff. The following operation stage mitigation measures are recommended to ensure road runoff would comply with the TM under the WPCO:	CWB/During design and operational period	HyD/TD <sup>3</sup>	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$		WPCO

EP-364/2009//								A Manual – Appendix A
WDII & CWB EIA		Location /	Implementation	In		entati ges*	on	Relevant Legislation
Report Ref	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Timing	Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	and Guidelines
	• The drainage from tunnel sections shall be directed through petrol interceptors to remove oil and grease before being discharged to the nearby foul water manholes.							
	• Petrol interceptors shall be regularly cleaned and maintained in good working condition.							
	• Oily contents of the petrol interceptors shall be properly handled and disposed of, in compliance with the requirements of the Waste Disposal Ordinance.							
	• Sewage arising from ancillary facilities of CWB (for examples, car park, control room, ventilation and administration buildings and tunnel portals) shall be connected to public sewerage system. Sufficient capacity in public sewerage shall be made available to the proposed facilities.							
	• Road drainage shall also be provided with adequately designed silt trap to minimize discharge of silty runoff.							
	• The design of the operational stage mitigation measures for CWB shall take into account the guidelines published in ProPECC PN 5/93 "Drainage Plans subject to Comment by the EPD." All operational discharges from the CWB into drainage or sewerage systems are required to be licensed by EPD under the WPCO.							

\* Des - Design, C - Construction, O – Operation, and Dec - Decommissioning <sup>3</sup> if employ Management, Operation and Maintenance (MOM) Contract

#### EP-364/2009/A

## Table A.4 Implementation Schedule for Waste Management

WDII & CWB EIA	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation	In		entati ges*	on	Relevant Legislation
Report Ref	Environmental Frotection Measures / Witugation Measures	Location / Thining	Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	and Guidelines
Constructio	n Phase							
S6.5.14	<i>Floating Refuse</i> During the construction phase, the project proponent's contractor will be responsible for the collection of any refuse within their works area.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		$\checkmark$			
S6.6.1	<ul> <li><i>Good Site Practices</i></li> <li>Recommendations for good site practices during the construction activities include:</li> <li>nomination of an approved person, such as a site manager, to be responsible for good site practices, arrangements for collection and effective disposal to an appropriate facility, of all wastes generated at the site;</li> <li>training of site personnel in proper waste management and chemical waste handling procedures;</li> <li>provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection for disposal;</li> <li>appropriate measures to minimise windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste by either covering trucks or by transporting wastes in enclosed containers;</li> <li>regular cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors; and</li> <li>a recording system for the amount of wastes generated, recycled and disposed of (including the disposal sites).</li> </ul>	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		V			Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap.354)

EP-364/2009/ WDII & CWB EIA	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation	In		entati ges*		M&A Manual – Appendix A Relevant Legislation
Report Ref	Environmental Trotection Measures / Whitgation Measures	Location / Timing	Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	and Guidelines
\$6.6.2	<ul> <li>Waste Reduction Measures</li> <li>Waste reduction is best achieved at the planning and design stage, as well as by ensuring the implementation of good site practices. Recommendations to achieve waste reduction include: <ul> <li>segregation and storage of different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal;</li> <li>to encourage collection of aluminium cans, PET bottles and paper, separate labelled bins shall be provided to segregate these wastes from other general refuse generated by the work force;</li> <li>any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity shall be recycled;</li> <li>use of reusable non-timber formwork, such as in casting the tunnel box sections, to reduce the amount of C&amp;D material.</li> <li>prior to disposal of C&amp;D waste, it is recommended that wood, steel and other metals shall be separated for re-use and / or recycling to minimise the quantity of waste to be disposed of to landfill;</li> <li>proper storage and site practices to minimise the potential for damage or contamination of construction materials; and</li> <li>plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimise amount of waste.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Work site / During planning and design stage, and construction stage	Contractor					

EP-364/2009//	A			In	nplem	Upd entati		Relevant Legislation and Guidelines         Public Health and Municipal Services Ordinance (Cap. 132)         Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation         Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes         ETWB TCW No. 33/2002, 31/2004, 19/2005
CWB EIA Report	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Des		ges*	Dec	
<b>Ref</b> S6.6.4	General Refuse         General refuse shall be stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separate from C&D material. A licensed waste collector shall be employed by the contractor to remove general refuse from the site, separately from C&D material.         A collection area shall be provided where wastes can be stored and loaded prior to removal from site. An enclosed and covered area is recommended to reduce the occurrence of 'wind blow' light material.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		√			Municipal Services
S6.6.5	<i>Chemical Wastes</i> After use, chemical wastes (for example, cleaning fluids, solvents, lubrication oil and fuel) shall be handled according to the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Spent chemicals shall be collected by a licensed collector for disposal at the CWTF or other licensed facility in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		V			(Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage
S6.6.6	<i>Construction and Demolition Material</i> C&D material shall be sorted on-site into inert C&D material (that is, public fill) and C&D waste. All the suitable inert C&D material shall be broken down to 250 mm in size for reuse as public fill in the WDII reclamation. C&D waste, such as wood, glass, plastic, steel and other metals shall be reused or recycled and, as a last resort, disposed of to landfill. A suitable area shall be designated to facilitate the sorting process and a temporary stockpiling area will be required for the separated materials.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		$\checkmark$			33/2002, 31/2004,

WDII & CWB EIA	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation	In	Implementation Stages*		on	Relevant Legislation
Report Ref	Environmental Frotection Measures / Witigation Measures	Location / Thinng	Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	and Guidelines
S6.6.7	In order to monitor the disposal of public fill and C&D waste at public fill reception facilities and landfills, respectively, and to control fly tipping, a trip-ticket system shall be included as one of the contractual requirements and implemented by the Environmental Team undertaking the environmental monitoring and audit work. The Independent Environment Checker shall be responsible for auditing the results of the system.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor and Independent Environmental Checker		$\checkmark$			ETWB TCW No. 31/2004
\$6.6.8	<ul> <li>Bentonite Slurry</li> <li>The disposal of residual used bentonite slurry shall follow the good practice guidelines stated in ProPECC PN 1/94 "Construction Site Drainage" and listed as follows:</li> <li>If the disposal of a certain residual quantity cannot be avoided, the used slurry may be disposed of at the marine spoil grounds subject to obtaining a marine dumping licence from EPD on a case-by-case basis.</li> <li>If the used bentonite slurry is intended to be disposed of through the public drainage system, it shall be treated to the respective effluent standards applicable to foul sewers, storm drains or the receiving waters as set out in the Technical Memorandum of Standards for Effluents Discharged into Drainage and Sewerage Systems, Inland and Coastal Waters.</li> <li>If the used bentonite slurry is intended to be disposed to public fill reception facilities, it will be mixed with dry soil on site before disposal.</li> </ul>	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		$\checkmark$			ProPECC PN 1/94

\* Des - Design, C - Construction, O - Operation, and Dec - Decommissioning

#### Table A.5Implementation Schedule for Land Contamination

WDII & CWB EIA	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Implementation	Implementation Stages*				Relevant Legislation
Report     Environmental Protection Measures / Mugation Measures       Ref			Agent	Des	С	0	Dec	and Guidelines
Constructio	on and Operation Phase							
S.7.1.1	As no potential contaminative land uses were identified within the Study Area, adverse land contamination impacts associated with the construction and operation of the Project is not expected. As such, environmental protection and mitigation measures are considered not necessary and will not be covered in this EM&A Manual.	-	-					-

\* Des - Design, C - Construction, O - Operation, and Dec - Decommissioning

## Table A.6Implementation Schedule for Marine Ecology

WDII & CWB EIA	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures	Location / Timing	Location / Timing Implementation Agent	Implementation Stages*				<b>Relevant Legislation</b>
Report Ref	Environmental i rotection measures / mitigation measures	Docation / Thining		Des	C	0	Dec	and Guidelines
Constructio	n & Operation Phases							
S.9.7.1	As no adverse ecological impact on marine habitats and associated wildlife is identified, no necessary mitigation measure is considered as required in this assessment. The mitigation measures recommended in the water quality impact assessment to control water quality would also serve to protect marine ecological resources from indirect impacts and ensure no adverse impact on marine life would be resulted from this designated project. Hence EM&A for marine ecology will not be covered in this EM&A Manual.	-	-					-

\*Des - Design, C - Construction, O - Operation, and Dec - Decommissioning

WDII & CWB EIA	Environmental Protection Measures / Mitigation Measures		Location / Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation Stages*			Relevant Legislation and Guidelines	
<b>Report Ref</b>				C	Des	С	0	Dec	
Construction P	hase			I					L
Table 10.5	CM1	Topsoil, where identified, shall be stripped and stored for re-use in the construction of the soft landscape works, where practical.	Work site / During Construction Phase	Contractor	$\checkmark$	V			EIAO TM
Table 10.5	CM2	Existing trees to be retained on site shall be carefully protected during construction.	Work site / During Construction Phase	Contractor	V				EIAO TM
Table 10.5	CM3	Trees unavoidably affected by the works shall be transplanted where practical.	Work site / During Construction Phase	Contractor	V	$\checkmark$			EIAO TM
Table 10.5	CM4	Compensatory tree planting shall be provided to compensate for felled trees.	Work site / During Construction Phase	Contractor	V	$\checkmark$			EIAO TM
Table 10.5	CM5	Control of night-time lighting.	Work site / During Construction Phase	Contractor					EIAO TM
Table 10.5	CM6	Erection of decorative screen hoarding compatible with the surrounding setting.	Work site / During Construction Phase	Contractor					EIAO TM
<b>Operation Pha</b>	se	~ ~						•	
Table 10.6, Figure 10.5.1- 10.5.5	OM1	Aesthetic design of buildings and road-related structures, including viaducts, vent buildings, subways, footbridges and noise barriers and enclosure.	Work site / During Design Stage and Operation Phases	HyD	V	V	$\checkmark$		ETWB TCW 2/2004
Table 10.6, Figure 10.5.1- 10.5.5	OM3	Buffer Tree and Shrub Planting to screen proposed roads and associated structures.	Work site / During Design Stage and Operation Phases	HyD	V	V	$\checkmark$		ETWB TCW 2/2004
Table 10.6, Figure 10.5.1- 10.5.5	OM5	Aesthetic streetscape design.	Work site / During Design Stage and Operation Phases	HyD	V	V	V		ETWB TCW 2/2004
Table 10.6, Figure 10.5.1- 10.5.5	OM6	Aesthetic design of roadside amenity areas.	Work site / During Design Stage and Operation Phases	HyD	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		ETWB TCW 2/2004

\*Des - Design, C - Construction, O - Operation, and Dec - Decommissioning

Appendix B Sample Data Sheet for Air Quality And Noise Monitoring

## APPENDIX B1 Data Record Sheet for TSP Monitoring

Monitoring Location			
Details of Location			
Sampler Identification			
Date & Time of Sampling	l		
Elapsed-time	Start	(min.)	
Meter Reading	Stop	(min.)	
Total Sampling Time (mir	า.)		
Weather Conditions			Sunny / Fine / Cloudy / Rainy
Site Conditions			
Initial Flow	Pi	(mmHg)	
Rate, Qsi	Ti	(°C)	
	Hi	(in.)	
	Qsi	(Std. m <sup>3</sup> )	
Final Flow	Pf	(mmHg)	
Rate, Qsf	Tf	(°C)	
	Hf	(in.)	
	Qsf	(Std. m <sup>3</sup> )	
Average Flow Rate	(Std. m <sup>3</sup> )		
Total Volume (Std. m <sup>3</sup>	<sup>*</sup> )		
Filter Paper Identification	No.		
Initial Wt. of Filter Paper (g)		1)	
Final Wt. of Filter Paper (g)		1)	
Measured TSP Level (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )			
Other Dust Emission Source(s) Observed		oserved	
Remarks /Other Observa	tions		

	Name & Designation	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
Field Operator:			
Laboratory Staff:			
Checked by:			

## APPENDIX B2 Construction Noise Monitoring Field Record Sheet

Monitoring Location		
Description of Location		
Date of Monitoring		
Measurement Start Time	(hh:mm)	
Measurement Time Leng	th (min.)	
Noise Meter Model/Ident	ification	
Calibrator Model/Identification		
	L <sub>90</sub> (dB(A))	
Measurement Results	L <sub>10</sub> (dB(A))	
	L <sub>eq</sub> (dB(A))	
Major Construction Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		
Other Noise Source(s) During Monitoring		
Remarks / Other Observation	ations	

	Name & Designation	<u>Signature</u>	Date
Recorded by:			
Checked by:			

Appendix C Sample Template for the Interim Notification

## Appendix C Sample Template for the Interim Notification

	1
Project	
Date	
Time	
Monitoring Location	
Parameter	
Action & Limit Levels	
Measured Level	
Possible reason for Action or Limit Level Non- compliance	
Actions taken / to be taken	
Remarks / Other Observations	
Remarks / Other Observations	

## Incident Report on Action Level or Limit Level Exceedance

Prepared by:

Designation:

Signature:

Date:

te:\_\_\_\_\_

Appendix D Operation Stage Traffic Noise Monitoring – Field Survey Record Sheet

#### APPENDIX D Operational Stage Traffic Noise Monitoring – Field Survey Record Sheet

#### General

Monitoring Location/Reference No.			
Person-in-charge			
Date and Day of Monitoring			
Measurement Time	From	to	
Description of Location (incl. Floor level) (attach plan separately)			
Microphone Position			

#### **Weather Conditions**

Weather Conditions.	
Temperature ( <sup>0</sup> C)	
Wind Speed (ms <sup>-1</sup> )	

#### Equipment

Instrument.	Туре	Serial No.	Setting
Sound Level Meter			
Calibration			

#### Calibration

Before Measurement:	After Measurement:

#### **Raw Data**

Time	Traffic data* Near Side Far Side			Noise Level (30 min) dB(A)			Average Speed		
	LV	HV	LV	HV	L <sub>10</sub>	L <sub>90</sub>	L <sub>eq</sub>	L <sub>max</sub>	kph a/b│c/d #

Note:

LV - light vehicle (i.e. private car, motorcycle, taxis and van)

HV - heavy vehicle (i.e. other than LV)
\* - traffic count for a duration of 15 minutes

# - a/b | c/d = near side LV/near side HV | far side LV/far side HV

## APPENDIX D Operational Stage Traffic Noise Monitoring – Field Survey Record Sheet (cont'd)

#### Others

Mitigation Measures in Pace Near Measurement Location	
Other Noise source(s) during monitoring	
Remarks	

#### Personnel

	Name	Designation	Signature	Date
Recorded by				
Checked by				

## Appendix E Terms of Reference and Details for the ENPC and CLG

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(version 1.5)

## Environmental Project Committee (ENPC) set up under Environmental Permits No. EP-356/2009, No. EP-364/2009 and EP-376/2009

#### 1. Aim of ENPC

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- 1.1 The Condition 2.3 of the Environmental Permit No. EP-356/2009 stipulates that to oversee and facilitate effective control of the cumulative environmental impacts arising from potential multiple contracts for the construction of the entire Wan Chai Development Phase II (WDII) and Central-Wanchai Bypass (CWB) (hereafter referred to as the whole Project), the Permit Holder shall set up an Environmental Project Committee (ENPC) before the commencement of construction of the earliest components of the whole Project.
- 1.2 The Condition 2.3 of the Environmental Permit No. EP-364/2009 also stipulates that to oversee and facilitate effective control of the cumulative environmental impacts arising from potential multiple contracts for the construction of the entire Wan Chai Development Phase II (WDII) and Central-Wanchai Bypass (CWB) (hereafter referred to as the whole Project), the Permit Holder shall liaise with the permit holder of environmental permit No. EP-356/2009 to jointly set up an Environmental Project Committee (ENPC). The ENPC shall be set up before the commencement of construction of the earliest components of the whole Project.
- 1.3 The Condition 2.3 of the Environmental Permit No. EP-376/2009 also stipulates that to oversee and facilitate effective control of the cumulative environmental impacts arising from potential multiple contracts for the construction of the entire Wan Chal Development Phase II (WDII) and Central-Wan Chai Bypass (CWB) (hereafter referred to as the whole Project), the Permit Holder shall liaise with the permit holder of environmental permit No. EP-356/2009 and the permit holder of environmental permit No. EP-356/2009 and the permit holder of environmental permit No. EP-364/2009 to jointly set up an Environmental Project Committee (ENPC). The ENPC shall be set up before the commencement of construction of the earliest components of the whole Project.
- 1.4 Hence the ENPC is set up to specifically meet the requirements in the Condition 2.3 of the Environmental Permits No. EP-356/2009, No. EP-364/2009 and No. EP-376/2009 (the EPs).

#### 2. <u>Terms of Reference</u>

- 2.1 The ENPC is set up to oversee and facilitate effective control of the cumulative environmental impacts arising from potential multiple contracts for the construction of the entire Wan Chai Development Phase II (WDII) and Central-Wan Chai Bypass (CWB) (hereafter referred to as the whole Project).
- 2.2 Specifically the ENPC will :
  - (a) review regularly the cumulative environmental impacts arising from the works contracts for the construction of the whole Project;
  - (b) review the environmental performance of individual works contracts under the whole Project;

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- (c) coordinate the actions of the parties concerned for improving the environmental performance of the works contracts under the whole Project in order to ensure compliance of the environmental permits conditions and the relevant legislations;
- (d) discuss any necessary liaison works to be conducted by the Community Liaison Groups (CLGs) set up under the EPs to address potential cumulative environmental impact issues arising from the whole Project;
- (e) coordinate the actions in respect of handling and resolving environmental complaints and issues raised in the CLGs;
- (f) communicate with Environmental Protection Department in respect of the ENPC; and
- (g) make recommendations and update under the relevant condition of the Permits on how to enhance the monitoring and audit of the environmental performance of the whole Project on top of requirements as set out in the Permit Conditions or corresponding requirements set out under subsequent Environmental Permits issued for the whole Project.

#### 3. <u>Membership</u>

- Chair : The ENPC will be co-chaired by Civil Engineering and Development Department (Permit Holder of Environmental Permits No. EP-356/2009 and No. EP-376/2009) and Highways Department (Permit Holder of Environmental Permit No. EP-364/2009),
- Members : (a) Engineer of the WDII project (WDII consultants).
  - (b) Engineer of the CWB project (CWB consultants).
  - (c) Engineer's Representative of the WDII works contracts.
  - (d) Engineer's Representative of the CWB works contracts.
  - (e) the Environmental Team (ET) Leader.
  - (f) the Independent Environmental Checker (IEC).
  - (g) the permit holders of the further EPs of the whole Project.
  - (h) the contractors of works contracts under the whole Project.
  - (i) representative of respective CLGs (representative to be appointed by CLGs).
- Secretaries : RE/Environmental for the WDII works contracts and RE/Environmental for the CWB works contracts.

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#### 4. Operation of ENPC

4.1 ENPC Meetings

1

- (a) The ENPC will meet on monthly basis, or as required by the activities of the whole Project, or as requested by the ENPC. However, the frequency of the ENPC Meetings will be reconsidered when the majority of the works contracts under the whole Project are completed.
- (b) CEDD and HyD will chair the ENPC meeting alternatively.
- (c) The dates of the meetings will be determined at the ENPC meetings. Normally the monthly meetings will be held following the submission of the monthly EM&A Reports by the ET Leader to ensure that the most up to date information in respect of EM&A can be discussed at the meetings.
- (d) The ENPC Secretaries will take up the secretarial works for the ENPC meeting.
- (e) The secretaries will prepare the proposed meeting agenda and circulate it to members for comments prior to each ENPC meeting. The meeting agenda will contain the following major items :
  - Report on matters related to the EM&A by the ET Leader and the IEC.
  - Issues related to the CLG.
  - Specific environmental issues raised.
  - Review of actions from the previous meeting.

#### 4.2 Communications

External communications of the ENPC shall be through the Chair.

#### 5. <u>Responsibilities</u>

The ENPC is only to coordinate the actions by the respective parties to oversee and facilitate effective control of the cumulative environmental impacts arising from the multiple contracts for the construction of the whole Project. The decisions made or the actions agreed at the ENPC should not be considered as constituting instructions under individual works contracts of the whole Project. The Employers, the Engineers, the Engineer's Representatives, the ET Leader, and the IEC for individual works contracts shall carry out their own necessary contract administrative procedures for implementing the actions as agreed at the ENPC.

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## <u>Community Liaison Groups (CLG) Set Up under Environmental Permits No.</u> EP-356/2009, No. EP-364/2009 and EP-376/2009

#### 1. <u>Aim of CLG</u>

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- 1.1 Condition 2.4 of the Environmental Permits No. EP-356/2009, No. EP-364/2009 and No. EP-376/2009 (the EPs) stipulates that the Permit Holders shall set up a Community Liaison Group (CLG) comprising representatives from the relevant concerned and affected parties, including owners' corporations, management offices, local committees and schools of affected areas, including the North Point and Tin Hau areas, to facilitate communication, enquiries and complaints handling on all environmental issues, including the follow up on the implementation of remedial mitigation measures. The Permit Holders shall set up the CLG before the commencement of construction of the relevant component(s) of the WDII and CWB Project. A designated complaint hotline shall also be set up for the Project to address such concerns and complaints in an efficient manner. The detailed arrangements of the CLG shall be reported to the Environmental Project Committee (ENPC) and its activities be reflected as update in the EM&A Manuals for the Project.
- 1.2 Hence the CLG is set up to specifically meet the above requirements in Condition 2.4 of the EPs.

#### 2. <u>Terms of Reference</u>

- 2.1 The role of CLG is consultative. It is set up to facilitate communication, enquiries and complaints handling on all environmental issues including the follow up on the implementation of remedial mitigation measures.
- 2.2 Specifically the CLG will meet regularly :
  - (a) to provide a platform for the Permit Holders to communicate with the public to understand the construction activities of the Project and the associated environmental issues to the community;
  - (b) to review the environmental concerns and complaints received from the public and to report any exceedence of limits observed; and
  - (c) to review the follow-up on the implementation of remedial mitigation measures.

#### 3 Setting-up CLGs

- 3.1 As the stakeholders for different parts of the project area are different, separate CLG will be formed for different areas to facilitate effective and efficient communication with the community. The following four CLGs will be formed :
  - (a) <u>North Point CLG</u> for Highways Department's works contracts at North Point and covering the community of the North Point and Tin Hau areas.
  - (b) <u>Causeway Bay CLG</u> for Highways Department's works contracts at Causeway Bay and covering the community of the Causeway Bay area.
  - (c) Wan Chai CLG for Civil Engineering and Development Department's works contracts at

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Wan Chai and covering the community of the Wan Chai area.

(d) <u>Central CLG</u> for Highways Department's works contracts at Central and covering the community of the Central area.

The extent of the community to be invited to join each of the above CLGs will be determined by the relevant EP Holders and the Engineer's Representatives, taking into account the likely extents of the environmental impacts and the public liaison requirements.

4. <u>Membership</u>

Members

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- 4.1 Chair : The CLG will be chaired by the Engineer's Representatives of the CWB and WDII works contracts. (If there are more than one works contracts and hence more than one Engineer's Representatives, only one Engineer's Representative is to be assigned to chair one CLG.)
  - (a) Engineer's Representatives for the works contracts.
    - (b) Environmental Team (ET) Leader.
    - (c) Independent Environmental Checker (IEC).
    - (d) representative from the relevant EP Holders and FEP Holders (including the persons responsible for public relation issues from the works contractors)
    - (e) the environmental consultants of WDII project and CWB project
    - (f) Representatives from District Offices will be invited to attend on as-needed basis.
    - (g) representatives from concerned stakeholders of the relevant community (as listed in Appendix A).
- 4.3 Secretaries
- RE/Environmental (or RE/Public Liaison) for the works contracts.

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#### 5. Operation of CLG

- 5.1 CLG Meetings
  - (a) The CLG will meet as required by the activities of the Project or by the request of the Chair.
  - (b) Meeting notes will be taken and distributed by the CLG Secretaries.
  - (c) The secretaries will prepare the proposed meeting agenda with agreement of the Chair prior to each CLG meeting. The meeting agenda will contain the following major items :
    - Updates on the Project and construction activities.
    - Specific environmental issues raised.
    - Review of the implementation of remedial mitigation measures.
    - Review of actions from the previous meeting.
  - (d) The detailed arrangements of CLG shall be reported to ENPC.

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## Appendix A

Remarks:

- The Owner's Corporations are deemed to be represented by their appointed management offices. If the Owner's Corporation prefers to be member of the CLG, it will replace the corresponding management office as the CLG member.
- 2. The lists below are to be updated in the course of the relevant works.

## A. <u>North Point CLG members from the community of the North Point and Tin Hau</u> areas

ltern	The Community	Address and Contact	Contact Person
1.		Telephone Number	
1.	PLK Yu Lee Mo Fan Memorial school	19 Wharf Road,	To be confirmed
		North Point, Hong Kong	
		Tel :2566 3805	
2.	Hong Kong Baptist Church	2 City Garden Road,	Mr. Dai
	Henrietta Secondary School	North Point, Horig Kong	
Э.		Tel :25701466	
0.	Management Office of City Garden	9 City Garden Road,	Mr. Chin
		North Point, Hong Kong	
4.		Tel :270 4584	
	Harbour Grand Hong Kong	23 Oil Street,	
		North Point, Hong Kong	To be confirmed
j.		Tel :2121 2688	
,	Management Office of Fu Lee Loy	9-27 King Wah Road,	To be confirmed
3	Mansion	North Point, Hong Kong	······································
),	Wan Wah Mansion	11-13 Oil Street,	To be confirmed
		North Point, Hong kong	
•	Wang Fa Mansion	2 Wang On Road,	To be confirmed
		North Point, Hong Kong	
•	Victor Court	14-28 Wang On Rd,	To be confirmed
		North Point, Hong Kong	
	Causeway Bay Community Centre	7 Fook Yum Road,	Ms. Emily Cheng
		North Point, Hong Kong	and any oneng
		Tel :3104 2303	
). <b>  1</b>	Management Office of Harbour Heights	3 Fook Yum Road,	To be confirmed
		North Point, Hong Kong	

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iten	n The Community	Address and Contact Telephone Number	(version 1 Contact Persor
11.	Management Office of Sea View Estate	29-41 Tong Chong Street	
		Quarry Bay, Hong Kong	To be confirmed
12.	Management Office of Victoria Centre	15 Watson Road,	
		Causeway Bay,	To be confirmed
		Hong Kong	
13.	Management Office of Hoi Tao Building	3 King Ming Road,	To be confirmed
		Causeway Bay,	
		Hong Kong	
4.	Kam Tao Building	4 Whitfield Road,	To be confirmed
		Causeway Bay,	
		Hong Kong	
5.	Ngan Tao Building	8 Whitfield Road,	To be confirmed
		Causeway Bay,	
		Hong Kong	
6.	Management Office of Citicorp Centre	18 Whitfield Road,	To be confirmed
		Causeway Bay,	
		Hong Kong	
7.	Management Offices of Belle House	98 Hing Fat Street,	To be confirmed
		Causeway Bay,	to be continued
		Hong Kong	
3,	Whitfield Mansion	15-19 Whitfield Road,	To be confirmed
		Causeway Bay,	to be commed
		Hong Kong	
•	Shun Hing Building	11-13 Whitfield Road,	
		Causeway Bay	To be confirmed
	Hoi Sing Building	128-142 2nd Street,	
			To be confirmed
	·	Sai Ying Pun – located at	
		Kenny Town, to be further	
-+	Ming Hing Building	checked	
	איייא י ווויש בתומוזק	9-11 Gordon Road,	To be confirmed
		Causeway Bay,	
+	Management Office and a	Hong Kong	
	Management Office of Gordon House	62-86 Hing Fat Street	To be confirmed
		Causeway Bay,	
		Hong Kong	

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ltem	The Community	Address and Contact	(version 1 Contact Persor
		Telephone Number	
23.	Management Office of Mayson Garden	1A-1B Tsing Fung Street,	To be confirmed
	Building	Causeway Bay,	
		Hong Kong	
24.	Management Office Victoria Court	2A Tsing Fung Street,	To be confirmed
		Causeway Bay,	
		Hong Kong or	
		50-56 Hing Fat Street,	
		Causeway Bay	
		Hong Kong	
25.	Management Office of Viking Garden	40 Hing Fat Street,	To be confirmed
		Causeway Bay,	
		Hong Kong	
26.	Victoria Park School for the Deaf	38 Hing Fat Street,	To be confirmed
		Causeway Bay,	
		Hong Kong	
27.	Management Office of Park Towers	1 King's Road,	To be confirmed
		Causeway Bay,	
_		Hong Kong	
8.	Operations Branch of Water Supplies	WSD Hong Kong	To be confirmed
	Department	Regional Building,	-
		611 King's Road,	
		North Point, Hong Kong	
Э.	Harbour Grand Hong Kong	23 Oil Street, North Point,	To be confirmed
).		Hong Kong	
·	Management Office of Provident Centre	23 Wharf Road,	To be confirmed
		North Point,	
		Hong Kong	
• ]]	Management Office of King Wah House	5-7 King Wah Road,	To be confirmed
		North Point,	
		Hong Kong	

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ltem	The Community	Address and Contact Telephone Number	Contact Person
32.	FEHD Whitfield Depot	AECOM Asia Co. Ltd.	Mr. Charlton Wong
		at 12th Floor, Grand	
		Central Plaza, Tower 2	
		138 Sha Tin Rural	
		Committee Road	
		Sha Tin,	
		New Territories,	
		Hong Kong	
		or	
		Public Relations Unit,	
		Headquarters	
		5th floor, Ho Man Tin	
		Government Offices	
		88 Chung Hau Street	
		Ho Man Tin, Kowloon.	

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# B. <u>Causeway Bay CLG members from the community of the Causeway Bay area</u>

lten	n The Community	Address and Contact	Contact Person	
4		Telephone Number		
1.	Management Offices of Prospect Mansion	66-72 Paterson Street,	To be supplemented	
		Causeway Bay		
2.	Management Offices of Welcome	58-64 Paterson Street,	To be supplemente	
	Mansion	Causeway Bay		
3.	Management Offices of Towning Mansion	50-56 Paterson Street, Causeway Bay	To be supplemented	
4.	Management Offices of Causeway Bay	42-48 Paterson Street,		
-	Mansion	Causeway Bay	To be supplemented	
5.	Management Offices of Miami Mansion	13-15 Cleveland Street.	To be supplemented	
		Causeway Bay	to be supplemented	
6,	Management Offices of Florida Mansion	9-11 Cleveland Street.	To be supplemented	
		Causeway Bay		
7.	Management Offices of Cleveland	5-7 Cleveland Street.	To be even low of a	
	Mansion	Causeway Bay	To be supplemented	
В.	Management Offices of Hamilton Mansion	1-3 Cleveland Street,	To be supplemented	
		• •	to be subbiented	
Ð.	Management Offices of Highland Mansion	Causeway Bay		
	management ences of rightand mansion	8 Cleveland Street,	To be supplemented	
10.	Management Offices of Marco Polo	Causeway Bay		
	Management Onces of Marco Polo Mansion	10 Cleveland Street,	To be supplemented	
1.	Management Offices of Newtown	Causeway Bay		
	Mansion	6 Cleveland Street,	To be and	
2.	Managana	Causeway Bay	To be supplemented	
۲,	Management Offices of Victoria Park Mansion	15 Kingston Street,		
3.		Causeway Bay	To be supplemented	
J.	Management Offices of Clarke Mansion	9 Kingston Street,	To be supplemented	
		Causeway Bay	••	
4.	Management Offices of Chesterfield	11 Kingston Street,	To be supplemented	
	Mansion	Causeway Bay	-F Loonianad	
5.	Management Offices of Riviera Mansion	59-65 Paterson Street, Causeway Bay	To be supplemented	
<b>3</b> .	Management Offices of Haywood	57 Paterson Street,	To be supplemented	
	Mansion	Causeway Bay		
•	Management Offices of Vienna Mansion	55 Paterson Street,	To be supplemented	
		Causeway Bay	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

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ltem	The Community	Address and Contact	(version 1.7) Contact Person
110111		Telephone Number	
18.	Management Offices of Hyde Park	53 Paterson Street,	To be supplemented
	Mansion	Causeway Bay	
19.	Management Offices of Falrview Mansion	51 Paterson Street,	To be supplemented
	Management offices of Fairview Mansion	Causeway Bay	
20.	Excelsior Hong Kong	281 Gloucester Road,	To be supplemented
		Causeway Bay	
21.	World Trade Centre	280 Gloucester Road,	To be supplemented
		Causeway Bay	
22.	Management Office of Windsor House	311 Gloucester Road,	To be supplemented
	Management office of Wildson House	Causeway Bay	to be capping to the
23.	Management Office of Hoi Deen Court	276-279 Gloucester	To be supplemented
		Road, Causeway Bay	·····
24.	Management Office of Hoi Tao Court	271-275, Gloucester	To be supplemented
		Road, Causeway Bay	
25.	Management Office of Hoi Kung Court	264-269 Gloucester	To be supplemented.
		Road, Causeway Bay	
26.	Top Glory Tower	262 Gloucester Road,	To be supplemented
		Causeway Bay	, ·
27.	Sino Plaza	256-257 Gloucester	To be supplemented
		Road, Causeway Bay	
28.	Management Office of Elizabeth House	250-254 Gloucester	To be supplemented
		Road, Causeway Bay	
29.	Royal Hong Kong Yacht Club	Royal Hong Kong Yacht	To be supplemented
		Club, Causeway Bay	
30.	Police Officers' Club	Police Officers' Club,	To be supplemented
		Causeway Bay	
31.	Operations Branch of Water Supplies	Hong Kong and Islands	CE/HK Mr Yeung Sek
	Department	Regional Office	Kui
		WSD Hong Kong	
		Regional Building	
		611 King's Road,	
		North Point	
		Tel: 2880 2555	

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ltem	The Community	Address and Contact	(version 1. Contact Person
32.		Telephone Number	
52.	Hong Kong Transport, Logistics &	Administration Building	To be supplemented
	Management Co. Ltd	Cross-Harbour Tunnel	
		Hunghom, Kowloon,	
33,		Hong Kong	
<b>)</b> ].	Causeway Bay Typhoon shelter Mutual	To be confirmed	To be supplemented
	Aid Committee		
4.	Hong Kong Cargo-Vessel Traders'	2/F, 21-23 Man Wai	To be supplemented
	Association Limited	Building, Man Cheong	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
		Street	
5.	Hong Kong Pilots Association	1601-1606,	To be supplemented
		Hong Kong Plaza,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		186-191 Connaught	
		Road West,	
		Hong Kong.	
<u>3.</u>	Owners of temporary structures at CBTS	To be confirmed	To be supplemented
7.	香港漁民近岸作業協會	Rm 1209, Sui Yick hse,	Mr. Lai Tai Hei
		Siu Sai Wan Est, Chai	
		Wan	
		Tel: 9088 8728	
	<b>銅鑼灣</b> 廟船	To be confirmed	To be supplemented
	海上業界聯席會議	To be confirmed	To be supplemented
· ] i	港九電船拖輪商會	46 & 48 Man Cheong	To be supplemented
		Bldg., 3/F., Ferry Point,	
		Kowloon	
-		Hong Kong	
R	每上遊覽業聯會	Rm 1615, One Grand	張有光
		Tower, 639 nathan Rd,	
		Mong Kok	
		Tel: 9484 5417	

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## (version 1.7) Wan Chai CLG members from the community of the Wan Chai area C.

ltem	The Community	Address and Contact	Contact Person	
		Telephone Number		
1	Hong Kong Convention and Exhibition Centre (Management) Ltd	Tel.: 2582 7070	P K Chan	
2	Kiu Lok Service Management Co. Ltd.	Room 1108, Office Tower, Convention Plaza, 1 Harbour Road, Wan Chai Tel: 2802 7966	Mr. C. K. Wu	
3	Management Office of the Hong Kong	1 Gloucester Road, Wan Chai	Mr. Joseph Law	
	Academy for Performing Arts	Tel: 2584 8500		
4	Management Office of Hong Kong Arts	2 Harbour Road		
	Centre	Tel.:2584 8690	Mr. Kwok	
5	Management Office of Shui On Centre	Room 102, 1/F, Shui On Centre, 6-8 Harbour Road, Hong Kong	Ms. Eva Wong	
6	Management Office of Sun Hung Kai Centre	Tel: 2879 1803 26/F., Sun Hung Kai Centre, 30 Harbour Road, Wan Chai	Mr. Ricky Kwan	
		Tel: 2828 5218		
7	Management Office of Great Eagle/Harbour Centre	Suite 3206, Great Eagle Centre, 23 Harbour Road, Wan Chai	Ms. Polly Lo	
		Tel: 2879 2118 (for		
		Great Eagle Centre)		
		26/F., Sun Hung Kai	Mr. S. C. Ip	
		Centre, 30 Harbour		
		Road, Wan Chai		
		Tel: 2828 0852 (for		
		Harbour Centre)		
3	Management Office of China Resources Building	Room 4206-10, 42/F., China Resources Building, 26 Harbour Road, Hong Kong	Mr. Dave Law	
		Tel: 2828 5688		
	Management Office for Convention Plaza	Convention Plaza	Mr. George Lau	
	Apartments	Apartments, 1 Harbour		
		Road, Wan Chai	•	
		Tel.: 2829 7098		
0	Telecom House (managed by REACH)	19 <sup>™</sup> Floor, Telecom House, 3 Gloucester Road, Wan Chai	Mr. Herrick Chong	
		Tel: 2983 3719		

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ltern	The Community	Address and Contact	Contact Person
		Telephone Number	
11	Grand Hyatt Hong Kong Hotel	1 Harbour Road	
		Hong Kong	Mr. Kwong
		Tel.:2584 7021	-
12	Renaissance Harbour View Hotel	1 Harbour Road,	
		Wanchai	Ms. Siu
		Tel.:2802 8888	
13	Management Office of Central Plaza	Suite 2802, 28/F,	To be confirmed
		Central Plaza	
		18 Harbour Road,	
		Wanchai, Hong Kong	
		Tel.:2586 8111	
14	Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to	5, Wan Shing Street,	Ms. Leung
	Animals Hong Kong, SPCA(HK)	Wan Chai	-
		Tel.; 2232 5516	
15	Management Office of Causeway Bay	Block A, Causeway Centre	To be confirmed
		28 Harbour Road, Wan	
16	ECO gas station at Wan Shing Street	Chai To be confirmed	To be confirmed
17	Operations Branch of Water Supplies	To be confirmed	To be confirmed
	Department		
18	Representative of EMSD (for the operation	Electrical and	Mr. Ernest Li
	of the seawater cooling system for the	Mechanical Services Department	
	government offices at Wan Chai North)	3 Kai Shing Street, Kowloon, Hong Kong Tel: 3155 4304	
19	Representative of LCSD (for the operation of the Wan Chai Sports Ground)	Tel.:2827 7720	Ms. Mabel Chan

## D. <u>Central CLG members from the community of the Central area</u>

item	The Community	Address and Contact	Contact Person
		Telephone Number	
1.	IFC	1 Harbour View Street	To be supplemented
2.	Four Seasons Hotel Hong Kong and Four Seasons Place	8 Finance Street, Central	To be supplemented
3.	Management Offices of the Bauhinia (Korea Centre)	119-120 Connaught Rd Central, Sheung Wan	To be supplemented

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Appendix F Proposal for Real-time Noise Monitoring System



Lam Geotechnics Limited

#### **CONTRACT NO: HK/2009/05**

#### WANCHAI DEVELOPMENT PHASE II AND CENTRAL WANCHAI BYPASS SAMPLING, FIELD MEASUREMENT AND TESTING WORK (STAGE 1)

#### PROPOSAL ON THE REAL-TIME NOISE MONITORING SYSTEM

#### **CLIENTS:**

Civil Engineering and Development Department

and

**Highways Department** 

#### PREPARED BY:

Lam Geotechnics Limited

11/F Centre Point 181-185 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, H.K.

Telephone: (852) 2882-3939 Facsimile: (852) 2882-3331 E-mail: <u>info@lamenviro.com</u> Website: <u>http://www.lamenviro.com</u>

#### CHECKED BY:

Raymond Dai Environmental Team Leader

DATE:

2 July 2010



#### Proposal on the Real-time Noise Monitoring System

#### 1. Introduction

According to Condition 2.5(c) of EP-356/2009 and Condition2.5(b) and EP-364/2009, a real-time on-site monitoring system of the noise level around the works sites shall be set up at North Point and Tin Hau areas during the construction phase. This proposal presents the details of system configuration and installation details for the real time on site monitoring system.

#### 2. Equipments

Component equipments of the real-time noise monitoring are listed below. Details of equipments are as follows. Specifications of proposed equipments are shown in **Appendix A**.

- Bruel & Kjaer Handheld Analyzer 2250 Light Model no. 2250-L-400 (Hand-held Analyzer with Sound Level Meter Software BZ-7130, logging software BZ-7133 and Utility Software for Hand-held Analyzers, BZ-5503);
- Bruel & Kjaer outdoor microphone kit UA-1404;
- Sound Level Calibrator
- 3m Microphone Extension Cable
- Rechargeable battery for power supply;
- Wireless modem (GPS or equivalent mechanism)
- Weatherproof Cabinet; and
- Equipment power converter for battery 12V to 5V (if necessary)
- Rechargeable battery (12V, 50AH) for location where a/c supply cannot be obtained (From suppler information, 12V battery can supply normally 30-40days in this real-time noise monitoring set-up and the battery condition could be indicated by the screen of SLM.)
- Weatherproof Cabinet of approximate dimension (roughly 0.25m X 0.4m X 0.5m) to house all the necessary equipment

#### 3. Proposed Monitoring Stations

The proposed real-time noise monitoring stations for EP- 356/2009 and EP-364/2009 are summarized as below. The proposed locations of monitoring stations are enclosed in **Appendix B**.

EP	District	Monite	oring L	ocation	Measurement Type	Commeno Monit		of
EP-	Tin Hau	Tung Lo Station	War		,	Land-based filling works	pilling	and
356/2009	North Point	Oil Stre Liaison Ce		Community		Land-based filling works	pilling	and

Table 3.1 Summary of the proposed monitoring stations



EP	District	Monitoring Location	Measurement Type	Commencement of Monitoring
EP-	Tin Hau	Tung Lo Wan Fireboat Station	Façade Measurement	CWB Pilling works
	Tin Liau	Causeway Bay Community Centre	Façade Measurement	IECL Bridge Demolition
364/2009	North	Oil Street Community Liaison Centre	Free-field Measurement	IECL Bridge Demolition
	Point	Hong Kong Baptist Church Henrietta Secondary School		IECL Bridge Demolition

For free-field measurement at Oil Street Community Liaison Centre and Hong Kong Baptist Church Henrietta Secondary School, additional 3dB(A) shall be made on the measured results.

#### 4. <u>Set-up Monitoring Stations</u>

- a) The sound level meter, GSM modem, power converter and rechargeable battery should be stored inside the weatherproof cabinet to protect from sunlight and rain.
- b) Rechargeable battery and Converter should be provided for the power supply of the sound level meter and wireless modem.
- c) Outdoor microphone kit UA-1404 is a weather-proof microphone and suitable for semi-permanent, unsupervised outdoor installation. It is effective to protect the microphone from wind, rain, chemical resistant and birds during the real-time noise monitoring.
- d) Outdoor microphone should be mounted a mast connects to the sound level meter inside weatherproof cabinet. The mast shall be mounted on parapet wall at the premise. Schematic drawing of the monitoring equipments and proposed locations of monitoring stations are enclosed in **Appendix B**.

#### 5. <u>Methodology</u>

- a) Liaison with the appropriate Noise Sensitive Receivers (NSRs) at North Point and Tin Hau to set up a real time on site noise monitoring on their premise.
- b) After obtained approval from the NSR, setting-up of equipments on-site shall be prior to the commencement of construction phase as stated in **Table 3.1**.
- c) Testing and commissioning of the stations shall be conducted for at least 14 works days before the commencement of the monitoring station.
- d) The on-site monitoring system shall be automatically conducted for 24 hours a day.
- e) Noise level shall be measured in term of the A-weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level L<sub>eq</sub>. L<sub>eq(30min)</sub> shall be used as the monitoring parameter for the time period between 0700-1900 hrs in normal weekdays. L<sub>eq(5min)</sub> shall be used for the measurement during all days during 1900 0700 hrs and general holiday 0700 2300 hrs.
- f) As supplementary information for data auditing,  $L_{10}$  and  $L_{90}$  shall be also obtained for reference.
- g) The noise data shall be transmitted through GSM wireless communication or equivalent device to head office computer server by mobile dial up mechanism (Relevant information is shown in **Appendix A**).



- h) The data shall be audited within two working days of sampling and audited data shall be posted onto EM&A website for public access two working days after sampling
- i) Calibration check of sound level meter shall be conducted once every two weeks. Laboratory calibration of sound level meters and calibrator shall be conducted annually.
- j) For public safety, the microphone extension shall be dissembled upon the hoisting of typhoon signal No. 3 or above and no data shall be captured until the microphone is re-assembled when the typhoon signal is removed. Moreover, it is not sensible to capture noise data during the typhoon period as the data are not representative.
- k) Regular checking of monitoring stations and renew rechargeable battery shall be maintained at least every two weeks so as to keep the consistency of the real time noise monitoring.

#### 6. <u>Compliance Checking of Noise Data</u>

- a) In order to avoid the erroneous noise data, background noise shall be studied before the commencement of the construction works as described in **Table 3.1**.
- b) For the review of background noise, it is recommenced to obtain 14 days during the period of non-construction hours for both non-restricted hours and restricted hours. The non-constructed hours are defined as the time without any construction works near the monitoring station. The duration of selected time periods for the comparison and elimination of background noise from measured noise level is shown as **Table 6.1**. The measured noise levels obtained in these periods will be compared with the background noise level of the same period obtained during the non-construction hours. The actual non-construction hours will be determined with the Contractor works programme.

Time Periods	Period for Non-constructed Hours
Non-restricted hours	0700-1000hrs (normal weekdays)
	1000-1700hrs (normal weekdays)
	1700-1900hrs (normal weekdays)
Restricted hours	1900-2300hrs (all days)
	2300-0700hrs (all days)
	0700-1900hrs (Sunday and Public Holiday)

Table 6.1 Duration of selected periods for comparison

- c) The duration and parameter of background noise shall be in term of  $L_{eq(30min)}$  during the period of 0700-1900 hours on normal weekday and  $L_{eq(5min)}$  during the period other than 0700-1900 hours on normal weekday. It shall be as a factor to eliminate the background noise from the measured noise level.
- d) Compliance checking of the corrected noise level shall be applied to the normal construction hours 0700-1900 hrs between Monday and Saturday.
- e) It shall be also applied to the restricted hour if any construction works conducted with valid CNP during this period.



f) In case of any action and limit level exceedances occur, the exceeded noise level will be analysed and reviewed any relationship with the construction works. Shall the non-compliance occurs, action shall be taken in accordance with the Event/Action Plan stipulated in EM&A Manual.



#### APPENDIX A

#### SPECIFICATIONS OF PROPOSED EQUIPMENTS



## **PRODUCT DATA**

2250 Light – with Sound Level Meter Software BZ-7130 Optional Software: 1/1-oct. Frequency Analysis BZ-7131, 1/3-oct. Frequency Analysis BZ-7132 and Logging BZ-7133

2250 Light has been developed specifically for measuring occupational, environmental and product noise, while complying fully with all the relevant national and international standards.

Extensive user studies have been paired with state-ofthe-art technology to make this analyzer a robust, effective and elegant tool for those applications.

Using the large, high contrast, touch screen interface, the analyzer can easily be set up to display and measure just what is needed from the extensive list of parameters provided by the analyzer.

2250 Light comes with Sound Level Meter Software installed, measuring all parameters simultaneously within its wide 120 dB dynamic range. For frequency analysis, add the 1/1- and/or 1/3-octave software module. For time profile investigation, add the Logging software module. The optional software modules install easily and work seamlessly with the Sound Level Meter Software.



Back in the office, USB connectivity lets you use your PC to archive, manage, view or even control 2250 Light, as well as export your results to software packages such as Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Excel and Brüel&Kjær Types 7815, 7820 or 7825 for post-processing and reporting.

#### **Uses and Features**

#### USES

- Environmental noise assessment, monitoring and complaints
- Occupational noise evaluation
- Selection of hearing protection
- Noise reduction
- Product quality control
- General purpose Class 1 sound measurements
- Real-time analysis of sound in 1/1- and 1/3-octave bands
- Analysis of time histories for broadband parameters and spectra (Logging)

#### FEATURES

- Large, high-resolution, touch-sensitive screen
- · 'Traffic Light' status indicator
- Plug-in rechargeable Li-ion battery
- Data storage on plug-in memory cards
- 120 dB dynamic range up to 140 dB
- Real-time frequency analysis in 1/1-octave bands
- Real-time frequency analysis in 1/3-octave bands
- Broadband and spectrum logging
- Logging profile display with markers
- Back-erase to delete unwanted noise events
- PC software included for archiving, export and reporting
- Robust and environmentally protected (IP 44)
- Upgrade to Type 2250 on exchange basis



2250 Light combines renowned Brüel & Kjær measurement excellence and the Type 2250 platform's ease of use, in an efficient and versatile sound measurement instrument. Whether you are addressing workplace noise compliance, environmental noise assessment, or product noise certification, 2250 Light offers the functionality to meet your requirements. A unique user-interface makes your measurements easier to perform with results that are easier to analyze and report.

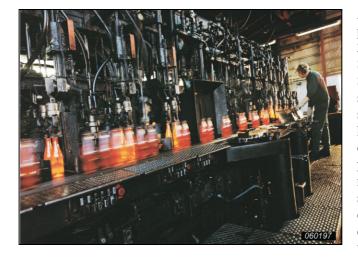
This data sheet describes the suite of software applications available for 2250 Light. All instruments come with the Sound Level Meter Software for 2250 Light (BZ-7130) included.

**Note:** 2250 Light can be upgraded to a Type 2250 Hand-held Analyzer, to include more features and applications such as advanced logging, sound recording or reverberation time software. Please refer to Type 2250 Product Data BP 2025 for more information. The upgrade is on an exchange basis, please contact you local Brüel & Kjær representative for details.

#### Applications

#### Workplace and Industrial Hygiene Noise Measurement Applications

2250 Light was developed with special interest for the measurement of workplace noise. The comfortable and secure design feels safe in your hand. With the display located relatively close to you, the buttons fall precisely where they need to be for a one thumb operated Start, Stop and Save. The 'Traffic Light' indicator surrounding the Start/Pause pushbutton gives you an immediate visual indication of measurement status – even in the brightest sunshine. The large, high contrast, touch screen/display, lets you select parameters on the display, and 2250 Light can memorise those setups for your next measurement.



As for occupational health noise parameters, nothing was left out. 2250 Light can measure Fast and Slow, A-weighted and C-Weighted SPLs simultaneously, along with a separately weighted peak detector, so that the values you need to specify hearing protection are immediately on the display. Parallel analysis allows you to compare a 3 dB exchange rate average measurement with a selectable alternate 4, 5 or 6 dB exchange rate, including separate dose, expected dose and exposure values.

2250 Light also offers three independent threshold peak event counters, along with simultaneous Fast, Slow and Impulse RMS detectors, to assess impulsive noise.

When you add the optional 1/1-octave frequency analysis software option, you are ready to instantly assess noise control and detailed hearing protection requirements for a surveyed location. With 2250 Light there is no filter switching, or range changing, all the octaves are measured at the same instant, along with the broadband A- and C-weighted values. For even more detail, add the 1/3-octave frequency analysis option. Instantly see the maximum and average levels across 31 frequency bands spanning three decades from 12.5 Hz to 16 kHz.

Sometimes noise levels in the workplace vary dramatically, and perhaps irregularly. To assess this kind of noise it is helpful to measure and analyse a noise profile -a measurement that shows how the sound varies with time.

The Logging option for 2250 Light provides this capability in a naturally intuitive way, using simultaneous views of the complete profile and a 'zoomed-in' 100-second 'window'. Set up to five different user-defined markers anywhere in the profile, to identify noise sources or events. If you have installed either the 1/1- or 1/3-octave real-time frequency analysis options, 2250 Light seamlessly integrates the spectrum information into the noise profile.

Back at your desk after a survey, or even a single measurement, archive the measurements using the included utility program, where you can view all the results of your measurement on a Windows<sup>®</sup> compatible PC. Use the same utility program to transfer measurement results to Excel to easily produce reports, or export the results directly to Brüel & Kjær's Protector Type 7825, where you can organise and analyze the company's noise and hearing conservation program. Type 7825 calculates noise exposure according to ISO 9612.2.

So, whether you are making a simple noise survey, or supplementing noise dose measurements for noise control or hearing protection selection, 2250 Light is an easy, yet powerful tool to make you more productive, and more confident in analysing hearing conservation programs.

#### **Environmental Noise Measurement Applications**

The tasks for environmental noise measurements are varied, so the instrument you pick for your measurements needs to be flexible, easy to configure, powerful and accurate. 2250 Light is all that, and more, making it ideal for a simple noise enforcement measurement one moment, then a complex environmental impact survey the next. 2250 Light is built on the core platform of the award winning design of Type 2250. It borrows the robust construction, intuitive touch screen interface, and legendary Brüel & Kjær measurement accuracy.



2250 Light with the standard Sound Level Meter software (BZ-7130) is ideal for a spot noise enforcement check. Use the large numeric display, press the conveniently located Start pushbutton, and when ready, press the same button to stop the measurement. Press the Save pushbutton, and you will not only be saving the results, but also the actual time of the measurement, its duration, and even the date and time for the last calibration of the instrument.

2250 Light can measure all the parameters needed for environmental noise, including dual frequency weightings, Fast, Slow, and Impulse Time Averaging,  $L_{eq}$ 's and a full

range of statistical distributions. But just as important, you can set 2250 Light to display just the parameters you need, then save that display so 2250 Light powers-up, tailor-made for your use, every time.

For more involved environmental applications, you'll need to add the Logging option. Now you can set the instrument to record all, or up to ten selected measurement results at intervals from one second to one day, for a duration only limited by the size of the CF or SD memory card used in the external memory slots. The display offers two simultaneous views, one of

the complete profile and a 'zoomed-in' 100-second 'window', that are intuitively linked by the cursor.

For the precise timing of noise events, an alternative 'Fast Log' view gives you either or both of the  $L_{AF}$  and  $L_{Aeq}$  results for 100 ms intervals. In either the fast log, or profile view, you can define up to five different markers anywhere in the profile, to identify noise sources or events. When you use the real-time frequency analysis options, 1/1-octave or 1/3-octave, the frequency spectrum average, maximum and minimum values can be logged along with the overall values. Save and view the noise profiles on your Windows<sup>®</sup> PC with the included utility program, or for easy analysis of the noise profile, export the whole measurement to Brüel & Kjær Environmental Noise Software (Type 7820 Evaluator or Type 7821 Evaluator Light) which have built-in calculation algorithms that allow you to produce compound sound level figures from several contributions. Some may have impulse or pure tone penalties, depending on which measurement standard you choose, for example, ISO 1996, DIN 45 645, TA Lärm, NF S 31-010, or BS 4142. (See Product Data BP 1752.)

You'll take these measurements with the incredible 120 dB dynamic range of 2250 Light, allowing measurements from the low noise floor of the instrument to over 140 dB. Without a range switch to consider, you can now make measurements without fear of overload, and still capture the nuances of a silent night. 2250 Light is an ideal entry point to safe, easy and precise environmental noise measurements.

#### **Product Noise Measurement**

Brüel & Kjær long ago set the standard for product noise measurements. Now, whether you have a simple A-weighted sound limit requirement, or need to evaluate a 1/3-octave reverberation chamber sound power test, 2250 Light is scalable to your requirements.



2250 Light can be used as a hand-held device for easy portability, or it can be operated using your Windows<sup>®</sup> PC as an on-line USB controlled device in your laboratory. The user-defined templates make switching between applications easy.

The wide 120 dB dynamic range of 2250 Light eliminates concern for overloads, and you can set a preset measurement time to add consistency to your measurements. Use the built-in headphone style (3.5 mm) output jack to send the signal out to other measurement instrumentation. The included utility program makes it easy to keep track of results in an organised, archive structure. And, of course, there's the Class 1 precision and reputation of Brüel & Kjær, giving you and your customers' complete confidence in your measurements, while adding value to your products.

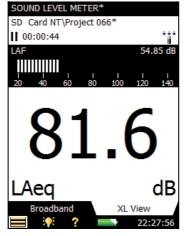
For comprehensive data management and post-process reporting, consider using 2250 Light data together with Type 7815 Noise Explorer, which supports a wide range of user-definable graphic and tabular displays.

Graphs and tables can be imported into standard Windows<sup>®</sup> applications such as word processors and spreadsheets.



**Fig. 2** The large numeric display - ideal for a spot noise enforcement check

#### SLM Module



2250 Light comes with the Sound Level Meter Software for 2250 Light included. This makes 2250 Light into a versatile broadband sound level meter; it complies with the latest international standard (IEC 61672–1) as well as previous international and national standards.

All quantities are measured at the same time. For example, A and C frequency weighted levels are measured simultaneously, and at the same time F, S and I time weightings are applied in parallel. In addition, Peak levels are measured. Full statistics are also computed on-the-fly. Combine this with the dynamic range exceeding 120 dB and you will never miss a beat! You get all the parameters in one attempt, under-range is nonexistent and you will have difficulties provoking an overload. A full compliment of occupational health sound parameters

are provided simultaneously, complying with national and international standards. The detailed list of available parameters can be found in the specifications section. You choose what you want on the display, but, at any time – during or after the measurement – all other parameters can be inspected and reported.

#### 1/1- and 1/3-octave Frequency Analysis Software for 2250 Light – BZ-7131 and BZ-7132

**Fig. 3** Example of 1/1-octave frequency analysis. Note that two spectra are displayed simultaneously

00:00: ZFmax	10	1 kHz	99.9 (	i In
LZFMax LZeq 140-	ılı	1 kHz	80.0 c	
100- 60-	_=			
20-				
-20 <b>-</b> 16	63 2	50 1k	8k /	١C
Start Tim		26-10-200		

1/1-octave Frequency Analysis Software for 2250 Light BZ-7131, and 1/3-octave Frequency Analysis Software for 2250 Light BZ-7132 are optional software modules. They allow you to make real-time measurements in 1/1- or 1/3-octave bands over a wide frequency range. This makes it a simple matter to obtain spectra in order to, for example, select hearing protection, qualify heat and ventilation systems, and assess tonality.

The following frequency ranges are available:

- 1/1-octave spectra (centre frequencies 16 Hz to 8 kHz)
- 1/3-octave spectra (centre frequencies 12.5 Hz to 16 kHz)

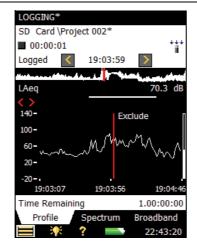
In each band you have a full and unrivalled dynamic range from the noise floor in that particular band to 140 dB. That is, a dynamic range generally in excess of 135 dB.

Spectra can be A-, B-, C- or Z-weighted. Five spectra are measured and stored and, in addition, two instantaneous spectra are available for display. Two spectra, for example, a minimum and maximum spectrum, can be superimposed on the display. All the broadband quantities measured by Sound Level Meter Software BZ-7130 are computed in parallel with the frequency analysis.

#### Logging Software for 2250 Light – BZ-7133

#### Fig.4

Display showing part of a logging profile and an exclude marker



With the optional Logging Software enabled, 2250 Light becomes a versatile instrument for obtaining time histories. The Logging Software allows you to select freely among the broadband parameters and log them at intervals from 1 s to 24 h. At the same time  $L_{Aeq}$  and/or  $L_{AF}$  can be logged at 100 ms intervals.

If Frequency Analysis Software BZ-7131 or BZ-7132 is enabled, the Logging Software additionally lets you log spectra at the same 1 s to 24 h intervals.

Logging Software BZ-7133 incorporates a number of features designed to make difficult field work as manageable as possible.

Among the most salient of these features are the following:

- Five user-definable markers can be set on-the-fly in the profile. Use these, for example, to clearly indicate specific noise sources or events
- Markers can be set directly on the profile display using the stylus and the touch screen. Simply 'tap and drag' on the part of the profile you want to mark and select a marker from the drop-down list
- Three of the markers can also be set using the three marker pushbuttons
- Markers can even be set 'after the fact'. The display covers the latest 100 samples (that is, 100 s of profile when logging at 1 s intervals, otherwise more) meaning that in most cases you can wait for the event (or disturbance) to stop before placing your marker. Alternatively, scroll back in the profile and set your marker
- Lets you browse easily between markers
- The profile display can be 'frozen' at any time (this happens automatically when you tap the screen), allowing you to work at ease

All markers are saved with the measurement, see Fig. 4. No further bookkeeping is required. When exporting data to, for example, 7821 Evaluator Light software for further analyses, markers are directly accessible on the profile.

Data is stored directly on SD or CF cards; for availability, please refer to the Ordering Information. Data can be directly read from the memory card by the included PC software BZ-5503 (see following section). This means that even large amounts of data can be quickly transferred to a PC.

In order to give an indication of the amount of memory required, some examples have been listed below. Values should be compared to the standard size of the SD cards used, which start at 128 Mbyte.

For convenience, values for 1s logging periods during 24 h are given. Other values easily compute from these:

- Five broadband parameters, no statistics: 1 Mbyte
- All broadband parameters, one 100 ms parameter: 3 Mbyte
- All broadband parameters, no statistics: 4 Mbyte
- All broadband parameters, one 100 ms parameter, all 1/3-octave spectra: 30 Mbyte
- All broadband parameters with full statistics: 58 Mbyte
- All broadband parameters, one 100 ms parameter, all 1/3-octave spectra, full statistics: 86 Mbyte

#### Type 2250 PC Software – Utility Software for Hand-held Analyzers BZ-5503

Utility Software for Hand-held Analyzers BZ-5503 is an archiving tool for 2250 Light data and setups, and functions as the link between 2250 Light and post-processing or reporting software on a PC. It enables you to do the following:

- Control 2250 Light from a PC
- Manage and archive data on a PC
- Keep your 2250 Light software up to date

#### **Overview of 2250 Light Software Features**

The table that follows presents a summary of the features of each of the software modules available with 2250 Light. See Specifications for details.

Feature	SLM Software (Included)	1/1-octave Frequency Analysis Software	1/3-octave Frequency Analysis Software	Logging Software
120+ dB Dynamic Range – no need for range switching	•	•	•	•
Sound levels up to 140 dB with supplied Microphone Type 4950	•	•	•	•
IEC/ANSI SLM standards Type/Class 1	•	•	•	٠
Frequency weightings A, B, C, Z (linear) and time weightings F, S, I	•	•	•	•
Free-field/diffuse-field correction	•	•	•	•
Pre-set time start/stop	•	•	•	•
Back-erase – last 5 seconds of measurement data	•	•	•	
Multi-language user interface	•	•	•	•
Context-sensitive help	•	•	•	•
Broadband statistics based on LAeq, LAF or LAS	•	•	•	•
Broadband frequency range: 5 Hz – 18 kHz	•	•	•	•
Remote control using Analogue or GSM modem	•	•	•	•
Transfer of data files while measuring (USB or modem)	•	•	•	•
1/1-octave spectra (centre frequencies 16 Hz to 8 kHz)		•		●a
1/3-octave spectra (centre frequencies 12.5 Hz to 16 kHz)			•	●a
Logging of all or selected broadband parameters and spectra				•
Logging period 1s to 24 h				•
L <sub>Aeq</sub> and/or L <sub>AF</sub> logged every 100 ms				•
Profile display				•
Profile overview of entire measurement				•
Markers on profile display				•

a. If 1/1- or 1/3-octave Frequency Analysis Software is enabled

#### **Compliance with Standards**

CE, C	CE-mark indicates compliance with the EMC Directive and Low Voltage Directive. C-Tick mark indicates compliance with the EMC requirements of Australia and New Zealand.
Safety	EN/IEC 61010–1: Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use. UL 61010B–1: Standard for Safety – Electrical measuring and test equipment.
EMC Emission	EN/IEC 61000–6–3: Generic emission standard for residential, commercial and light industrial environments. CISPR 22: Radio disturbance characteristics of information technology equipment. Class B Limits. FCC Rules, Part 15: Complies with the limits for a Class B digital device. IEC 61672–1, IEC 61260, IEC 60651 and IEC 60804: Instrumentation standards
EMC Immunity	EN/IEC 61000–6–2: Generic standard – Immunity for industrial environments. EN/IEC 61326: Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use – EMC requirements. IEC 61672–1, IEC 61260, IEC 60651 and IEC 60804: Instrumentation standards

#### Specifications – 2250 Light Platform

Specifications apply to 2250 Light fitted with Microphone Type 4950 and Microphone Preamplifier ZC-0032

#### SUPPLIED MICROPHONE

**Type 4950:** Prepolarized Free-field ½" Microphone **Nominal Open-circuit Sensitivity:** 50 mV/Pa (corresponding to -26 dB re 1 V/Pa) ±2 dB **Capacitance:** 12.5 pF (at 250 Hz)

#### MICROPHONE PREAMPLIFIER ZC-0032 Nominal Preamplifier Attenuation: 0.3 dB

Connector: 10-pin LEMO

**Extension Cables:** Up to 100 m in length between the microphone preamplifier and 2250 Light, without degradation of the specifications

#### SELF-GENERATED NOISE LEVEL

Typical values at 23°C for nominal microphone open-circuit sensitivity:

Weighting	Microphone	Electrical	Total
"A"	14.0 dB	12.9 dB	16.4 dB
"B"	12.9 dB	11.8 dB	15.4 dB
"C"	13.0 dB	13.4 dB	16.2 dB
"Z" 5 Hz–20 kHz	14.4 dB	19.2 dB	20.4 dB

#### KEYBOARD

**Pushbuttons:** 11 keys with backlight, optimised for measurement control and screen navigation

#### **ON-OFF BUTTON**

Function: Press 1s to turn on; press 1s to enter standby; press for more than 5s to switch off

#### STATUS INDICATORS

LEDs: Red, amber and green

#### DISPLAY

Type: Transflective back-lit touch screen  $240\times320$  dot matrix Black and White Scheme

Backlight: Adjustable level and on-time

#### USER INTERFACE

**Measurement Control:** Using pushbuttons on keyboard **Setup and Display of Results:** Using stylus on touch screen or pushbuttons on keyboard

Lock: Keyboard and touch screen can be locked and unlocked

#### USB INTERFACE

USB 1.1 OTG Mini B socket

#### MODEM INTERFACE

Hayes compatible GSM or standard analogue modems connected through the Compact Flash slot

#### INPUT SOCKET

Connector: Triaxial LEMO Input Impedance:  $\geq 1 M\Omega$  Direct Input: Max. input voltage:  $\pm 14.14 V_{peak}$ 

#### **HEADPHONE SOCKET**

Connector: 3.5 mm Minijack stereo socket Max. Peak Output Level:  $\pm 1.4 V$  Output Impedance:  $32 \Omega$  in each channel

#### EXTERNAL DC POWER SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS

Used to charge the battery pack in the instrument **Voltage:** 8–24 V DC, ripple voltage <20 mV **Current Requirement:** min. 1.5 A **Power Consumption:** < 2.5 W, without battery charging, < 10 W when charging

Cable Connector: LEMO Type FFA.00, positive at centre pin

#### BATTERY PACK

Type: Li-lon rechargeable Typical Operating Time: >8 hours

#### STORAGE SYSTEM

Internal Flash-RAM (non-volatile): 20 Mbyte for user setups and measurement data

External Secure Digital Memory Card (SD-card): For store/recall of measurement data

External Compact Flash Memory Card (CF-card): For store/recall of measurement data

#### CLOCK

Back-up battery powered clock. Drift < 0.45 s per 24 hour period

#### WARM-UP TIME

From Power Off: <2 minutes From Standby: <10 seconds

#### TEMPERATURE

IEC 60068–2–1 & IEC 60068–2–2: Environmental Testing. Cold and Dry Heat

Operating Temperature: -10 to +50°C (14 to 122°F), <0.1 dB Storage Temperature: -25 to +70°C (-13 to +158°F)

#### HUMIDITY

IEC 60068–2–78: Damp Heat: 90% RH (non-condensing at 40°C (104°F)).

**Effect of Humidity:** < 0.1 dB for 0% < RH < 90% (at 40°C (104°F) and 1 kHz)

#### MECHANICAL

Environmental Protection: IP 44 Non-operating: IEC 60068–2–6: Vibration: 0.3 mm,  $20 \text{ m/s}^2$ , 10-500 HzIEC 60068–2–27: Shock:  $1000 \text{ m/s}^2$ IEC 60068–2–29: Bump: 4000 bumps at 400 m/s<sup>2</sup>

#### WEIGHT AND DIMENSIONS

650 g (23 oz.) including rechargeable battery  $300\times93\times50$  mm (11.8  $\times3.7\times1.9'')$  including preamplifier and microphone

#### LANGUAGE

User Interface in Catalan, Croatian, Czech, Danish, English, Flemish, French, German, Hungarian, Japanese, Italian, Polish, Portuguese, Romanian, Serbian, Slovenian, Spanish, Swedish and Turkish

Concise context-sensitive help in Catalan, English, French, German, Italian, Japanese, Polish, Portuguese, Romanian, Serbian, Slovenian and Spanish

#### Software Specifications – Sound Level Meter Software for 2250 Light BZ-7130

Conforms with the following National and International Standards: IEC 61672-1 (2002-05) Class 1

- IEC 60651 (1979) plus Amendment 1 (1993-02) and Amendment 2 (2000-10), Type 1
- IEC 60804 (2000-10), Type 1
- · IEC 61252, Electroacoustics Specifications for Personal Sound **Exposure Meters**
- DIN 45657 (1997–07)
- ANSI S1.4-1983 plus ANSI S1.4A-1985 Amendment, Type 1 • ANSI S1 43-1997, Type 1
- Note: The International IEC Standards are adopted as European standards by CENELEC. When this happens, the letters IEC are

replaced with EN and the number is retained. 2250 Light also conforms to these EN Standards

#### **CORRECTION FILTERS**

#### For Microphone Type 4950:

Correct the frequency response to compensate for sound field and accessories:

Sound Field: Free-field or Diffuse-field Accessories: None, Windscreen UA-0237

#### DFTFCTORS

Parallel Detectors on every measurement:

A- or B-weighted (switchable) broadband detector channel with three exponential time weightings (Fast, Slow, Impulse), one linearly averaging detector and one peak detector

C- or Z-weighted (switchable) as for A- or B-weighted Overload Detector: Monitors the overload outputs of all the frequency weighted channels

#### MEASUREMENTS

- X = frequency weightings A or B
- Y = frequency weightings C or Z
- V = frequency weightings A, B, C or Z
- U = time weightings F or S
- Q = exchange rate 4, 5 or 6 dB N = number between 0.1 and 99.9
- For Storage

#### Full statistics

#### For Display and Storage

Start Time	Stop Time	Overload %
Elapsed Time	L <sub>Xeq</sub>	L <sub>Yeq</sub>
L <sub>XE</sub>	L <sub>YE</sub>	L <sub>Ceq</sub> -L <sub>Aeq</sub>
L <sub>XSmax</sub>	L <sub>XFmax</sub>	L <sub>XImax</sub>
L <sub>YSmax</sub>	L <sub>YFmax</sub>	L <sub>YImax</sub>
L <sub>XSmin</sub>	L <sub>XFmin</sub>	L <sub>XImin</sub>
L <sub>YSmin</sub>	L <sub>YFmin</sub>	L <sub>Ylmin</sub>
L <sub>Xleq</sub>	L <sub>Yleq</sub>	L <sub>Aleq</sub> -L <sub>Aeq</sub>
L <sub>AFTeq</sub>	L <sub>AFTeq</sub> -L <sub>Aeq</sub>	Time Remaining
L <sub>ep,d</sub>	L <sub>ep,d,v</sub>	E
Dose%	Proj. Dose%	#VPeaks (>NNNdB)
#VPeaks (>137dB)	#VPeaks (>135dB)	L <sub>Vpeak</sub>
T <sub>Vpeak</sub>	L <sub>avUQ</sub>	TWA
TWAv	DoseUQ%	Proj. DoseUQ%

#### Only for Display as Numbers or Quasi-analogue Bars

L <sub>XS</sub>	L <sub>XF</sub>	L <sub>XI</sub>
L <sub>YS</sub>	L <sub>YF</sub>	L <sub>YI</sub>
L <sub>XS(SPL)</sub>	L <sub>XF(SPL)</sub>	L <sub>XI(SPL)</sub>
L <sub>YS(SPL)</sub>	L <sub>YF(SPL)</sub>	L <sub>YI(SPL)</sub>
L <sub>Vpeak,1s</sub>	L <sub>AN1</sub> or L <sub>AUN1</sub>	L <sub>AN2</sub> or L <sub>AUN2</sub>
L <sub>AN3</sub> or L <sub>AUN3</sub>	L <sub>AN4</sub> or L <sub>AUN4</sub>	L <sub>AN5</sub> or L <sub>AUN5</sub>
L <sub>AN6</sub> or L <sub>AUN6</sub>	L <sub>AN7</sub> or L <sub>AUN7</sub>	

#### MEASURING RANGES

Dynamic Range: From typical noise floor to max. level for a 1 kHz pure tone signal, A-weighted: 16.4 to 140 dB Primary Indicator Range: In accordance with IEC 60651, A-weighted: 23.9 dB to 123 dB Linearity Range: In accordance with IEC 60804, A-weighted: 21.8 dB to 140 dB Linear Operating Range: In accordance with IEC 61672, A-weighted: 1 kHz: 25.0 dB to 140 dB Peak C Range: In accordance with IEC 61672: 30.1 dB to 143 dB

#### SAMPLING FOR BROADBAND STATISTICS

- The Statistics can be based on either L<sub>AF</sub>, L<sub>AS</sub> or L<sub>Aeq</sub>: Statistics L<sub>AFN1-7</sub> or L<sub>ASN1-7</sub> are based on sampling L<sub>AF</sub> or L<sub>AS</sub>, resp., every 10 ms into 0.2 dB wide classes over 130 dB
- Statistics  $L_{AN1-7}$  are based on sampling  $L_{Aeq}$  every second into 0.2 dB wide classes over 130 dB

Full distribution saved with measurement

#### MEASUREMENT DISPLAYS

SLM: Measurement data displayed as numbers of various sizes and one quasi-analogue bar

Measured data are displayed as dB values, housekeeping data as numbers in relevant format.

Instantaneous measurement L<sub>XF</sub> is displayed as a quasi-analogue

#### MEASUREMENT CONTROL

Manual: Manually controlled single measurement

Automatic: Pre-set measurement time from 1 s to 24 hours in 1 s steps

Manual Controls: Reset, Start, Pause, Back-erase, Continue and Store the measurement manually

#### **BACK-ERASE**

The last 5 s of data can be erased without resetting the measurement

#### **MEASUREMENT STATUS**

On Screen: Information such as overload and running/paused are displayed on screen as icons

Traffic Lights: Red, yellow and green LEDs show measurement status and instantaneous overload as follows:

- Yellow LED flash every 5s = stopped, ready to measure
- Green LED flashing slowly = awaiting calibration signal •
- Green LED on constantly = measuring
- Yellow LED flashing slowly = paused, measurement not stored
- Red LED flashing quickly = intermittent overload, calibration failed

#### CALIBRATION

Initial calibration is stored for comparison with later calibrations Acoustic: Using Sound Calibrator Type 4231 or custom calibrator. The calibration process automatically detects the calibration level when Sound Calibrator Type 4231 is used

Electrical: Uses internally generated electrical signal combined with a typed-in value of microphone sensitivity

Calibration History: Up to 20 of the last calibrations made are listed and can be viewed on the instrument

#### SIGNAL MONITORING

The input signal can be monitored using an earphone/headphones connected to the headphone socket

Headphone Signal: Input signal can be monitored using this socket with headphones/earphones

Gain Adjustment: -60 dB to 60 dB

#### DATA MANAGEMENT

Project Template: Defines the display and measurement setups Project: Measurement data stored with the Project Template Job: Projects are organised in Jobs

Explorer facilities for easy management of data (copy, cut, paste, delete, rename, view data, open project, create job, set default project name)

## Software Specifications – 1/1-octave Frequency Analysis Software for 2250 Light BZ-7131 and 1/3-octave Frequency Analysis Software for 2250 Light BZ-7132

The specifications for BZ-7131 and BZ-7132 include the specifications for Sound Level Meter Software for Light BZ-7130. BZ-7131 and BZ-7132 add:

#### STANDARDS

Conforms with the following National and International Standards:

- IEC 61260 (1995–07) plus Amendment 1 (2001–09), 1/1-octave Bands, Class 0
- ANSIS1.11–1986, 1/1-octave Bands and 1/3-octave Bands, Order 3, Type 0–C
- ANSI S1.11-2004, 1/1-octave Bands, Class 0

#### **CENTRE FREQUENCIES**

1/1-octave Band Centre Frequencies (BZ-7131 only): 16 Hz to 8 kHz 1/3-octave Band Centre Frequencies (BZ-7132 only):

1/3-octave Band Centre Frequencies (BZ-7132 only): 12.5 Hz to 16 kHz

#### MEASUREMENTS

X = frequency weightings A, B, C or Z

# Spectra for Display and Storage LXFmax LXFmax LXcq LXSmax LXFmax LXSmin LXFmin Sectra for Display Only LXS LXF Single Values SIL PSIL SIL3 LAcq (20-200 Hz) (BZ-7132 only) Single Values

#### MEASURING RANGES

**Dynamic Range:** From typical noise floor to max. level for a pure tone signal at 1 kHz 1/3-octave: 1.5 to 140 dB **Linear Operating Range:** In accordance with IEC 61260:  $\leq$  20.5 dB to 140 dB

#### MEASUREMENT DISPLAYS

Spectrum: One or two spectra superimposed + A/B and C/Z broadband bars Table: One or two spectra in tabular form Y-axis: Range: 5, 10, 20, 40, 60, 80, 100, 120, 140 or 160 dB. Auto zoom or auto scale available Cursor: Readout of selected band

#### Software Specifications - Logging Software for 2250 Light BZ-7133

The specifications for BZ-7133 include the specifications for Sound Level Meter Software for 2250 Light BZ-7130. BZ-7133 adds:

#### MEASUREMENTS

 $\mbox{Logging:}$  Measurement data logged at pre-set periods into files on external SD- or CF-cards

Logging Period: From 1s to 24 hours with 1s resolution Fast Logging:  $L_{AF}$  and  $L_{Aeq}$  can be logged every 100 ms, irrespective of logging period

Broadband Data Stored at each Logging Interval: All, or up to 10 selectable broadband data

**Broadband Statistics Stored at each Logging Interval:** Full distribution, or none

**Spectrum Data Stored at each Logging Interval:** All, or up to 3 selectable spectra (license for BZ-7131 or BZ-7132 required) **Logging Time:** From 1 second to 31 days with 1 s resolution

**Measurement Total:** For the logging time, in parallel with logging: All broadband data, statistics and spectra (license for BZ-7131 or BZ-7132 required)

Automatic reboot and resume of operation in case of power failure

#### MARKERS

Five user-definable markers for on-line marking of noise sources or events anywhere in the profile.

Markers are set using the stylus on the touch screen, or the three marker pushbuttons  $% \left( {{{\rm{D}}_{\rm{B}}}} \right)$ 

#### MEASUREMENT DISPLAYS

**Profile:** Graphical display of selectable measurement data versus time. Fast display of next or previous marker, Profile Overview of entire measurement

 $\textbf{Y-axis:}\ Range:$  5, 10, 20, 40, 60, 80, 100, 120, 140 or 160 dB. Auto zoom or auto scale available

X-axis: Scroll facilities

Cursor: Readout of measurement data at selected time

#### STORAGE

Measurement data is stored on an external SD or CF memory card. For availability, please refer to the Ordering Information

#### Software Specifications - Utility Software for Hand-held Analyzers BZ-5503

BZ-5503 is included with 2250 Light for easy synchronisation of data between PC and 2250 Light. BZ-5503 is supplied on CD-ROM BZ-5298

#### **ON-LINE DISPLAY OF 2250 LIGHT DATA**

Measurements on 2250 Light can be controlled from the PC and displayed on-line with the PC, using the same user interface on the PC as on 2250 Light

#### DATA MANAGEMENT

**Explorer:** Facilities for easy management of Instruments, Jobs and Projects (copy, cut, paste, delete, rename, create)

**Data Viewer:** View measurement data (content of projects) **Synchronisation:** Projects can be synchronised between PC and 2250 Light

#### EXPORT FACILITIES

Excel: Projects (or user specified parts) can be exported to  $\textbf{Microsoft}^{\texttt{®}}$  Excel

**Type 7810/12/15/16/20/25:** Projects can be exported to Predictor Type 7810, Lima Type 7812, Noise Explorer Type 7815, Acoustic Determinator Type 7816, Evaluator Type 7820 or Protector Type 7825

#### 2250 LIGHT SOFTWARE UPGRADES AND LICENSES The utility software controls 2250 Light software upgrades and

licensing of the 2250 Light applications

#### **INTERFACE TO 2250 LIGHT**

USB ver. 1.1 or Hayes compatible GSM or standard analogue modem

#### PC REQUIREMENT

**Operating System:** Windows<sup>®</sup> 2000/Windows<sup>®</sup> XP, Microsoft<sup>®</sup>.NET **Recommended PC:** Pentium<sup>®</sup> III (or equivalent) processor, 128 Mbyte RAM, SVGA graphics display/adaptor, sound card, CD ROM drive, mouse, USB, Windows<sup>®</sup> XP

#### **Ordering Information**

2250 LIGHT PAC	CKAGES	KE-0
Type 2250-L-100	Hand-held Analyzer with Sound Level Meter	HT-0
T 0050 L 000	Software BZ-7130	UA-1
Type 2250-L-200	Hand-held Analyzer with Sound Level Meter	Туре
	Software BZ-7130 and 1/1-octave Frequency Analysis Software BZ-7131	UA-1 UL-1
Type 2250-L-300	Hand-held Analyzer with Sound Level Meter	Туре
,	Software BZ-7130, 1/1-octave Frequency Analysis	000
	Software BZ-7131 and 1/3-octave Frequency	FB-0
	Analysis Software BZ-7132	UA-C
Type 2250-L-400	Hand-held Analyzer with Sound Level Meter	UA-1
Turne 2250 L 500	Software BZ-7130 and Logging Software BZ-7133	DH-0
Type 2250-L-500	Hand-held Analyzer with Sound Level Meter Software BZ-7130, 1/1-octave Frequency Analysis	KE-0
	Software BZ-7131, 1/3-octave Frequency Analysis	HT-0
	Software BZ-7132 and Logging Software BZ-7133	UA-1
SOFTWARE MO	DULES AVAILABLE SEPARATELY	Type UA-1
BZ-7131	1/1-octave Frequency Analysis Software for 2250	UL-1
	Light	Туре
BZ-7132	1/3-octave Frequency Analysis Software for 2250	ACC
D7 7400	Light	ANA
BZ-7133	Logging Software for 2250 Light	ZG-0
	NCLUDED WITH TYPE 2250-L	CAL
Type 4950 ZC-0032	Prepolarized Free-field 1/2" Microphone Microphone Preamplifier	Туре
AO-1476	USB Standard A to USB Mini B Interface Cable,	2250
10 1470	1.8 m (6 ft)	2250
BZ-5298	Environmental Software, including BZ-5503 Utility	2250
	Software for Hand-held Analyzers	2250
ZG-0429	Mains Power Supply	MEA
QB-0061	Battery Pack	Туре
	Stylus	
	2250 LIGHT (UA-1703)	AO-0
FB-0691 UA-0237	Hinged Cover for Hand-held Analyzer 90 mm dia. Windscreen	AO-0
DH-0696	Wrist Strap	
KE-0441	Protective Cover for 2250 Light	KE-0
UA-1654	5 Extra Styli	UA-C
PLUS KIT FOR	2250 LIGHT (UA-1704)	UA-C
FB-0691	Hinged Cover for Hand-held Analyzer	UA-1
UA-0254	90 mm dia. Windscreens (6 pack of UA-0237)	UA-1 UL-1
UA-1673	Adaptor for Standard Tripod Mount	UL-1
DH-0696	Wrist Strap	UA-1
KE-0441	Protective Cover for 2250 Light	INTE
HT-0015 UA-1654	Earphones 5 Extra Styli	Туре
Type 4231	Sound Calibrator	Туре
UA-1251	Lightweight Tripod	
UL-1009	SD Memory Card	Туре
ADVANCED KIT	FOR 2250 LIGHT (UA-1705)	
FB-0691	Hinged Cover for Hand-held Analyzer	SER
UA-0254	90 mm dia. Windscreens (6 pack of UA-0237)	2250
UA-1673	Adaptor for Standard Tripod Mount	2250
DH-0696	Wrist Strap	

	KE-0441 HT-0015 UA-1654 Type 4231 UA-1251 UL-1009 Type 7821	Protective Cover for 2250 Light Earphones 5 Extra Styli Sound Calibrator Lightweight Tripod SD Memory Card Evaluator Light
; ; ;	51	L HEALTH KIT FOR 2250 LIGHT (UA-1706) Hinged Cover for Hand-held Analyzer 90 mm dia. Windscreens (6 pack of UA-0237) Adaptor for Standard Tripod Mount Wrist Strap Protective Cover for 2250 Light Earphones 5 Extra Styli Sound Calibrator Lightweight Tripod SD Memory Card Protector
	ACCESSORIES	AND COMPONENTS AVAILABLE SEPARATELY
	ANALYZER ZG-0444	Charger for QB-0061 Battery Pack
		Charger for QB-0001 Dattery Factor
	Type 4231 2250-CAI 2250-CAF 2250-CTF 2250-TCF	Sound Calibrator (fits in KE-0440) Accredited Initial Calibration of Type 2250 Accredited Calibration of Type 2250 Traceable Calibration of Type 2250 Conformance Test of Type 2250, with certificate
	MEASURING	
	Туре 3592	Outdoor Measuring Gear (see Product Data BP 1744)
	AO-0441-D-030	Microphone Extension Cable, 10-pin LEMO, 3 m (10 ft)
	AO-0441-D-100	Microphone Extension Cable, 10-pin LEMO, 10 m (33 ft)
	KE-0440 UA-0587 UA-0801 UA-1317 UA-1651 UL-1009 UL-1013 UA-1654	Travel Bag Tripod Small Tripod Microphone Holder Tripod Extension for Hand-held Analyzer SD Memory Card for Hand-held Analyzers CF Memory Card for Hand-held Analyzers 5 Extra Styli
	INTERFACING	
	Туре 7815 Туре 7821	Noise Explorer – data viewing software Evaluator Light – data viewing and calculation software
	Туре 7825	Protector – software for calculation of Personal Noise Exposure
	SERVICE PROD	•
	2250-L-EW1 2250-L-MU1	Extended Warranty, one year extension Upgrade of 2250 Light to Type 2250, performed at headquarters

#### TRADEMARKS

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## **PRODUCT DATA**

Outdoor Microphone Unit — Type 4198 Outdoor Microphone Kit — UA-1404

Type 4198 is a weather-proof microphone and preamplifier assembly that meets IEC 61672 class 1 and ANSI S1.4 Type 2 specifications. Use it in any situation where you must make precise outdoor sound measurements.

*Type 4198 is even suitable for semi-permanent, unsupervised outdoor installation.* 

Outdoor Microphone Kit UA-1404 includes all of the protective features of Type 4198, but without the microphone and preamplifier. It enables you to weatherproof your Falcon™ range microphones and preamplifiers. It can also protect the microphones and preamplifiers for Sound Level Meters Types 2236, 2250 and 2260. All recommended combinations fulfil IEC 61672 class 1 and ANSI S1.4 Type 2 specifications (see configuration diagram, Fig. 7).

Both the unit and the kit enable you to take measurements that are protected against the effects of wind, rain, and perching birds.



#### **USES AND FEATURES**

#### USES

- IEC 61672 class 1 compliant outdoor sound measurements in all weather conditions
- Unattended, semi-permanent outdoor installations
- Noise control
- · Complaint investigations
- Research

#### FEATURES

- Protected against the effects of wind, rain, and perching birds
- · Easy acoustic calibration

- Detailed free-field corrections on mini CD to obtain flat response in all sound fields
- Falcon<sup>™</sup> range product with a 3-year guarantee
- UA-1404 usable with existing Falcon<sup>™</sup> range microphones and preamplifiers

#### **TYPE 4198 ALSO FEATURES**

- · Built-in Type 1 microphone and preamplifier
- Wide dynamic range: 15.2 dB(A) to 146 dB
- · Remote calibration monitoring using CIC
- Individual microphone calibration charts
- Easy connection to standard measurement microphone equipment



#### **Effective Protection in Outdoor Environments**

Both Outdoor Microphone Unit Type 4198 and Outdoor Microphone Kit UA-1404 use the same protective assembly.

#### **Effective Wind Protection**

The windscreen reduces wind noise by approximately 15 dB for wind speeds up to 120 km/h. It is made of a specially prepared porous polyurethane foam, which is resistant to corrosive atmospheres and immune to moisture.

#### **Effective Rain Protection**

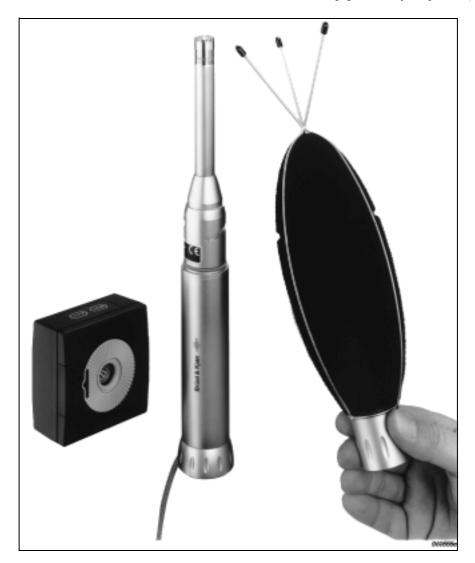
A rain cover protects the microphone from moisture. The cover surrounds the microphone cartridge inside the wind screen (see Fig. 5). It is specially designed to minimise its effect on the frequency and directional characteristics of the assembly.

#### **Chemical resistant**

All essential components are made of stainless steel to withstand tough environments.

#### **Support and Protection**

The windscreen is supported by three stainless steel rods that also protrude as rubber-capped spikes, which prevent birds from perching on the microphone. Each of the bird spikes is capped with soft rubber to make them easier to see and to help prevent eye injuries (see Fig. 5).



**Fig. 1** The wind and rain cover can be removed easily, but not accidentally. This exposes the microphone for easy calibration

#### Long Lasting

5

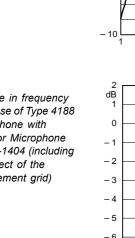
The unit provides excellent long-term mechanical stability. Should the frame become bent or the foam worn-out, replacements are available.

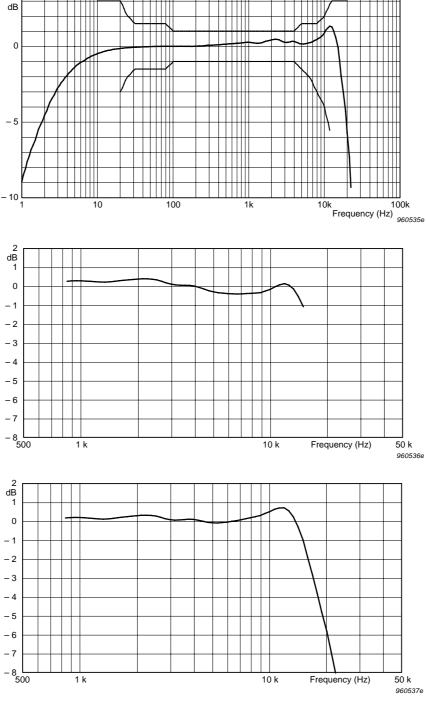
#### **Easy Acoustic Calibration**

Many all-weather microphone systems provide durability at the expense of microphone accessibility, which makes acoustical calibration difficult. With Type 4198 and UA-1404, the windscreen and rain cover assembly can easily be removed, thus exposing the microphone for easy acoustical calibration (see Fig. 5).

#### Fig. 2

Frequency response of Outdoor Microphone Unit Type 4198. IEC 61672 class 1 tolerances are shown above and below the response curve





#### Fig. 3

Change in frequency response of Type 4188 microphone with Outdoor Microphone Kit UA-1404 (including the effect of the replacement grid)

#### Fig.4

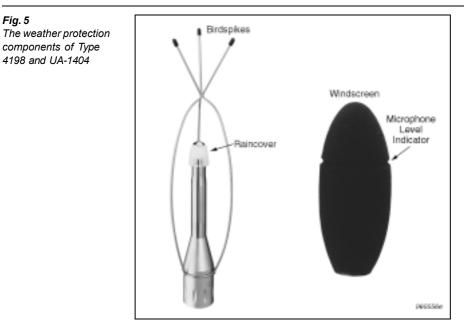
Change in frequency response of Types 4189 and 4190 microphones with Outdoor Microphone Kit UA-1404 (including the effect of the replacement grid)

#### Unattended Outdoor Monitoring

Fig. 5

components of Type

4198 and UA-1404



All of the features of Type 4198 and UA-1404 combine to create an assembly that can safely be installed for semi-permanent outdoor sound measurement. The assembly will maintain consistent performance even when left unattended in bad weather for several weeks.

#### **Precise Microphone Placement**

The height of the microphone inside the windscreen is clearly marked by the groove moulded into the screen (see Fig. 5).

#### Type 4198 — The Complete Outdoor Microphone

#### **Precision Components**

Outdoor Microphone Type 4198 includes the following components:

- Falcon Range Prepolarized Free-field 1/2" Microphone Type 4189
- Falcon Range 1/2" Microphone Preamplifier Type 2669-C
- Outdoor Microphone Kit UA-1404
- 10 meter extension cable AO-0414-D-100

#### Type 1 Microphone Cartridge

The Type 4198 includes a Falcon Range Prepolarized Free-field 1/2" Microphone Type 4189. Type 4189 is a rugged microphone that ensures high stability under a variety of conditions. Its stainless steel alloy diaphragm withstands even polluted industrial environments.

During manufacturing, each microphone is artificially aged at a high temperature to ensure good long-term stability.

#### Type 1 Preamplifier

Falcon Range Preamplifier Type 2669-C operates over a wide range of temperatures, humidity levels and other environmental conditions. Type 2669-C is especially well-suited for outdoor monitoring because of its ability to work with very long cables. It provides an extremely wide frequency and dynamic range with low noise.

#### Save Time and Expense with CIC

Brüel & Kjær's patented Charge Injection Calibration (CIC) facility is built into the preamplifier. It enables you to remotely monitor the microphone system for impedance changes, which can indicate a need for recalibration or repair. This will extend the period between acoustical calibrations, thus saving you time and expense. For more information about CIC, see the Brüel & Kjær Microphone Handbook (BA 5105).

#### **Individual Calibration**

Each unit comes with individual calibration charts and a mini CD containing detailed freefield corrections to the actuator response. The corrections are supplied as comma separated ASCII text files.

#### **Obtain Flat Response in All Fields**

The information contained on the mini CD enables you to make extremely precise free-field measurements. When you are performing detailed frequency analysis, this information will enable you to adjust your readings to obtain a flat microphone response in any sound field.

#### Use Your Existing Equipment Outdoors with UA-1404

Outdoor Microphone Kit UA-1404 includes all of the weather protection equipment of Outdoor Microphone Type 4198 (windscreen, rain cover, bird spikes, and stainless steel enclosure). The kit is compatible with the following Brüel & Kjær equipment:

- Falcon Range Microphone Types 4188, 4189, and 4190
- Falcon Range Preamplifier Types 2671 and 2669-B/L/C
- Microphone and preamplifier from Hand-held Analyzer Type 2250
- Microphone and preamplifier from Sound Analyzer Type 2260
- Microphone and preamplifier from Sound Level Meter Type 2236 (see "Type 2236 Considerations" below)

The kit will enable you to use your existing equipment to make outdoor measurements, even unattended or in bad weather.

The kit includes two stainless steel 1/2" replacement microphone grids, which are required to obtain the correct frequency response. One is for use with microphone Type 4188 and the other for Types 4189 and 4190. They also help protect your microphone cartridge from corrosion.

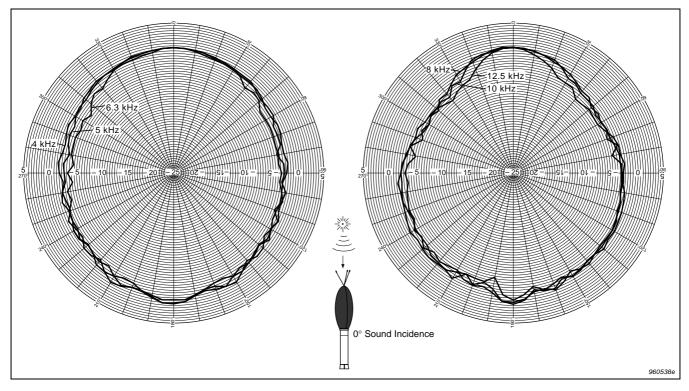
#### **Obtain Flat Response in All Fields**

Like Type 4198, UA-1404 includes a disc containing detailed free-field corrections for each microphone recommended for use with the kit. See the Type 4198 section above for more information.

#### Type 2236 Considerations

UA-1404 extends the distance between the microphone and the preamplifier. This causes a 2 dB loss in the sound signal, which may invalidate your instrument's calibration. You must therefore check the chart that came with your Type 4188 microphone. Make sure the sensitivity is between -30.5 dB and -28 dB before using UA-1404 with your instrument. If the sensitivity lies below -30.5 dB, then you must purchase a more sensitive Type 4188 microphone to use with UA-1404.

#### Fig. 6 Directional characteristics for both Type 4198 and UA-1404



#### **Compliance with Standards**

-	
CE, C	CE-mark indicates compliance with: EMC Directive and Low Voltage Directive. C-Tick mark indicates compliance with the EMC requirements of Australia and New Zealand.
Safety	EN/IEC 61010–1: Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use. UL 61010–1: Standard for Safety – Electrical measuring and test equipment.
EMC Immunity	EN/IEC61000-6-1: Generic standards – Immunity for residential, commercial and light industrial environments. EN/IEC61000-6-2: Generic standards – Immunity for industrial environments. <b>Note:</b> The above is guaranteed only with extension cables AO-0414, AO-0415 and AO-0416.
Temperature	IEC 60068-2-1 & IEC 60068-2-2: Environmental Testing. Cold and Dry Heat. Operating Temperature: -20 to +60°C (-4 to +140°F), (150°C (302°F) with increase in noise) Storage Temperature: -25 to +70°C (-13 to +158°F)
Humidity	IEC 60068-2-78: Damp Heat: 95% RH (non-condensing at 40°C (104 °F))
Mechanical	Non-operating: IEC 60068-2-6: Vibration: 0.3 mm, 20 m/s <sup>2</sup> , 10-500 Hz IEC 60068-2-27: Shock: 1000 m/s <sup>2</sup> IEC 60068-2-29: Bump: 400 bumps at 400 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Reliability	MI-HDBK 217F, GB (Part-Stress): MTBF >40000 hours (max. 2.5% errors/1000 h)

#### Specifications – Outdoor Microphone Unit Type 4198

#### COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS

The unit meets IEC 61672 class 1 and ANSI S1.4 Type 2. It also complies with the EMC Directive and Low Voltage Directive (see CE box, below).

#### MICROPHONE CARTRIDGE

Falcon Range Prepolarized Free-field 1/2" Microphone Type 4189<sup>a</sup>

#### PREAMPLIFIER

Falcon Range 1/2" Microphone Preamplifier Type 2669-C<sup>b</sup>

#### SENSITIVITY (250 Hz)

 $-26 \pm 2 \, dB$  re 1V/Pa, 50 mV/Pa (individually calibrated)

#### FREQUENCY RESPONSE

 $0^\circ$  incidence free-field response  $\pm 1 dB$  10 Hz to  $8 \, kHz$   $\pm 2 dB$  6.3 Hz to 16 kHz In accordance with IEC 61672651 class 1

a. See separate product data sheet (BP 1380) or Microphone Handbook (BA 5105) for complete specifications for this microphone

b. See separate product data sheet (BP1422) for complete specifications for this preamplifier

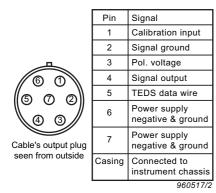
#### LOWER LIMITING FREQUENCY (-3 dB) 2 Hz to 4 Hz

**DIAPHRAGM RESONANCE FREQUENCY** 14 kHz (90° phase shift)

EQUIVALENT AIR VOLUME (101.3 kPa)  $45\,\mathrm{mm^3}$ 

CALIBRATOR LOAD VOLUME (250Hz) 260 mm<sup>3</sup>

#### **PIN CONNECTIONS**



PISTONPHONE TYPE 4228 CORRECTION (with DP 0776): 0.00 dB

NOISE LEVEL 15.2 dB (A), 17.4 dB (Lin.)

**UPPER LIMIT OF DYNAMIC RANGE** 3% distortion: >146 dB SPL

MAXIMUM SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL 158 dB (Peak)

**POWER SUPPLY, DUAL**  $\pm 14 \text{ V to } \pm 60 \text{ V}$ 

POWER SUPPLY, SINGLE 28 V to 120 V

#### OUTPUT DC OFFSET

 $\approx 1\,V$  for dual supply, or  $\approx 1/2$  the voltage of a single supply

POLARIZATION VOLTAGE (EXTERNAL)

#### **Environmental Specifications**

INFLUENCE OF HUMIDITY

<0.1 dB at up to 95% RH (non-condensing) and 40°C

WIND NOISE ATTENUATION >15 dB (for wind speed up to 120 km/h)

**TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT (250 Hz)** -0.001 dB/°C, typical (for the range -10° to +50° C (14 to 122° F)

PRESSURE COEFFICIENT (250 Hz) -0.010 dB/kPa

**VIBRATION SENSITIVITY (<1000 Hz)** 62.5 dB equivalent SPL for 1 m/s<sup>2</sup> axial acceleration

MAGNETIC FIELD SENSITIVITY 6 dB SPL for 80 A/m, 50 Hz field

#### ESTIMATE LONG-TERM STABILITY

>1000 years/dB (dry air at 20°C (68°F))
 >40 years/dB (air at 20°C (68°F), 90% RH)
 > 1 year/dB (air at 50°C (122°F), 90° RH)

RAIN

Rainproof to IP 44

DURABILITY Measurement in large city environment before cleaning and drying:>4 weeks Measurement in large city environment before microphone system overhaul:>4 months

#### **Physical Characteristics**

DIMENSIONS Height: 412 mm (16.2") Diameter (at widest point): 72 mm (2.8")

WEIGHT 580 grams (1.3 lb.)

#### Specifications – Outdoor Microphone Kit UA-1404

#### **Compatible Sound Meters**

#### TYPE 2236 SOUND LEVEL METER

The Type 4188 microphone (included with Type 2236) must have a sensitivity between -30.5 dB and -28 dB (see "Type 2236 Considerations," above). Preamplifier ZC-0027 (included with Type 2236) is compatible as shipped.

#### **TYPE 2260 SOUND ANALYZER**

Preamplifier ZC-0026 and Microphone Type 4189 (both included with the Type 2260) are compatible as shipped.

#### **TYPE 2250 SOUND ANALYZER**

Preamplifier ZC-0032 and Microphone Type 4189 (both included with the Type 2250) are compatible as shipped.

#### **Compatible Microphones**

#### TYPES 4188, 4189 AND 4190

All microphones require a stainless steel replacement grid to meet the specified frequency characteristics. The grid also provides extra protection from corrosion. Two replacement grids are included with UA-1404: one for Microphone Type 4188, the other for Types 4189 and 4190.

#### **Compatible Preamplifiers**

**TYPE 2669-B/L/C** Compatible as shipped

TYPE 2671 Compatible as shipped

#### Standards

#### ALL RECOMMENDED CONFIGURATIONS

IEC 61672 class 1 and ANSI S1.4 Type 2 (See configuration chart, Fig. 7)

#### Windscreen

#### WIND NOISE ATTENUATION

>15 dB (for wind speed up to 120 km/h)

#### MATERIAL

Windscreen: Open-pored polyurethane foam Spikes: Stainless steel

#### **Environmental Specifications**

#### **OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE**

-30 to  $+150^{\circ}$ C (-22 to  $+302^{\circ}$ F) The actual range will be determined by the preamplifier used.

#### RAIN

Rainproof to IP 44

#### DURABILITY

Measurement in large city environment before cleaning and drying: >4 weeks

Measurement in large city environment before microphone system overhaul:>4 months

#### **Ordering Information**

## Type 4198 Includes the following accessories:Type 4189Falcon Range Prepolarized Free-field 1/2"<br/>MicrophoneType 2669-CFalcon Range 1/2" Microphone PreamplifierUA-1404Outdoor Microphone KitAO-0414-D-10010 m (32.8 ft.) LEMO 1B to LEMO 1B Cable

#### **Spare Parts**

DS-0934	Replacement windscreen
UC-5360	Replacement Bird Spikes

#### **Optional Accessories**

ZG-0350 LEMO 1B to 7-pin Brüel & Kjær adaptor UA-0587 Tripod

#### BNC TO BNC COAXIAL CABLES

For UA-1404 with Type 2671 Preamplifiers AO-0426-D-100 10 m Single Screened (32.8 ft.) AO-0087-D-100 10 m Double Screened (32.8 ft.) Other cable lengths on request.

#### LEMO 1B TO LEMO 1B CABLES

For Type 4198 and UA-1404 with Preamplifier Type 2669-C AO-0414-D-030 3 m (9.8 ft.)

#### **Physical Characteristics**

#### DIMENSIONS

Height: 412 mm (16.2") Diameter (at widest point): 72 mm (2.8")

#### WEIGHT

540 grams (1.3 lb.) (empty)

Other cable lengths on request. AR-0014 Flat Cable

#### LEMO 0B TO LEMO 1B

For UA-1404 with Preamplifiers Type 2669-B/L without the included cable.

AO-0419-D-030 3 m (9.8 ft.) (included with Preamplifier Type 2669-L) Other cable lengths on request.

#### LEMO 0B TO BRÜEL & KJÆR CONNECTER

For UA-1404 with Preamplifiers Type 2669-B/L without the included cable.

AO-0428-D-030 3 m (9.8 ft.) (included with Preamplifier Type 2669-B) Other cable lengths on request.

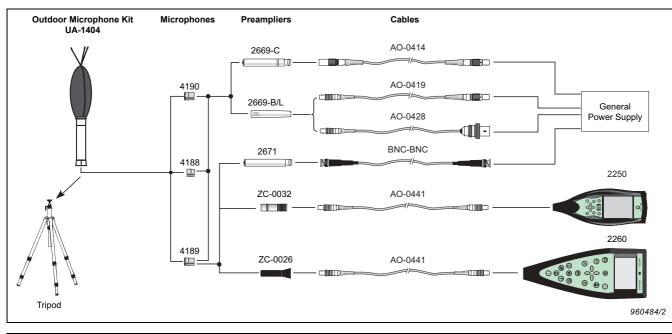
#### **BRÜEL & KJÆR EXTENSION CABLES**

For UA-1404 with Preamplifier Type 2669-B with the included cable (AO-0428). AO-0027-D-030 3 m (9.8 ft.) Extension Cable AO-0027-D-100 10 m (32.8 ft.) Extension Cable AO-0027-M-030 30 m (98.4 ft.) Extension Cable

#### FOR TYPE 2250 OR 2260 SOUND ANALYZER

AO-0441-D-030 3 m Extension Cable (9.8 ft.) AO-0441-D-100 10 m Extension Cable (32.8 ft.)

Fig. 7 Outdoor Microphone Kit UA-1404 schematic diagram including connections and cables required for use with compatible microphones and preamplifiers



Brüel & Kjær reserves the right to change specifications and accessories without notice

#### HEADQUARTERS: DK-2850 Nærum · Denmark · Telephone: +45 4580 0500 · Fax: +45 4580 1405 www.bksv.com · info@bksv.com

 $\begin{array}{l} Australia (+61) 2\,9889-8888 \cdot Austria (+43) 1\,865\,74\,00 \cdot Brazil (+55) 11\,5188-8161 \\ Canada (+1) 514\,695-8225 \cdot China (+86) 10\,680\,29906 \cdot Czech Republic (+420) 2\,6702\,1100 \\ Finland (+358) 9-521\,300 \cdot France (+33) 1\,6990\,71\,00 \cdot Germany (+49) 421\,17\,870 \\ Hong Kong (+852) 2548\,7486 \cdot Hungary (+36) 1215\,8305 \cdot Ireland (+353) 1\,807\,4083 \\ Italy (+39) 0257\,68061 \cdot Japan (+81) 3\,5715\,1612 \cdot Republic of Korea (+82) 2\,3473\,0605 \\ Netherlands (+31) 318\,55\,9290 \cdot Norway (+47)\,66\,77\,11\,55 \cdot Poland (+48) 22\,3473\,0605 \\ Portugal (+351) 214\,18\,90\,40 \cdot Singapore (+65)\,6377\,4512 \cdot Slovak Republic (+421) 25\,443\,0701 \\ Spain (+34) 91\,659\,0820 \cdot Sweden (+46)\,33\,225\,622 \cdot Switzerland (+41)\,44\,880\,7035 \\ Taiwan (+886) 2\,2502\,7255 \cdot United Kingdom (+44)\,14\,38\,739\,000 \cdot USA (+1)\,800\,332\,2040 \\ \end{array}$ 



## **Chapter 7**

### **Connection to PC or Mobile Phone**

#### 7.1 Introduction

You can connect to your analyzer from a PC or mobile phone in a number of different ways using a wide range of different connection types:

- Use Utility Software for Hand-held Analyzers, BZ-5503 for full control of the analyzer see section 7.2
- Use an Internet Browser for On-line display and control of the analyzer see section 7.4

Three different methods are available for connecting to the Analyzer:

- USB: BZ-5503 connects to the analyzer through a USB cable
- Modem: BZ-5503 connects to the analyzer through modem (BZ-5503 uses two modems one modem connected to the PC for dialling up, and another modem connected to the analyzer)
- Network: The analyzer is connected to a network (local or internet). BZ-5503 or an Internet Browser will then be able to connect to the analyzer through TCP/IP using the analyzer's (global) IP address

In addition to connecting to the analyzer, the analyzer itself can notify you by SMS, or E-mail, based on various conditions – see section 8.4.

Table 7.1 gives you an overview of the different connection possibilities including links to relevant chapters with more details.

**Note**: The on-line help for BZ-5503 contains additional information on how to connect an instrument using the different connection types.

Table 7.1 Connection overview

52

Connect from	Connection Type	Settings in Preferences	Available Notifi- cations
BZ-5503	USB	Modem = <i>Disabled</i> see section 8.2.	N.A.
BZ-5503	Modem analogue (PSTN)	Modem = Auto Answer see section 8.2.	N.A.
BZ-5503	Modem GSM	Modem = Auto Answer. see section 8.2.	SMS <sup>a</sup> see section 8.4
BZ-5503 Mode	m GPRS/3G	Modem = Auto Answer. see section 8.2.	SMS <sup>a</sup> see section 8.4
BZ-5503 or In ternet Browser Mobile Phone with Internet Browser	Network GPRS/3G modem	Modem = <i>GPRS/3G Dialup</i> Settings in Dialup Networking. Network Settings. Possibly settings in DynDNS. see section 8.2 and 8.3.	E-mail see section 8.4
BZ-5503 or In ternet Browser Mobile Phone with Internet Browser	Network Ethernet cable	Modem = <i>Disabled</i> Possibly settings in DynDNS. Network Settings. see section 8.2 and 8.3.	E-mail see section 8.4
BZ-5503 or In ternet Browser Mobile Phone with Internet Browser	er <i>CF WLAN</i> Possibly settings in DynDNS. <i>Phone with</i> Network Settings.		E-mail see section 8.4
BZ-5503 or In ternet Browser Mobile Phone with Internet Browser	Network DSL Modem/ Router	Modem = <i>Disabled</i> Possibly settings in DynDNS. Network Settings. see section 8.2 and 8.3.	E-mail see section 8.4

a. SMS is also possible for the setting Modem = Disabled.

#### 7.2 Transferring Measurement Data to Your PC

Utility Software for Hand-held Analyzers BZ-5503 is used for communication between your PC and the analyzer. Connect the analyzer to your PC using the supplied USB Cable

AO-1476, using a modem connection, or through a LAN connection (see Chapter 8).

Use this software to:

- Transfer measurement data and templates from the analyzer to your PC, and vice versa
- View data
- Organise data on the analyzer

- Upgrade software on the analyzer
- Install software licenses on the analyzer

Using this software, measurements on the analyzer can be controlled from your PC and displayed on-line, using the same user interface on the PC as on the analyzer.

Data transferred to the PC are organised in Archives.

View the measurement data in the Archives or edit the project templates.

Data in the archives can be exported to:

- Noise Explorer Type 7815
- Evaluator Type 7820
- Protector Type 7825
- Predictor Type 7810
- Lima Type 7812
- Acoustic Determinator Type 7816
- Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Excel<sup>®</sup> for further post-processing and reporting

#### 7.3 Post-processing and Reporting

The software modules are further enhanced by Brüel & Kjær's post-processing software suite, including Utility Software for Hand-held Analyzers BZ-5503 for data transfer, setup and remote display (included with your analyzer), Noise Explorer Type 7815 for viewing data, Evaluator Type 7820 for assessing environmental noise, Protector Type 7825 for assessing workplace noise.

For further information, please refer to the on-line help included with the relevant PC Software. This software is supplied on the Environmental Software DVD (BZ-5298), which is included with your the analyzer.

## 7.4 Internet Browser for On-line Display and Control of the Analyzer

When the analyzer is connected to a network (see Fig.7.1) you can connect to the analyzer from a PC or mobile phone using an Internet Browser supporting Java scripts.

Analyzer settings:

You access preferences by tapping on the Main Menu icon **and selecting Preferences** from the list of options (the screen shown in Fig.8.1 will appear).

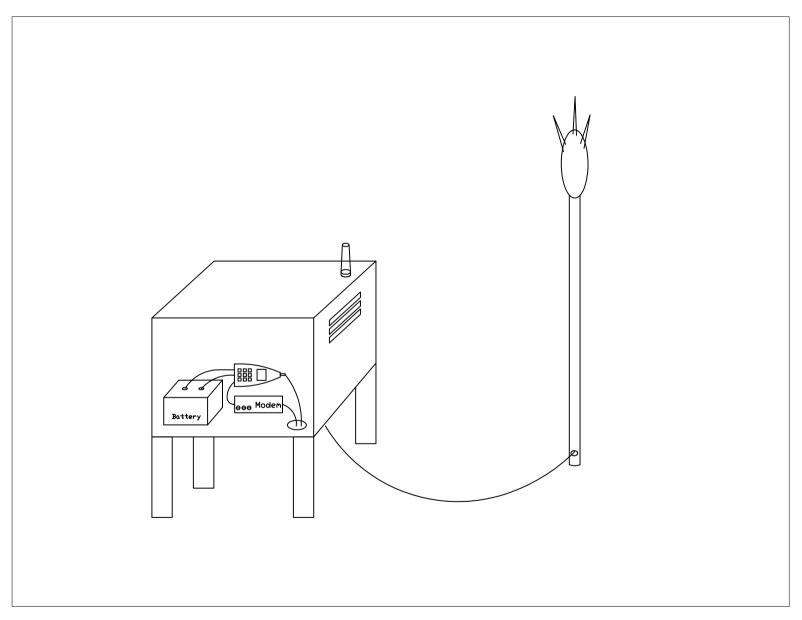
Tap on *Web Server Settings*, or select the plus icon + next to *Web Server Settings* and set the *Web Server* Parameters to *Enabled*. Define sets of Usernames and Passwords:

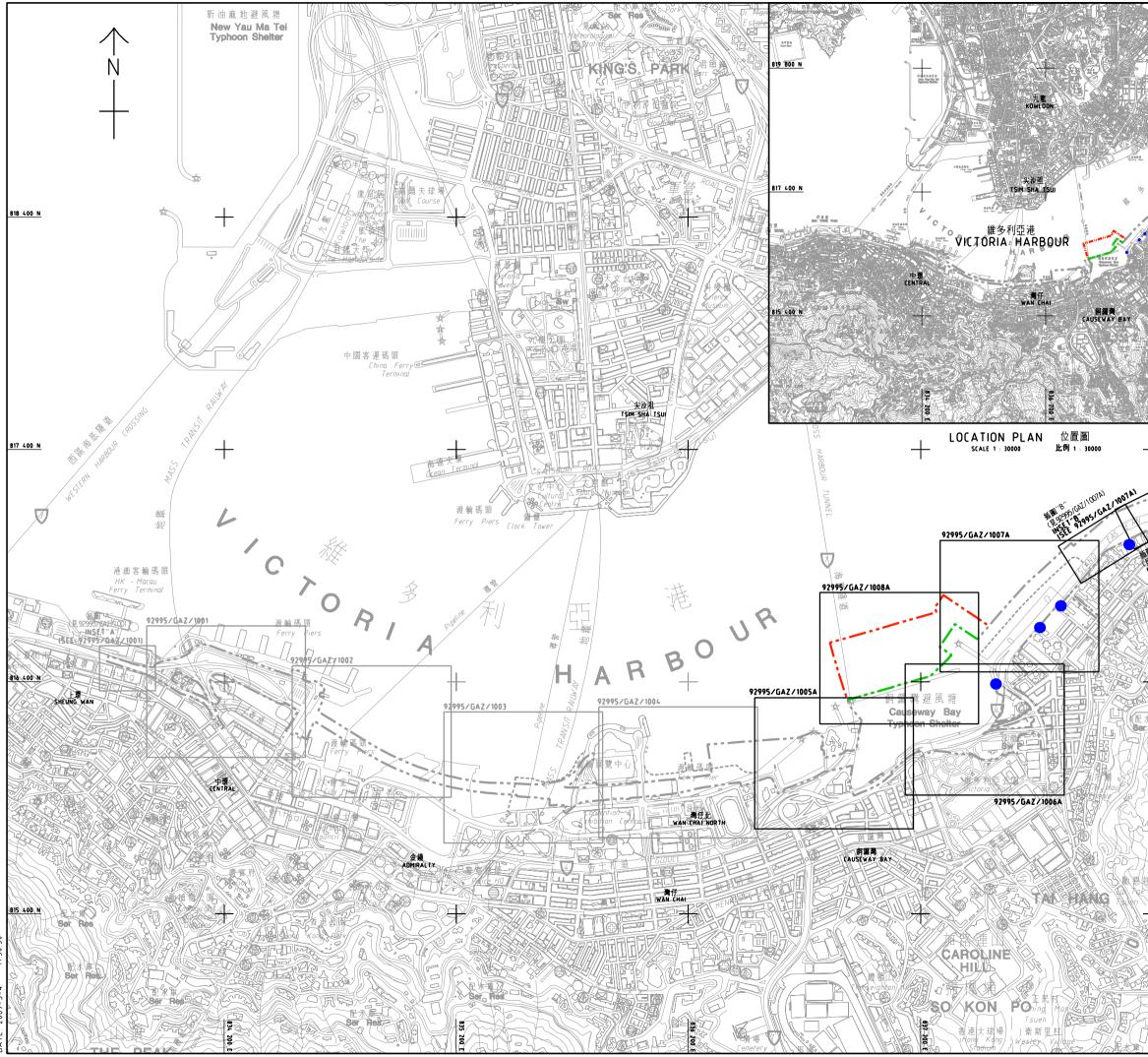
- one set for guest use (view only)
- one set for administrator use of the instrument (view and full control)



#### APPENDIX B

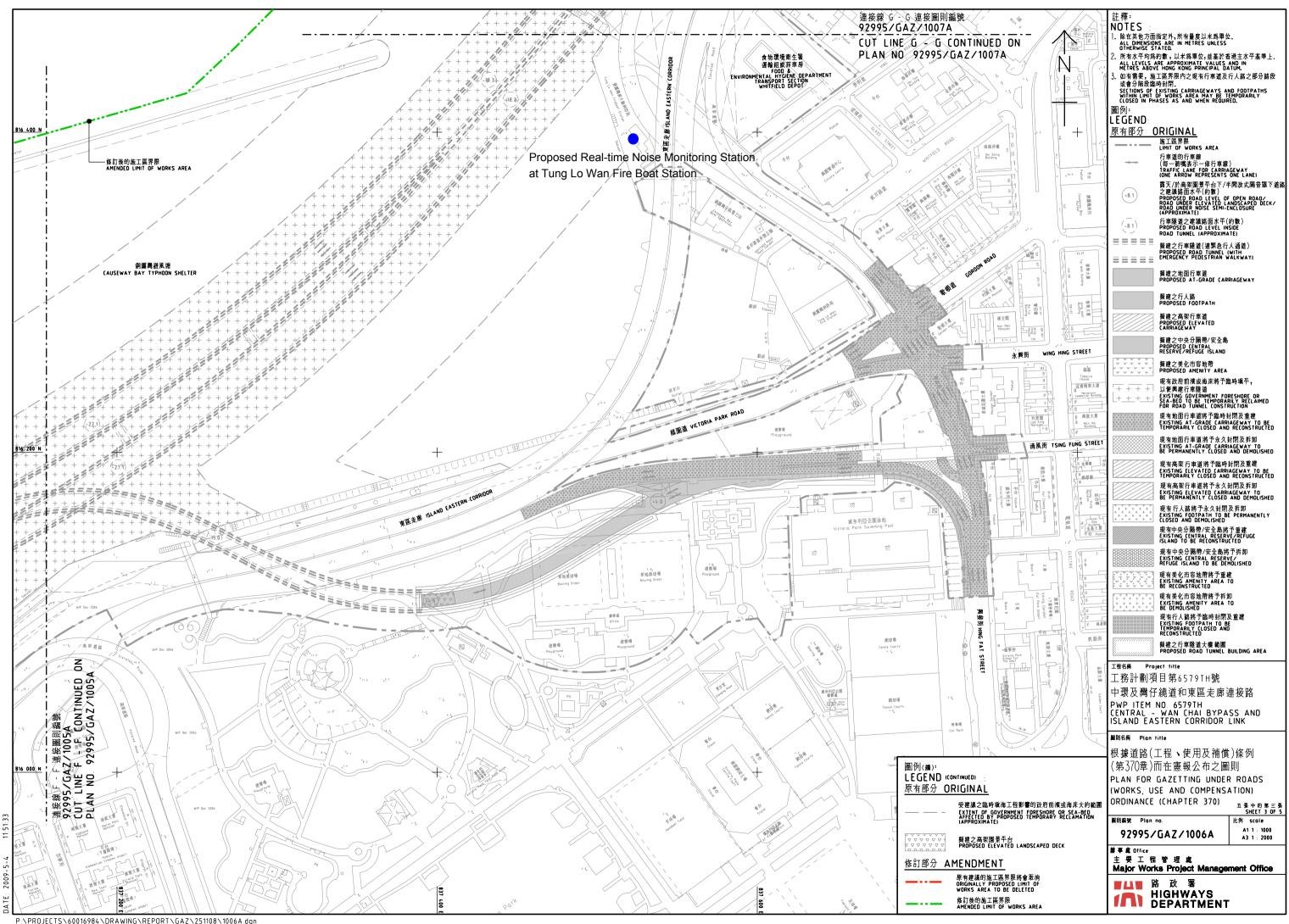
#### SCHEMATIC DRAWING OF THE MONITORING EQUIPMENTS

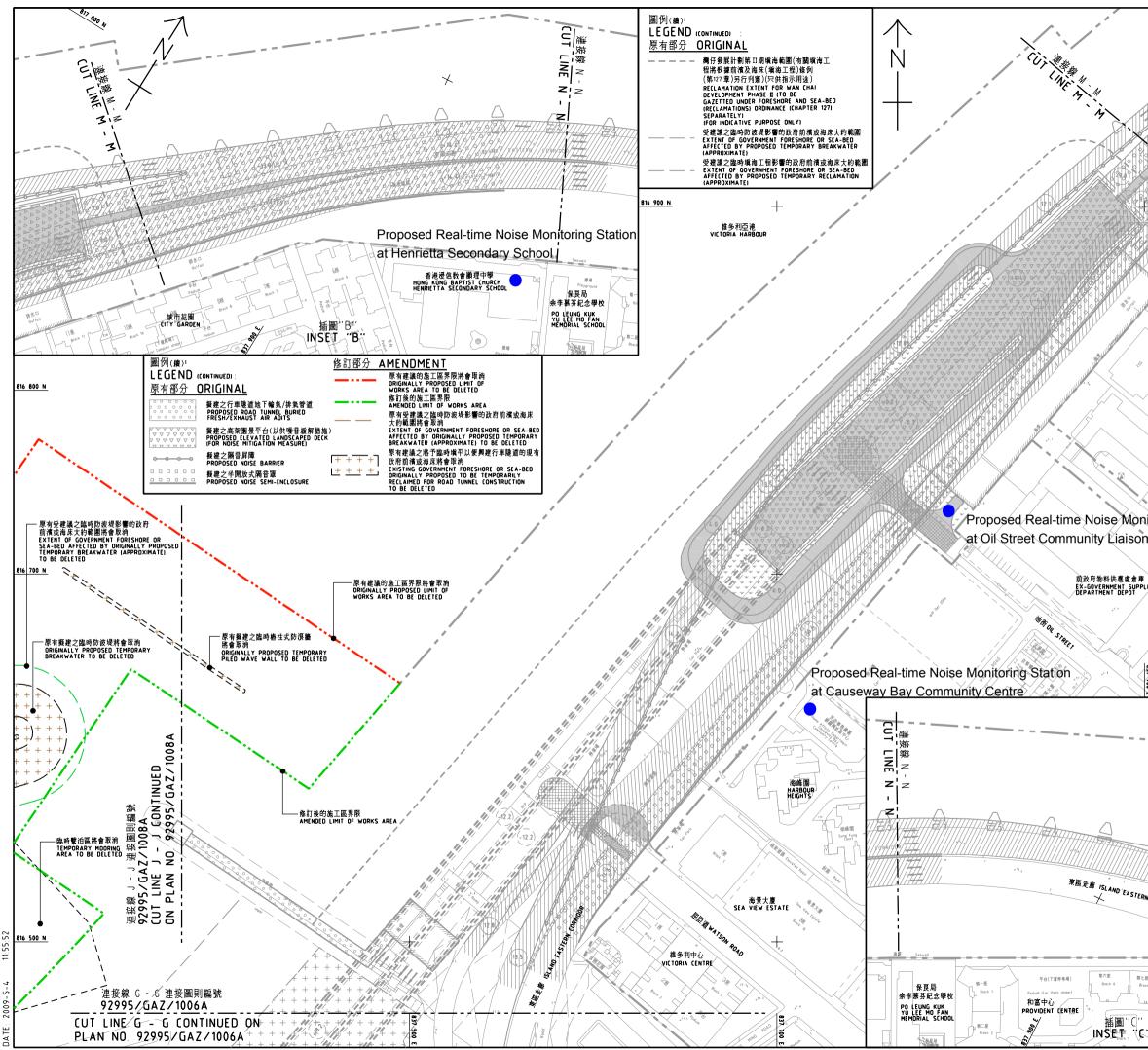




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#### Proposed Location of Real-time Noise Monitoring Stations

#### Tung Lo Wan Fireboat Station





Legend



Proposed Location of the microphone



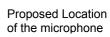
Lam Geotechnics Limited



Hong Kong Baptist Church Henrietta Secondary School



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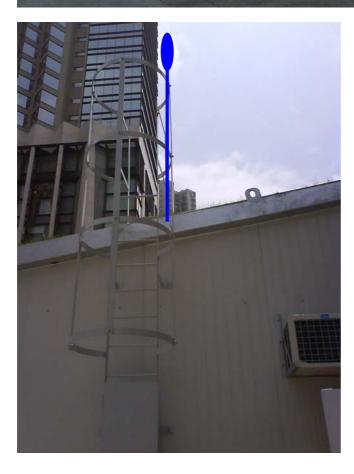




Lam Geotechnics Limited







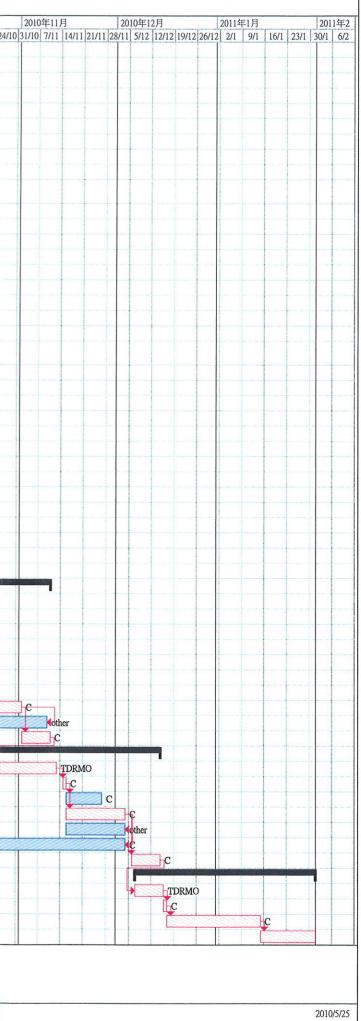
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Proposed Location of the microphone

Appendix G Construction Programmes of Works Contracts

識別碼		CONSTRUCTION & TRANSPORTATION CO. LTD.		BRLANER	Contrast Atom to at	the west for each	
<b>高权力</b> 力如為	0	Task Name	工期	開始時間	完成時間 前置任務		SF     2010年6月     2010年7月     2010年8月     2010年9月     2010年10月       9/5     16/5     23/5     30/5     6/6     13/6     20/6     4/7     11/7     18/7     25/7     1/8     8/8     15/8     22/8     5/9     12/9     19/9     26/9     3/10     10/10     17/10
1		Planning & Approval	33 days	2010/5/18	2010/6/24		
2		Planning of new bus terminus scheme	28 days	2010/5/18	2010/6/24	H,A,C	HAC
3		Approval of scheme	0 days	2010/6/24	2010/6/24 2	TD	
4	H	Setting out data of final scheme	7 days	2010/5/18	2010/5/26	H,A	H,A
5		Construction Works - Stage 1	114 days	2010/5/21	2010/9/30		
6		Issue WO#1	0 days	2010/5/21	2010/5/21	H,A	
7	H.	Handling over of extg depot	0 days	2010/5/21	2010/5/21 6	H,A	
8		Demolish of existing Depot (superstructure)	14 days	2010/5/21	2010/6/9 7	C	
9		Demolish of existing Depot (substructure)	14 days	2010/6/10	2010/6/29 8	C	
10		Convert the site depot area into C/W & Xonstruct F/P for Bay 4 (part 1)	60 days	2010/6/30	2010/9/21 9	C	
11		Fence Off new RCP location	14 days	2010/5/31	2010/6/17	С	+C
12	E.	Relocation of existing RCP	11 days	2010/6/18	2010/7/2 11	С	
13	HT.	XP (SSW) for trial trench	2 days	2010/5/31	2010/6/1	H,A	
14		Issue WO#2	0 days	2010/5/25	2010/5/25 15SS-7 days	H,A	
15	ET.	Trial trench to confirm UU (MK,MY)	3 days	2010/6/2	2010/6/4 13	C	
16	H.	TTA approval of task 17 to 25	14 days	2010/6/25	2010/7/14 13,3	C	
17	H	UU meeting & diversion	14 days	2010/7/15	2010/8/3 16	H,A,C	
18		Transplant/fell extg trees	8 days	2010/7/15	2010/7/26 16	С	HAC
19		Relocate Koisk of Bus operator	3 days	2010/7/30	2010/7/26 16 2010/8/3 17FF		
20	11	Convert extg F/P to C/W along Man Kwong St & Yiu St				other C	Kother
20	1	(stage 1B)	35 days	2010/8/4	2010/9/21 17,18	C	
21		Construct New Entrance for Bus Terminus	21 days	2010/8/4	2010/9/1 17	C	
22		Transplant/fell extg trees at Bay A	7 days	2010/7/15	2010/7/23 16	C	
23		Removal of Bus Shelter A	14 days	2010/7/15	2010/8/3 16	other	C
24		Relocate gullies	7 days	2010/8/4	2010/8/12 23	C	other
25	11	Convert Extg bus bay A into C/W	21 days	2010/8/13	2010/9/10 24	C	
26		Allowable flow				C	
20			8 days	2010/9/22	2010/9/30 25,10,20		
	-	Central Reserve of man Kwong St (stage 1C)	123 days	2010/5/24	2010/10/13		
28	111	Issue W.O.	3 days	2010/5/24	2010/5/26	H,A	II H₄
29	111	XP (SSW) for trial trench	2 days	2010/6/1	2010/6/2 28	H,A	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
30	111	Trial trench to confirm UU	2 days	2010/6/3	2010/6/4 29	С	
31	HI.	UU meeting & diversion	16 days	2010/6/7	2010/6/28 30	H,A,C	H,A,C
32	ET.	Tree Transplantation / Removal	74 days	2010/6/3	2010/9/14 29	C	TC C
33	11	Convert verge into C/W	21 days	2010/9/15	2010/10/13 32	C	-C
34	111	Cable duct & traffic aids	16 days	2010/9/22	2010/10/13 33FF	C	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
35		Stage 2 - New Bus bay 1-3, 4a	119 days	2010/6/25	2010/11/10		
36		Approval of TTA for Stage 2	14 days	2010/6/25	2010/7/14 3	TDRMO	TDRMO
37	111	Implement TTA	1 day	2010/7/15	2010/7/15 36	C	C
38	11	Relocate St lighting (Bay B-H)	14 days	2010/7/16	2010/8/4 37	other	other
39	111	Removal of Bus Shelter (B-H)	14 days	2010/7/16	2010/8/4 37	other	
40		Tree Transplantation / Removal	7 days	2010/7/16	2010/7/26 37	C	other
41	H.	Relocate extg gully pits	21 days	2010/7/16	2010/8/13 37	C	C
42	121	Convert Bus Bay (B-H) into C/W	50 days	2010/8/5	2010/10/13 38,39	c	
43	12	Construct New Bus Terminal (Bay 1-3,4a)	56 days	2010/8/16	2010/11/1 41	c	C
44		Construct Bus Shelter(1-3, 4a)		2010/9/8			
		Traffic aids & road marking	45 days		2010/11/9 43FF+7 days	other	
45		Stage 3 - New Bus bay 4b	7 days	2010/11/2	2010/11/10 43	C	
		A service and the service and	44 days	2010/10/25	2010/12/14	TODIC	
		Approval of TTA for Stage 3	14 days	2010/10/26	2010/11/12 45FS-14 days	TDRMO	
		Implement TTA & relocate Bus stop	1 day	2010/11/15	2010/11/15 47	С	
	111	Relocate extg gully pits	9 days	2010/11/16	2010/11/26 48	С	
	111.	Construct New Bus Terminal (Bay 4b)	14 days	2010/11/16	2010/12/3 48	С	
	111.	Construct Bus Shelter 4b	14 days	2010/11/16	2010/12/3 50FF	other	
		Cable ducts/pits for signalised Junction	30 days	2010/10/25	2010/12/3 50FF	С	
53	EE.	Traffic aids & road marking	7 days	2010/12/6	2010/12/14 50	С	
54		Stage 4 - New F/P & delinate new site area	48 days	2010/12/7	2011/1/31		
55	11	Approval of TTA for Stage 4	7 days	2010/12/7	2010/12/15 53FS-7 days	TDRMO	
	HI.	Implement TTA & relocate Bus stop	1 day	2010/12/16	2010/12/16 55	C	
	11	Construction of new F/P	21 days	2010/12/17	2011/1/14 56	C	
	191.	Allowable Flow	14 days	2011/1/15	2011/1/31 57		
			任務		要徑任務進度	1	■ 上顯型任務
58	AN KW	ONG ST. JO MAN YILLST BUS TERMINIUS DELOCATION	17.92	the set of			工题主任初 工题全进及 单数的 单条 個 专
58 roject: Mate: 20	0/5/25	ONG ST. J/O MAN YIU ST. BUS TERMINUS RELOCATION				•	
58 roject: Mate: 20	0/5/25	ONG ST. J/O MAN YIU ST. BUS TERMINUS RELOCATION A=AECOM, C=CHIU HING	任務進度 要徑任務		里程碑 摘要	•	上類型要徑任務     分割     摘要群組       上類型里程碑     小部任務     期限



#### Contract no. HY/2009/17 Contract Title : Central - Wan Chai Bypass - FEHD Whitfield Depot Re-provisioning Works <u>Works Schedule for the Advance Piling Works</u>

Duration	START	FINISH			201	10		2011
			July	August	September	October	November December	January
1	16/7/2010	16/7/2010						
1	16/7/2010	16/7/2010	•					
1	16/7/2010	16/7/2010	•					
1	31/8/2010	31/8/2010			•			
1	31/8/2010	31/8/2010			•			
7	24/9/2010	30/9/2010						
70	2/10/2010	10/12/2010			1			
60	2/10/2010	30/11/2010			1		A DEL	
60	12/10/2010	10/12/2010					and the second second	
70	14/10/2010	22/12/2010						
14	23/12/2010	6/1/2011						
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 7 7 70 60 60 60 60 70	1         16/7/2010           1         16/7/2010           1         16/7/2010           1         16/7/2010           1         31/8/2010           1         31/8/2010           1         31/8/2010           7         24/9/2010           70         2/10/2010           60         12/10/2010           70         14/10/2010	1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         31/8/2010         31/8/2010           1         31/8/2010         31/8/2010           1         31/8/2010         31/8/2010           7         24/9/2010         30/9/2010           70         2/10/2010         10/12/2010           60         12/10/2010         10/12/2010           70         14/10/2010         22/12/2010	July           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         31/8/2010         31/8/2010           1         31/8/2010         31/8/2010           1         31/8/2010         30/9/2010           7         24/9/2010         30/9/2010           70         2/10/2010         10/12/2010           60         12/10/2010         10/12/2010           70         14/10/2010         22/12/2010	July         August           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         31/8/2010         31/8/2010           1         31/8/2010         31/8/2010           1         31/8/2010         30/9/2010           7         24/9/2010         30/9/2010           70         2/10/2010         10/12/2010           60         12/10/2010         10/12/2010           70         14/10/2010         22/12/2010	July         August         September           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         31/8/2010         31/8/2010           1         31/8/2010         31/8/2010           7         24/9/2010         30/9/2010           70         2/10/2010         10/12/2010           60         12/10/2010         10/12/2010           70         14/10/2010         22/12/2010	July         August         September         October           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010           1         31/8/2010         31/8/2010         •           1         31/8/2010         31/8/2010         •           7         24/9/2010         30/9/2010         •           70         2/10/2010         10/12/2010         •           60         12/10/2010         10/12/2010         •           70         14/10/2010         22/12/2010         •	July         August         September         October         November         December           1         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         16/7/2010         1/8/2010         1/8/2010         1/8/2010         1/8/2010         1/8/2010         1/8/2010         1/8/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/12/2010         10/1

	Early	Early	ntral - Wan Chai Bypass (Central Interchange)
	Start	Finish	2010     2011     2012     2013     2014     2015     2016     2017     2018       13 Q4     Q1     Q2     Q3     Q4     Q1     Q2     Q3
DATE FOR COMMENCEMENT & CO	MPLEI 21SEP10	ION	
Contract Construction Completion		30JAN16 *	
Contract DLP and Establishment Works Completion		29JAN17 *	
PRELIMINARIES Preliminary Submissions / Approvals 2	21SEP10	28JAN11	
Commence Site Mobilisation 2	29JAN11		
	29JAN11	10MAY11	
ORTION IV WORKS CWB Tunnel CH1480 to CH1580			
	11MAY11	22JUN11	
	23JUN11	03SEP11	
	25JUL11 05MAR12	04MAR12 08JUL12	
Construct CWB Tunnel & Ventilation Building	)9JUL12	12MAR13	
Works Inside CWB Tunnel         1           KD-8 Complete         1	13MAR13	12JUL13 13OCT13 *	
CWB Tunnel CH1580 to CH1646		1300113	
	23JUN11	20SEP11	
East End of Finance St. Closed Site Investigation C	)1NOV11	310CT11 * 28DEC11	
Construct Guide Walls C	)3FEB12	19APR12	
	05MAR12 07AUG12	06AUG12 16NOV12	
	17NOV12	26APR13	
	27APR13	31AUG13	
KD-7 Complete CWB Tunnel CH1646 to CH1685		23MAY14 *	
Man Yiu St. Diverted (Possess Portion IIIA, B)		10APR12 *	
	11APR12	08JUN12	
<b>o</b>	09JUN12 19JUN12	10JUL12 17AUG12	
Construct Guide Walls 1	11JUL12	08AUG12	
	09AUG12 09JUN12	06SEP12 12SEP12	
ELS Works 1	13SEP12	14JAN13	
	16OCT12 27APR13	17APR13 03JUL13	
Surface Works	LINFRIJ	000UL13	
Backfill, U/G Services, Roadworks & Landscaping 1	13MAR13	07FEB14	
KD-6 Complete		03NOV14 *	
CWB Tunnel CH1685 to CH1704			
	30JUN11 *		
	BOJUN11	16SEP11	
	13AUG11 05SEP11	24SEP11 28SEP11	
Construct D-Wall / Barrettes (thru old seawall) 1	17SEP11	22FEB12	
· ·	23FEB12 18AUG12	05APR12 01NOV12	
	2NOV12	28JAN13	
Ŭ la	29JAN13	02MAR13	
	11SEP13 02NOV13	01NOV13 23DEC13	
KD-4 Complete		01AUG14 *	
CWB Tunnel CH1704 to CH1825 Works Inside CWB Tunnel	08JUL13	120CT13	
CWB Tunnel CH1825 to CH2600	00UL13	1200113	
Works Inside CWB Tunnel C	03MAR13	05SEP13	
KD-5 Complete Surface Works		31JAN14 *	
	)2NOV13	14APR14	
Man Yiu St. Widening Roadworks & Landscaping 2	22JUL13	16DEC13	
KD-3 Complete		06FEB15 *	
	29JAN11	10MAY11	
Construct Trough B Structure 1	11MAY11	07MAR13	
5	08MAR13 12NOV12 *	11JUL13	
	12NOV12	05APR13	
	06APR13	09AUG13	
Remaining Roadworks & Landscaping 1 (D-9 Complete	11NOV13	22MAR14 03NOV14 *	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
PORTION VI WORKS			
	12NOV12 *	05455	
	12NOV12 12NOV12	05APR13 10SEP13	
Bridge B 1	12NOV12	19JUN14	
	20JUL13 18DEC13	26MAR14 01SEP14	
ievaleu ∟ayby al numsey Sl. riy0ver 1	18DEC13 12NOV12	01SEP14 09APR14	
Bridge A 1		09APR14	
Dpen Slip Road D / Man Po St.	10APR14	11NOV14	
Open Slip Road D / Man Po St.         Retaining Walls A & B         1		10FFB15	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Open Slip Road D / Man Po St.         Retaining Walls A & B         Remaining U/G Services, Roadworks & Landscaping         XD-10 Complete	11APR14	10FEB15 30JAN16 *	
Open Slip Road D / Man Po St.         Retaining Walls A & B       1         Remaining U/G Services, Roadworks & Landscaping       1         KD-10 Complete       1         KD-16 Complete       1			